your competitors are and the nature of the competition. You must also explain with specificity how disclosure of each category of information that you object to disclosing on this basis would provide your competitors with valuable insights into your operation, give competitors pricing advantages over you, or unfairly give advantage to competitors in future business negotiations, or any other information that sufficiently explains the substantial competitive injury that would likely result from disclosure. National Parks II, 547 F.2d at 684; Center for Public Integrity v. Dep’t of Energy, 191 F. Supp. 2d 187, 194 (D.D.C. 2002); Judicial Watch, Inc. v. Export-Import Bank, 108 F. Supp. 2d 19, 29 (D.D.C. 2000).

Additionally, as noted above, you must also certify that any information you object to disclosing is confidential, you have not disclosed the information to the public, and the information is not routinely available to the public from other sources. See 43 CFR 2.30–2.31. As a final matter, please be aware that the FOIA requires that “any reasonably segregable portion of a record” must be released after appropriate application of the FOIA’s nine exemptions. See 5 U.S.C. 552(b) (discussion after exemptions). In addition, please note that, where a record contains both exempt and nonexempt material, the Bureau will generally separate and release the nonexempt information when responding to a FOIA request. 43 CFR 2.25. You should be mindful of this segregability requirement in formulating any objections you may have to the disclosure of the information sought by HSI.

III. Submission of Objections

Should you wish to object to disclosure of any of the requested records (or portions thereof), the Department must receive from you all of the information requested above by no later than the date specified above in DATES.

If you do not submit any objections to the disclosure of the information (or portions thereof) to HSI on or before the date specified above in DATES, the Department will presume that you do not object to such disclosure and may release the information without redaction. Please note that the Department, not you, is responsible for deciding whether the information should be released or withheld. If we decide to release records over your objections, we will inform you at least 10 business days in advance of the intended release.

Please note that any comments you submit to the Department objecting to the disclosure of the documents may be subject to disclosure under the FOIA if the Department receives a FOIA request for them. In the event your comments contain commercial or financial information and a requester asks for the comments under the FOIA, the Department will notify you and give you an opportunity to comment on the disclosure of such information.

Dated: October 27, 2016.

Stephen Guestin, Acting Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 2016–26412 Filed 10–31–16; 8:45 am]
designated trustees to develop and implement a plan for the restoration, rehabilitation, replacement, or acquisition of the equivalent of the injured natural resources under their trusteeship, including the loss of use and services from those resources from the time of injury until the time of restoration to baseline (the resource quality and conditions that would exist if the spill had not occurred) is complete. The Trustees are:

- U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), as represented by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and Bureau of Land Management;
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), on behalf of the U.S. Department of Commerce;
- U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA);
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA);
- State of Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority (CPRA), Oil Spill Coordinator's Office (LOSCO), Department of Wildlife and Fisheries (LDFW), and Department of Natural Resources (LDNR);
- State of Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality;
- State of Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and Geological Survey of Alabama;
- State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection and Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and
- For the State of Texas, Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Texas General Land Office, and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

Upon completion of the NRDA, the Trustees reached and finalized a preliminary phase which will be proposed in aoston Restoration Plan 1: Restoration of Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats, Habitat Projects on Federally Managed Lands, and Birds (Draft Restoration Plan 1)

The Draft Restoration Plan 1 is being released in accordance with the Oil Pollution Act (OPA), the Natural Resources Damage Assessment (NRDA) regulations found in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at 15 CFR 990, the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Consent Decree, and the Final PDARP/PEIS.

The total estimated cost for the proposed engineering and design activities for the six proposed restoration projects is $22,300,000. Details on the proposed engineering and design activities for the restoration projects are provided in the draft restoration plan.

Next Steps

As described above, the Trustees will consider holding public meetings to facilitate the public review and comment process, if requested. After the public comment period ends, the Trustees will consider and address the comments received before issuing a final restoration plan.

Consistent with the PDARP/PEIS, in this Draft Restoration Plan 1 the Louisiana TIG is proposing a preliminary phase of restoration planning to perform engineering and design evaluation for restoration projects to develop information needed to fully consider the implementation phase which will be proposed in a subsequent restoration plan. Although information gathered may inform future projects, the outcome of the preliminary phases does not commit the Trustees to future actions.

Invitation to Comment

The Trustees seek public review and comment on the proposed projects and supporting analysis included in the Draft Restoration Plan 1. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment, including your personal identifying information, may be made publicly available at any time.

Administrative Record

The documents comprising the Administrative Record for this Draft Restoration Plan can be viewed electronically at [http://www.do.gov/deepwaterhorizon].

Authority

The authority of this action is the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) and the implementing Natural Resource Damage Assessment regulations found at 15 CFR part 990.

Kevin D. Reynolds,
Department of the Interior Deepwater Horizon Case Manager.

BILLY CODE 4333-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[FR Doc. 2016–26345 Filed 10–31–16; 8:45 am]

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the date of the 305th meeting of the Cape Cod National Seashore Advisory Commission.

DATES: The public meeting of the Cape Cod National Seashore Advisory Commission will be held on Monday, December 12, 2016, at 1:00 p.m. (Eastern).

ADDRESSES: The Commission members will meet in the meeting room at park headquarters, 99 Marconi Site Road, Wellfleet, Massachusetts 02667. The 305th meeting of the Cape Cod National Seashore Advisory Commission will take place on Monday, December 12, 2016, at 1:00 p.m., in the conference room at park headquarters, 99 Marconi Station Road, in Wellfleet, Massachusetts, to discuss the following:

1. Adoption of Agenda
2. Approval of Minutes of Previous Meeting
3. Reports of Officers
4. Reports of Subcommittees
5. Superintendent’s Report
6. National Park Service Centennial Storm Damage/Erosion Update
7. Shorebird Management Plan/Environmental Assessment—