SUBTOTAL MORTGAGEABLE REPLACEMENT COST USES$  

Non-Mortgage Uses:  
(i.e. Uses Payable by Sources Other than   
the Mortgage)  

Working Capital Reserve or  
Operating Deficit Reserve  

SUBTOTAL NON-MORTGAGEABLE  
USES—$  

TOTAL PROJECT USES$  

Estimated Net Syndication Proceeds:  
The HCA may use this format before   
completing the Net Syndication   
Proceeds estimate line above on the   
Sources and Uses Statement, and must   
use this format to reflect final allocation   
determination assumptions. 

Total Tax Credit Allocation—$  

Estimated Gross Syndication Proceeds— $  

Syndication Expenses:  
Accountant’s Fee—$  
Syndicator’s Fee—$  
Attorney’s Fee  
HCA Fee—$  
Organizational Expense  
Other (Specify)—$  
Subtotal Syndication Expenses—$  

Adjustment for Early and Late   
Installments (See Glossary, Net   
Syndication Proceeds Estimate for   
adjustment explanation)—$  

Total Reductions from Gross—$  

Estimated Net Syndication Proceeds—$  

[FR Doc. 2014–22971 Filed 9–25–14; 8:45 am]  

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
Fish and Wildlife Service  

FXIA16710900000–145–FF09A30000]  

Marine Mammals; Issuance of Permits  

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.  

ACTION: Notice of issuance of permits.  

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, have issued   
the following permits to conduct certain activities with marine mammals. We   
issue these permits under Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA).  

ADDRESSES: Brenda Tapia, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Division of   
Management Authority, Branch of Permits, MS: IA, 5275 Leesburg Pike,   
Falls Church, VA 22041; fax (703) 358–2281; or email DMAFR@fws.gov.  

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brenda Tapia, (703) 358–2104   
(telephone); (703) 358–2280 (fax); DMAFR@fws.gov (email).  

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On the dates below, as authorized by the   
provisions of the ESA (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), as amended, and/or the MMPA, as   
amended (16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.), we issued requested permits subject to   
certain conditions set forth therein. For each permit for an endangered species, we found that (1) The application was filed in good faith, (2) The granted permit would not operate to the   
disadvantage of the endangered species, and (3) The granted permit would be   
consistent with the purposes and policy set forth in section 2 of the ESA.  

Marine Mammals  

Permit No. Applicant Receipt of application Federal Register notice Permit issuance date  
05664B ............ Bristol Bay Native Association 78 FR 50083; August 16, 2013 September 10, 2014.  
166346 ............ Matson’s Laboratory 79 FR 35375; June 20, 2014 September 5, 2014.  

Availibility of Documents  
Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act, by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents to: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Division of Management Authority, Branch of Permits, MS: IA, 5275 Leesburg Pike, ![](image-url)
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Fish and Wildlife Service

[FR Doc. 2014–22922 Filed 9–25–14; 8:45 am]


The American peregrine falcon was removed from the List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife on August 25, 1999 (64 FR 46542). Section 4(g) of the ESA requires that all species that are recovered and removed from the List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife (delisted) be monitored in cooperation with the States for a period of not less than 5 years. The purpose of this requirement is to detect any failure of a recovered species to sustain itself without the protections of the ESA. We work with relevant State agencies and other species experts to develop appropriate plans and procedures for systematically monitoring recovered wildlife and plants.

The American peregrine falcon has a large geographic distribution that includes a substantial amount of non-Federal land. Although the ESA requires that monitoring of recovered species be conducted for not less than 5 years, the life history of American peregrine falcons is such that it is appropriate to monitor this species for a longer period of time in order to meaningfully evaluate whether or not the recovered species continues to maintain its recovered status. The Monitoring Plan for the American Peregrine Falcon is available on our Web site at http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/Peregrineplan2003.pdf. Formal collection of monitoring data began in 2003 and continued through 2012. We monitored peregrines nationally four times over a span of 9 years. Although formal post-delisting monitoring concluded in 2012, we will make an effort to continue to monitor peregrine falcons regionally in future years. Under this reduced effort, we will monitor peregrines in four southwestern States in 2015.

We will use the information supplied on FWS Forms 3–2307, 3–2308, and 3–2309 to further our knowledge of American peregrine falcon breeding site occupancy, nest success, productivity, and contaminant levels in parts of the United States:

1. FWS Form 3–2307 (Peregrine Falcon Monitoring Form) addresses the reporting requirements to record observations on the nesting pair, and the numbers of eggs and young during each nest visit.

2. FWS Form 3–2308 (Peregrine Falcon Egg Contaminants Data Sheet) addresses the reporting requirements to

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request additional information about this ICR, contact Hope Grey at hopegrey@fws.gov (email) or 703–358–2482 (telephone). You may review the ICR online at http://www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to review Department of the Interior collections under review by OMB.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Information Collection Request

OMB Control Number: 1018–0101.

Title: Monitoring Recovered Species After Delisting—American Peregrine Falcon.

Service Form Numbers: 3–2307, 3–2308, and 3–2309.

Type of Request: Extension of currently approved collection.

Description of Respondents: Professional biologists employed by State agencies and other organizations, and volunteers that have been involved in past peregrine falcon conservation efforts.

Respondent’s Obligation: Voluntary.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Number of annual responses</th>
<th>Completion time per response (hours)</th>
<th>Total annual burden hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FWS Form 3–2307</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>636</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FWS Form 3–2308</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>FWS Form 3–2309</td>
<td>12</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>278</td>
<td></td>
<td>696</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Estimated Nonhour Cost Burden: We estimate the total nonhour burden cost to be $252.00 for expenses incurred when contaminants samples must be shipped to designated labs for analysis and storage.

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