endangered or threatened based on one or more of the five following factors:
(A) The present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of its habitat or range;
(B) Overutilization for commercial, recreational, scientific, or educational purposes;
(C) Disease or predation;
(D) The inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms; or
(E) Other natural or manmade factors affecting its continued existence.
Under section 4(b)(1) of the Act, we must base our assessment of these factors solely on the best scientific and commercial data available.

V. What could happen as a result of this review?
For each species under review, if we find new information that indicates a change in classification may be warranted, we may propose, through formal rulemaking, to:
(A) Reclassify the species from threatened to endangered (uplist);
(B) Reclassify the species from endangered to threatened (downlist); or
(C) Remove the species from the List (delist).
If we determine that a change in classification is not warranted, then no formal rulemaking is required; the species remains on the List under its current status.

VI. Request for New Information
To ensure that a 5-year review is complete and based on the best available scientific and commercial information, we request new information from all sources. See “What Information Do We Consider in Our Review?” for specific criteria. If you submit information, please support it with documentation such as maps, bibliographic references, methods used to gather and analyze the data, and/or copies of any pertinent publications, reports, or letters by knowledgeable sources.
If you wish to provide information for any species listed above, please submit your comments and materials to the appropriate contact in either the Idaho or Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office (see ADDRESSES section).

VII. Public Availability of Comments
Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.
Comments and materials received will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the offices where the comments are submitted.

VIII. Completed and Active Reviews
A list of all completed and currently active 5-year reviews addressing species for which the Pacific Region of the Service has lead responsibility is available at: http://www.fws.gov/pacific/ecoservices/endangered/recovery/5year.html.

IX. Authority
This document is published under the authority of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).
Richard R. Hannan,
Acting Regional Director, Region 1 Fish and Wildlife Service.
[FR Doc. 2012–5335 Filed 3–5–12; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Fish and Wildlife Service
50 CFR Part 17
[FWS–R5–ES–2012–N038; FXES11130500000D2–123–FF05E00000]
Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Initiation of a 5-Year Review of Nine Northeastern Species
AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.
ACTION: Notice of initiation of reviews; request for information.
SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), are initiating 5-year reviews under the Endangered Species Act (Act), as amended, for nine northeastern species. We will review the following species, all listed as endangered under the Act: Maryland darter, Virginia fringed mountain snail, Virginia big-eared bat, Hay's Spring amphipod, Lee County Cave isopod, and Shenandoah salamander. We will also review the following threatened species: Knieskern's beaked-rush, small whorled pogonia, and Virginia sneezeweed. We conduct these reviews to ensure that our classification of each species on the lists of endangered and threatened wildlife and plants is accurate. A 5-year review assesses the best scientific and commercial data available at the time of the review. We are requesting submission of any such information that has become available since the previous 5-year review for each species. Based on review results, we will determine whether we should change the listing status of any of these species.
DATES: To ensure consideration, please send your written information by May 7, 2012. However, we will continue to accept new information about any listed species at any time.
ADDRESSES: For where and how to send information, see “VIII. Contacts” near the end of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary Parkin, by U.S. mail at U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Northeast Regional Office, 300 Westgate Center Drive, Hadley, MA 01035; by telephone at 617–417–3331; or by electronic mail at mary.parkin@fws.gov.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
I. Why do we conduct 5-year reviews?
Under the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), we maintain lists of endangered and threatened wildlife and plants (which we refer to collectively as the List) at 50 CFR 17.11 (for animals) and 17.12 (for plants). Section 4(c)(2)(A) of the ESA requires us to review the status of each listed species at least once every 5 years. Then, under section 4(c)(2)(B), we determine whether to remove the species from the list (delist), recategorize it from endangered to threatened, or recategorize it from threatened to endangered. Any change in Federal classification requires a separate rulemaking process.
In classifying a species, we use the following definitions from 50 CFR 424.02:
(A) Species includes any species or subspecies of fish, wildlife, or plant, or any distinct population segment of any species or vertebrate, that interbreeds when mature;
(B) Endangered species means any species that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range; and
(C) Threatened species means any species that is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.
We must support delisting a species by the best scientific and commercial data available, and we only consider delisting if data substantiate that the species is neither endangered nor threatened for one or more of the following reasons (50 CFR 424.11 (d)):
(A) The species is extinct;
(B) The species is recovered; or
(C) The original data available when the species was listed, or the
interpretation of such data, were in error.
The regulations in 50 CFR 424.21 require that we publish a notice in the Federal Register announcing those species currently under active review.

II. What species are under review?

We are initiating 5-year status reviews of the species in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species Under 5-Year Review</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland darter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tain snail.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>amphipod.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pogonia.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

III. What do we consider in our review?

We consider all new information available at the time we conduct a 5-year review. We consider the best scientific and commercial data that have become available since the current listing determination or most recent status review, such as:

(A) Species biology, including but not limited to, population trends, distribution, abundance, demographics, and genetics;
(B) Habitat conditions, including but not limited to, amount, distribution, and suitability;
(C) Conservation measures that have been implemented that benefit the species;
(D) Threat status and trends (see five factors solely on the best scientific and commercial data available.

IV. How do we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened?

Section 4(a)(1) of the Act requires that we determine whether a species is endangered or threatened based on one or more of the five following factors:

(A) The present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of its habitat or range;
(B) Overutilization for commercial, recreational, scientific, or educational purposes;
(C) Disease or predation;
(D) The inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms;
(E) Other natural or man-made factors affecting its continued existence.

If we determine that a change in classification is not warranted, then the species will remain on the list under its current status.

VI. Request for New Information

To ensure that a 5-year review is complete and based on the best available scientific and commercial information, we request new information from all sources. See “What Information Do We Consider in Our Review?” for specific criteria. If you submit information, support it with documentation such as maps, bibliographic references, methods used to gather and analyze the data, and/or copies of any pertinent publications, reports, or letters by knowledgeable sources.
Submit your information and materials to the appropriate U.S. Fish and Wildlife Office listed under “VIII. Contacts.”

VII. Public Availability of Information Submitted

Before including your address, phone number, electronic mail address, or other personal identifying information in your submission, you should be aware that you entire submission—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. Although you can request that personal information be withheld from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. Materials received will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the offices where the information is submitted.

VIII. Contacts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Contact person, phone, e-mail</th>
<th>Contact address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maryland darter</td>
<td>Andy Moser, (410) 573–4537; e-mail <a href="mailto:andy_moser@fws.gov">andy_moser@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Chesapeake Bay Field Office, 177 Admiral Cochrane Drive, Annapolis, MD 21401.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia fringed mountain snail</td>
<td>Michael Drummond, (804) 693–6694; e-mail <a href="mailto:mke_drummond@fws.gov">mke_drummond@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Virginia Field Office, 6669 Short Lane, Gloucester, VA 23061.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia big-eared bat</td>
<td>Barbara Douglas, (304) 636–6586; e-mail <a href="mailto:barbara_douglas@fws.gov">barbara_douglas@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, West Virginia Field Office, 694 Beverly Pike, Elkins, WV 26241.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hay’s Spring amphipod</td>
<td>Andy Moser, (410) 573–4537; e-mail <a href="mailto:andy_moser@fws.gov">andy_moser@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Chesapeake Bay Field Office, 177 Admiral Cochrane Drive, Annapolis, MD 21401.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee County Cave isopod</td>
<td>Shane Hanlon, (276) 623–1233; e-mail <a href="mailto:shane_hanlon@fws.gov">shane_hanlon@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Southwest Virginia Field Office, 330 Cummings Street, Abingdon, VA 24210.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shenandoah salamander</td>
<td>Cindy Schulz, (804) 693–6694; e-mail <a href="mailto:cindy_schulz@fws.gov">cindy_schulz@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Virginia Field Office, 6669 Short Lane, Gloucester, VA 23061.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knieskern’s beaked-rush</td>
<td>Annette Scherer, (609) 383–3938; e-mail <a href="mailto:annette_scherer@fws.gov">annette_scherer@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, New Jersey Field Office, 927 North Main Street, Bldg D, Pleasantville, NJ 08232.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small whorled pogonia</td>
<td>Susi von Oettingen, (603) 223–2541; e-mail <a href="mailto:susi_vonOettingen@fws.gov">susi_vonOettingen@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, New England Field Office, 70 Commercial Street, Ste. 300, Concord, NH 03301.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia sneezeweed</td>
<td>Cindy Schulz, (804) 693–6694; e-mail <a href="mailto:cindy_schulz@fws.gov">cindy_schulz@fws.gov</a></td>
<td>U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Virginia Field Office, 6669 Short Lane, Gloucester, VA 23061.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IX. Authority

We publish this document under the authority of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).


Wendi Weber,
Regional Director, Northeast Region, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 2012–5212 Filed 3–5–12; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–65–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

RIN 0648–BB18

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area; Amendment 97

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notification of availability of fishery management plan amendment; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The North Pacific Fishery Management Council submitted Amendment 97 to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area (FMP) to NMFS for review. If approved, Amendment 97 would allow owners of vessels participating in the Amendment 80 Program, known as Amendment 80 vessels, to replace their vessels for any reason at any time. Amendment 97 includes provisions that would limit the length of a replacement vessel, extend Gulf of Alaska groundfish harvest limits known as “sideboards” to replacement vessels, require replacement vessels to meet certain safety standards established by the Coast Guard, and prevent replaced vessels from being used in Federal groundfish fisheries off Alaska other than certain Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands groundfish fisheries. This action is necessary to promote safety-at-sea by allowing Amendment 80 vessels owners to replace aging vessels with newer, larger, and safer vessels and by requiring replacement vessels to meet certain Coast Guard vessel safety standards, and is intended to provide Amendment 80 vessel owners with the opportunity to increase their retention and utilization of groundfish catch through the ability to expand their vessel’s range of processing capabilities. This action is intended to promote the goals and objectives of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, the FMP, and other applicable laws.

DATES: Comments on the amendment must be received on or before May 7, 2012.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Glenn Merrill, Assistant Regional Administrator, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Alaska Region, NMFS, Attn: Ellen Sebastian. You may submit comments, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2011–0147, by any one of the following methods:

• Electronic Submissions: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal eRulemaking Portal at http://