remaining threats and the species’ overall status.

5-Year Review

Section 4(c)(2)(A) of the Act requires that we conduct a status review of listed species at least once every 5 years. We are then, under section 4(c)(2)(B), to determine whether any species should be removed from the List (delisted), or reclassified from endangered to threatened, or threatened to endangered. We initiated a 5-year review for the Utah valvata snail on April 11, 2006 (71 FR 18345). We are currently in the process of completing our 5-year review and will incorporate that review into our 12-month finding.

References

A complete list of all references cited in this finding is available, upon request, from the Snake River Fish and Wildlife Office (see ADDRESSES section).

Author

The primary author of this document is Jesse D’Elia, Pacific Regional Office, Portland, Oregon.

Authority

The authority for this action is section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).


Randall B. Luthi,
Acting Director, Fish and Wildlife Service.
[FR Doc. E7–10885 Filed 6–5–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Parts 21 and 22
RINs 1018–AG11 and 1018–AT60

Migratory Bird Permits; Changes in the Regulations Governing Falconry and Raptor Propagation; Final Environmental Assessment on Take of Raptors From the Wild for Falconry and Raptor Propagation

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, announce the availability of a Final Environmental Assessment (FEA) evaluating the take of raptors from the wild for use in falconry and in raptor propagation, and a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for take of raptors for those purposes. We have prepared the FEA and the FONSI as part of the process we must follow to finalize two rules under the National Environmental Policy Act.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the draft Environmental Assessment, we considered three alternatives for amending the falconry and raptor propagation regulations. In particular, at the request of the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies, we considered elimination of the federal/state falconry permitting system and replacing it with a state permitting system operating within a prescribed federal framework.

We received 313 electronic or written comment letters on the draft Environmental Assessment. We modified the Draft Environmental Assessment to respond to concerns expressed by agencies, organizations, and individuals.

Having reviewed the comments on the draft, our proposed action is to establish national take levels of concern for take of raptor species based on the published data for, and biology of, each species; to eliminate the federal permitting for falconry, but to leave the current captive propagation federal permitting program in place. Based on this assessment, I have signed the Finding of No Significant Impact for take of raptors from the wild for use in falconry and in raptor propagation.


Todd Willens,
Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.
[FR Doc. E7–10909 Filed 6–5–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P