cactus ferruginous pygmy-owl (Glaucomia brasilianum cactorum),
golden-cheeked warbler (Dendroica
chrysoparia), interior least tern (Sterna
tantillarum), lesser long-nosed bat
(Leptonycteris curasoeae yerbabuenae),
northern aplomado falcon (Falco
femoralis septentrionalis), piping plover
(Charadrius melodus), red-cockaded
woodpecker (Picoides borealis),
southwestern willow flycatcher
(Empidonax trailli extimus), Yuma
clapper rail (Rallus longirostris
yumanensis), and Houston toad
(Buco
hostonensis).

Permit No. TE–009792
Applicant: The Arboretum at Flagstaff,
Flagstaff, Arizona.
Applicant requests an amendment to
an existing permit to conduct presence/
absence surveys and to collect seed and/or
cuttings for Astragalus humilimus
(Mancos milk-vetch) within New
Mexico and Colorado.

Permit No. TE–028605
Applicant: SWCA Environmental
Consultants, Flagstaff, Arizona.
Applicant requests an amendment to
an existing permit to allow presence/
absence surveys for the following
species throughout their respective
ranges in Arizona, New Mexico, and
Texas: black-footed ferret (Mustela
nigripes), Hualapai Mexican vole
(Microtus mexicanus hualpaiensis),
lesser long-nosed bat (Leptonycteris
curasoeae yerbabuenae), Mexican long-
nosed bat (Leptonycteris nivalis), Mount
Graham red squirrel (Tamiasciurus
husdonicus grahamensis), Yuma
clapper rail (Rallus longirostris
yumanensis), Gila chub (Gila
intermedia), Sonoran tiger salamander
(Ambystoma tigrinum stebbinsi), and
Virgin River chub (Gila robusta
seminduna).

Permit No. TE–088197
Applicant: High Mesa Research, Arroyo
Seco, New Mexico.
Applicant requests an amendment to
an existing permit to conduct presence/
absence surveys for southwestern
willow flycatcher (Empidonax trailli
extimus) within New Mexico.

Permit No. TE–814933
Applicant: Texas Parks and Wildlife
Department, Austin, Texas.
Applicant requests an amendment to
an existing permit for research and
recovery purposes to conduct surveys,
mist-net and collect tissue samples for
Mexican long-nosed bat (Leptonycteris
nivalis) within Big Bend National Park,
Texas.

Permit No. TE–127287
Applicant: Loren K. Ammerman, San
Angelo, Texas.
Applicant requests a new permit for
research and recovery purposes to
conduct surveys, mist-net and collect
tissue samples for Mexican long-nosed
bat (Leptonycteris curasoeae
verbabuenae) within Big Bend National Park, Texas.

Permit No. TE–039139
Applicant: Bat Conservation
International, Austin, Texas.
Applicant requests an amendment to
an existing permit for research and
recovery purposes to conduct surveys,
capture, light tag and zip-line for lesser
long-nosed bat (Leptonycteris curasoeae
verbabuenae) within Texas.

Permit No. TE–129406
Applicant: Gill Michael Sorg, Las
Cruces, New Mexico.
Applicant requests a new permit for
research and recovery purposes to
conduct presence/absence surveys for
northern aplomado falcon (Falco
femoralis septentrionalis) within
Arizona and New Mexico.

Permit No. TE–006655
Applicant: Logan Simpson Design,
Tempe, Arizona.
Applicant requests an amendment to
an existing permit to conduct presence/
absence surveys and enhance
propagation for Gila Chub (Gila
intermedia) within Arizona.

Permit No. TE–130663
Applicant: Hermosa Montessori Charter
School, Tucson, Arizona.
Applicant requests a new permit for
research and recovery purposes to
monitor and enhance propagation for
Gila topminnow (Poeciliosis
occidentalis) and desert pupfish
(Cyprinodon macularius) as well as
providing management of holding
facilities within Arizona.
Christopher T. Jones,
Acting Regional Director, Region 2,
Albuquerque, New Mexico.
[FR Doc. 06–7400 Filed 9–1–06 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service
Proposed Safe Harbor Agreement for the
California Red-Legged Frog for
Landowners Restoring Aquatic and
Riparian Habitat in the Cottonwood Creek
Watershed in Shasta and Tehama Counties, California

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.
ACTION: Notice of availability; receipt of application.

SUMMARY: This notice advises the public that the Cottonwood Creek Watershed Group (Applicant) has applied to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) for an enhancement of survival permit pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). The permit application includes a proposed Safe Harbor Agreement (Agreement) between the Applicant and the Service for the threatened California red-legged frog (CRLF) (Rana aurora draytonii). The Agreement and permit application are available for public comment.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before October 5, 2006.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Shannon Holbrook, Sacramento Fish and Wildlife Office (see ADDRESSES); telephone: (916) 414–6600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Availability of Documents
You may obtain copies of the documents for review by contacting the individual named above. You may also make an appointment to view the documents at the above address during normal business hours.

Background
Under a Safe Harbor Agreement, participating landowners voluntarily undertake management activities on their property to enhance, restore, or maintain habitat benefiting species listed under the Act. Safe Harbor Agreements, and the subsequent enhancement of survival permits that are issued pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), encourage private and other non-Federal property owners to implement conservation efforts for listed species by assuring property owners that they will
not be subjected to increased land use restrictions as a result of efforts to attract or increase the numbers or distribution of a listed species on their property. Application requirements and issuance criteria for enhancement of survival permits through Safe Harbor Agreements are found in 50 CFR 17.22(c).

We have worked with the Applicant to develop this proposed Programmatic Agreement for the conservation of the CRLF in the 603.854-acre Cottonwood Creek Watershed in Shasta and Tehama Counties, California. The properties subject to this Agreement consist of approximately 500,000 acres of non-Federal properties within the boundaries of the Cottonwood Creek Watershed, on which habitat for the California red-legged frog will be restored, enhanced, and managed pursuant to a written agreement between the Cottonwood Creek Watershed Group (CCWG) and a property owner.

This Agreement provides for the creation of a Program in which private landowners (Program Participants) enter into written cooperative agreements with the Applicant pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, to restore, enhance, and maintain aquatic and riparian habitat in ways beneficial to the CRLF. Such cooperative agreements will be for a term of at least 10 years. The proposed duration of the Agreement is 30 years, and the proposed term of the enhancement of survival permit is 32 years. The permit would run the additional 2 years following a determination by the Service that the actions identified in the Agreement were implemented prior to the Agreement’s expiration. The Agreement fully describes the proposed management activities to be undertaken by Program Participants and the conservation benefits expected to be gained for the CRLF.

Upon approval of this Agreement, and consistent with the Service’s Safe Harbor Policy published in the Federal Register on June 17, 1999 (64 FR 32717), the Service would issue a permit to the Cottonwood Creek Watershed Group authorizing take of CRLF by Program Participants incidental to the implementation of the management activities specified in the cooperative agreements, incidental to other lawful uses of the properties, including normal routine land management activities, and/or to return to pre-Agreement conditions.

To benefit the CRLF, Program Participants will agree to undertake site-specific management activities, which will be specified in their written cooperative agreements. Management activities that could be included in the Cooperative Agreements will provide for the enhancement, restoration, and/or maintenance of aquatic and riparian habitat. These activities have been designed to enhance populations of CRLF by improving breeding habitat, managing vegetation and grazing as appropriate, controlling non-native predators, and managing agriculture and recreation as appropriate to benefit populations of CRLF. Take of CRLF incidental to the aforementioned activities is unlikely; however, it is possible that in the course of such activities or other lawful activities on the enrolled property, a Program Participant could incidentally take a CRLF, thereby necessitating take authority under the permit. The CRLF relies on a variety of habitats for various stages of its life cycle, including pond and riparian habitat, upland habitat and moist refuges. Pre-Agreement conditions (baseline), consisting of a description and survey to determine the quantity and location of suitable CRLF habitat, shall be determined for each enrolled property as provided in the Agreement. In order to receive the above assurances regarding incidental take of CRLF, a Program Participant must maintain baseline on the enrolled property. The Agreement and requested enhancement of survival permit will allow each Program Participant to return to baseline conditions after the end of the term of the 10-year cooperative agreement and prior to the expiration of the 32-year permit, if so desired by the Applicants.

Consistent with the Service’s Safe Harbor Policy (64 FR 32717), the proposed Agreement and requested permit also extend certain assurances to those lands that are immediately adjacent to lands on which restoration activities occur. To receive such assurances, a neighboring landowner must enter into a written agreement with the Service that specifies the baseline conditions on the property. This written agreement remains in effect until the expiration of the 10-year Agreement between the Applicant and the Service and requires the neighboring landowner to maintain the baseline conditions established at the start of the agreement.

Public Review and Comments

The Service has made a preliminary determination that the proposed Agreement and permit application are eligible for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA). We explain the basis for this determination in an Environmental Action Statement, which is also available for public review.

Individuals wishing copies of the permit application, copies of our preliminary Environmental Action Statement, and/or copies of the full text of the Agreement, including a map of the proposed permit area, references, and legal descriptions of the proposed permit area, should contact the office and personnel listed in the ADDRESSES section above.

If you wish to comment on the permit application or the Agreement, you may submit your comments to the address listed in the ADDRESSES section of this document. Comments and materials received, including names and addresses of respondents, will be available for public review, by appointment, during normal business hours at the address in the ADDRESSES section above and will become part of the public record, pursuant to section 10(c) of the Act. Individual respondents may request that we withhold their home address from the record, which we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There also may be circumstances in which we would withhold from the record a respondent’s identity, as allowable by law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. Anonymous comments will not be considered. All submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, are available for public inspection in their entirety.

We will evaluate this permit application, associated documents, and comments submitted thereon to determine whether the permit application meets the requirements of section 10(a) of the Act and NEPA regulations at 40 CFR 1506.6. If we determine that the requirements are met, we will sign the proposed Agreement and issue an enhancement of survival permit under section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Act to the Applicants for take of the CRLF incidental to otherwise lawful activities in accordance with the terms of the Agreement. We will not make our final decision until after the end of the 30-day comment period and will fully consider all comments received during the comment period.

The Service provides this notice pursuant to section 10(c) of the Act and
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Proposed Safe Harbor Agreement for the California Red-Legged Frog and the California Tiger Salamander for Landowners Restoring and Enhancing Stock Ponds in Alameda County, CA

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability: receipt of application; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This notice advises the public that the Alameda County Resource Conservation District (Applicant) has applied to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) for an enhancement of survival permit pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). The permit application includes a proposed Safe Harbor Agreement (Agreement) between the Applicant and the Service for the threatened California red-legged frog (CRLF) (Rana aurora draytonii) and the California tiger salamander (CTS) (Ambystoma californiense). The Agreement and permit application are available for public comment.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before October 5, 2006.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Shannon Holbrook, Sacramento Fish and Wildlife Office (see ADDRESSES); telephone: (916) 414–6600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Availability of Documents

You may obtain copies of the documents for review by contacting the individual named above. You may also make an appointment to view the documents at the above address during normal business hours.

Background

Under a Safe Harbor Agreement, participating landowners voluntarily undertake management activities on their property to enhance, restore, or maintain habitat benefiting species listed under the Act. Safe Harbor Agreements, and the subsequent enhancement of survival permits that are issued pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), encourage private and other non-Federal property owners to implement conservation efforts for listed species by assuring property owners that they will not be subjected to increased property use restrictions as a result of their efforts to attract listed species to their property, or to increase the numbers or distribution of listed species already on their property. Application requirements and issuance criteria for enhancement of survival permits through Safe Harbor Agreements are found in 50 CFR 17.22(c).

We have worked with the Applicant to develop this proposed Agreement for the conservation of the CRLF and CTS on private ranches in Alameda County, California. The properties subject to this Agreement consist of those non-Federal lands in Alameda County, California, on which existing stock ponds will be restored and maintained pursuant to a written agreement between the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and the landowner.

This Agreement provides for the creation of a Program in which private landowners (Program Participants), who enter into written cooperative agreements with the Applicant pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, will restore, enhance, and maintain stock ponds in ways beneficial to the CRLF and CTS. Such cooperative agreements will be for a term of at least 10 years. The proposed duration of the Agreement is 50 years, and the proposed term of the enhancement of survival permit is 50 years. The Agreement fully describes the proposed Program, management activities to be undertaken by Program Participants, and the conservation benefits expected to be gained for the CRLF and CTS.

Upon approval of this Agreement, and consistent with the Service’s Safe Harbor Policy published in the Federal Register on June 17, 1999 (64 FR 32717), the Service would issue a permit to the Applicants authorizing take of CRLF and CTS incidental to the implementation of the management activities specified in the cooperative agreements, incidental to other lawful uses of the properties, including normal, routine land management activities, or to return to pre-Agreement conditions.

To benefit the CRLF and CTS, Program Participants will agree to undertake activities specified in their written cooperative agreements with the Applicant. Such management activities shall provide for the restoration and maintenance of an existing stock pond. These practices have been designed to achieve a high degree of likelihood that the pond will retain water through the rearing season of the CRLF and CTS so as to allow metamorphosis of their larvae, vegetation and grazing management appropriate to the conservation needs of the species, effective control of non-native predators, and related measures. The object of such measures is to enhance the potential of existing stock ponds to serve as effective breeding sites for the CRLF and CTS while simultaneously providing water for use by livestock. Take of CRLF or CTS incidental to the aforementioned activities is unlikely; however, it is possible that in the course of such activities or other lawful activities on the enrolled property, a Program Participant could incidentally take a CRLF or CTS, thereby necessitating taking authority under the permit.

Both the CRLF and CTS rely on a variety of habitats for various stages of their life cycle, including pond and riparian habitat, upland habitat, and moist refuges. Pre-Agreement conditions (baseline), consisting of the size of existing ponds and riparian habitat, acreage of appropriate upland habitat and a characterization and location of moist refuges associated with ponds, shall be determined for each enrolled property as provided in the Agreement.

In order to receive the above assurances regarding incidental take of CRLF and CTS, a Program Participant must maintain baseline on the enrolled property. The Agreement and requested enhancement of survival permit will allow each Program Participant to return to baseline conditions after the end of the term of the 10-year cooperative agreement and prior to the expiration of the 50-year permit, if so desired by the Applicants.

Consistent with the Service’s Safe Harbor Policy (64 FR 32717 et seq.), the proposed Agreement and requested permit also extend certain assurances to those lands that are immediately adjacent to lands on which restoration activities occur. To receive such assurances, a neighboring landowner must enter into a written agreement with the Service that specifies the baseline conditions on the property. This written agreement remains in effect until the expiration of the 50-year Agreement between the Applicant and the Service and requires the neighboring landowner to maintain the baseline conditions established at the start of the agreement.