

TRIGGERS & MANAGEMENT RESPONSES FOR GRIZZLY BEARS IN THE GYA

TRIGGER	RESPONSE
Exceeding female mortality limits in 2 consecutive years	No grizzly bear hunting inside the DMA the following year. IGBST Biology & Monitoring Review
Exceeding female mortality limits in 3 consecutive years	No grizzly bear hunting inside the DMA the following year. USFWS status review and possible emergency -relisting.
Exceeding male mortality limits in 3 consecutive years	No grizzly bear hunting <u>inside the DMA</u> the following year. IGBST Biology & Monitoring Review
Exceeding male mortality limits in 4 consecutive years	No grizzly bear hunting <u>inside of DMA</u> the following year. USFWS status review and possible emergency -relisting.
Exceeding dependent young mortality limits in 3 consecutive years.	IGBST Biology & Monitoring Review
Exceeding dependent young mortality limits in 4 consecutive years	USFWS status review and possible emergency -relisting.
Fail <u>ure</u> ing to meet the distribution criterion	IGBST Biology & Monitoring Review
Failure to meet any of the habitat standards	IGBST Biology & Monitoring Review
Failure to receive adequate funding to implement the monitoring and management requirements of the Conservation Strategy	IGBST Biology & Monitoring Review
<u>a total population estimate of less than 500</u>	<u>No grizzly bear hunting inside the DMA the following year.</u> <u>Status review and possible relisting.</u>
Changes in federal, state, or Tribal laws, regulations, rules, or management plans that depart significantly from the agreements reached in the Conservation Strategy	USFWS status review and possible emergency -relisting.

*** Additionally, the USFWS will conduct a status review if any of the habitat or population criteria are routinely not achieved.