



Birds of the Nulhegan Basin Division

State endangered species:	<i>Species name</i>	Habitat requirements
	Osprey	Clear lakes, rivers containing fish, supracanopy or exposed nest sites
	Common Loon	Large undisturbed water bodies w/stable water levels and islands
	Spruce grouse	Nests on ground often in moss, well concealed by overhanging spruce-fir
State listed as rare or uncommon:	Bay-breasted warbler	Old dense stands of spruce esp. black spruce
	Great blue heron	Tall trees for nesting; near open water
	Philadelphia Vireo	Hardwood forest edge; early successional forest
State listed species of special concern:	Black-backed woodpecker	Spruce/fir ≥ 10 in dbh w/column of decayed wood; often near water; almost exclusive pref. For old-growth balsam fir
	Cooper's Hawk	Mature deciduous or coniferous woodlands in open or semi-open country
	Gray Jay	Remote coniferous forest; esp. dense spruce/fir, black spruce and pine; cedar bogs and tamarack swamps
	Rusty blackbird	Northern forested wetlands; alder swamps
Rare Vermont Breeders:	Bay breasted warbler	Lowland conifer forest complex; lowland spruce fir forest
	Black-backed woodpecker	*Same as above
	Boreal chickadee	*Same as above
	Gray Jay	*Same as above
	Palm warbler	Young open coniferous stands; bogs; thick shrub growth
	Spruce Grouse	*Same as above
PIF (Partners in Flight) priority species:	American Woodcock (highest PIF priority-level 1)	Young forest and old fields; low wet thickets and moist woodlands in early stages of succession near fields/clearing
	Bay-breasted warbler (highest PIF priority-level 1)	*Same as above





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	Canada Warbler (highest PIF priority-level 1)	Dense deciduous understory; esp. along streams, bogs; occupies northern hardwood and coniferous forests
	Black-throated blue warbler	Hardwood/mixed wood stands well-developed understory
	Black-throated green warbler	Mixed wood/coniferous stands; mixed woodlands constitutes this species usual habitats
	Blackburnian warbler	Coniferous/mixed wood stands; prefers old growth stands
	Blackpoll warbler	Stunted spruce, esp. at higher elevations; seldom occurring below 2,000ft
	Boreal chickadee	*Same as above
	Common Loon	*Same as above
	Eastern wood pewee	Forest edge or open woods; assoc. w/deciduous forests w/closed canopy and open understory
	Least flycatcher	Open deciduous or mixed forest; forest edge; mature and second growth; clearings, swamp and bog edge
	Nashville warbler	Young hardwood/mixed stands; open mixed wood stand interspersed w/brush thickets
	Olive-sided flycatcher	Tall perch adj. to low, wet coniferous thicket, bog; prefers tall spruce and standing dead trees
	Northern Parula	moist forests and wooded riparian habitat esp. in spruce, hemlock, and balsam fir woodlands
	Osprey	*Same as above
	Purple Finch	Primarily inhabits moist or cool coniferous forest edges, open mixed woodlands
	Ruffed Grouse	Inhabits mixed or deciduous forests w/brushy clearings and a thick understory growth of shrubs
	Spruce grouse	*Same as above
	Veery	Moist woodlands w/understory of low trees and shrubs
	Yellow-bellied sapsucker	Assoc. w/ deciduous trees or mixed decid-conif forest; second growth forest of aspen, paper birch, pine, hemlock
Residents:	Boreal chickadee	*Same as above
	Gray jay	*Same as above
	Spruce grouse	*Same as above





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	Black-backed Woodpecker	*Same as above
Migratory:	Bay-breasted Warbler	*Same as above
	Palm Warbler	*Same as above
	Olive-sided Flycatcher	*Same as above
	Rusty Blackbird	*Same as above
	Philadelphia vireo	*Same as above
USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern list	Olive-sided flycatcher	*Same as above
	Bay-breasted warbler	*Same as above
	Blackpoll warbler	*Same as above
	Canada warbler	*Same as above
	Chestnut-sided warbler	Early second-growth deciduous woodlands w/dense vegetation; prefers second-growth areas of clearcut/regenerating forest
Other species found:	Alder flycatcher	Barred Owl
	American crow	Black and white warbler
	American goldfinch	Black-capped Chickadee
	American redstart	Blue Jay
	American Robin	Blue-headed Vireo
	Brown Creeper	Chipping sparrow
	Canada goose	Common grackle
	Cedar Waxwing	Common Raven
	Chestnut-sided warbler	Common snipe
	Common yellowthroat	Dark-eyed junco
	Downy woodpecker	Great crested flycatcher
	Eastern phoebe	Great horned owl
	Evening grosbeak	Hairy woodpecker
	Golden-crowned kinglet	Hermit thrush (Vermont state bird)
	Gray catbird	Magnolia warbler
	Mallard	Northern water thrush
	Mourning dove	Ovenbird
	Mourning warbler	Pileated woodpecker
	Northern flicker	Red-breasted nuthatch
	Northern saw-whet owl	Red-eyed vireo





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	Red-tailed hawk	Sharp-shinned hawk
	Red-winged blackbird	Song sparrow
	Rose-breasted grosbeak	Swainson's thrush
	Ruby-crowned kinglet	Swamp sparrow
	Ruby-throated hummingbird	Tree swallow
	Scarlet tanager	Warbling vireo
	White-throated sparrow	Wild turkey
	White-winged crossbill	Winter wren
	Yellow-bellied flycatcher	Yellow-rumped warbler

Waterfowl and marsh birds

Green winged teal (<i>Anas crecca</i>)	Belted Kingfisher (<i>Ceryle alcyon</i>)
American black duck (<i>Anas rubripes</i>)	Osprey (<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>)
Great blue heron (<i>Ardea herodias</i>)	Hooded Merganser (<i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i>)
American bittern (<i>Botaurus lentiginosus</i>)	Wood duck (<i>Aix sponsa</i>)
Pied-billed grebe (<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>)	Ring-necked duck (<i>Aythya collaris</i>)
Common loon (<i>Gavia immer</i>)	