

CELEBRATE!



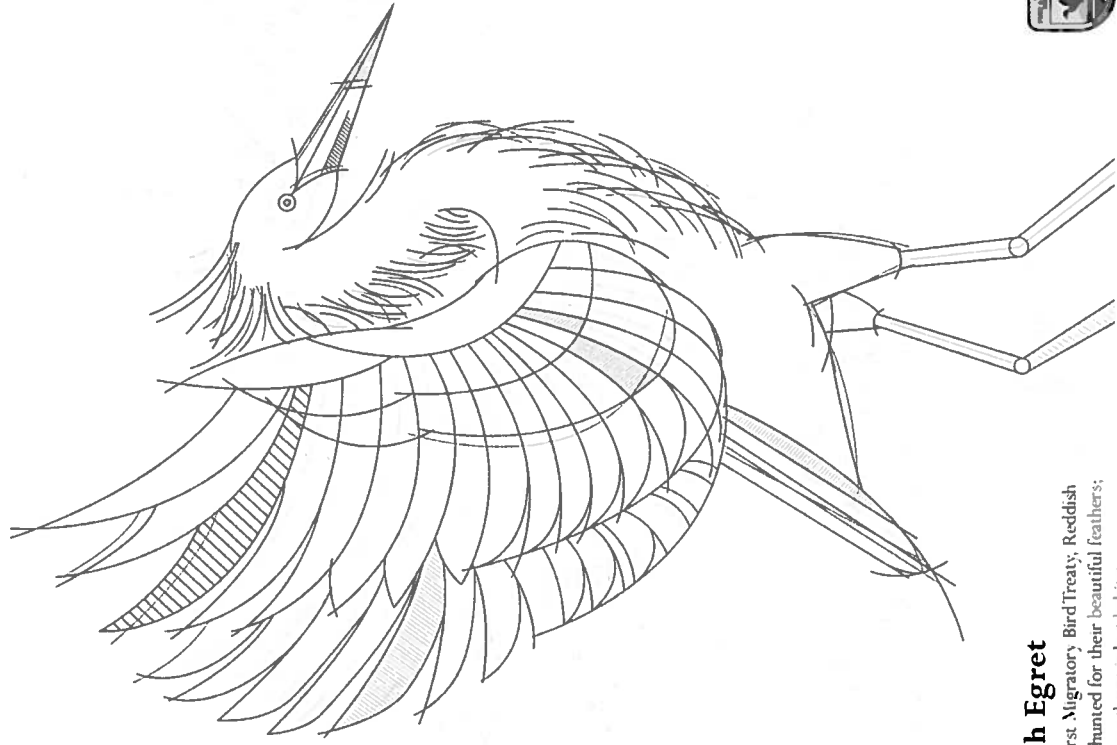
Colorful Years of Migratory Bird Conservation!

Protect Birds for Another Century
www.fws.gov/birds/mbtreaty100/



#BirdYear

Celebrating 100 Years of Migratory Bird Conservation!

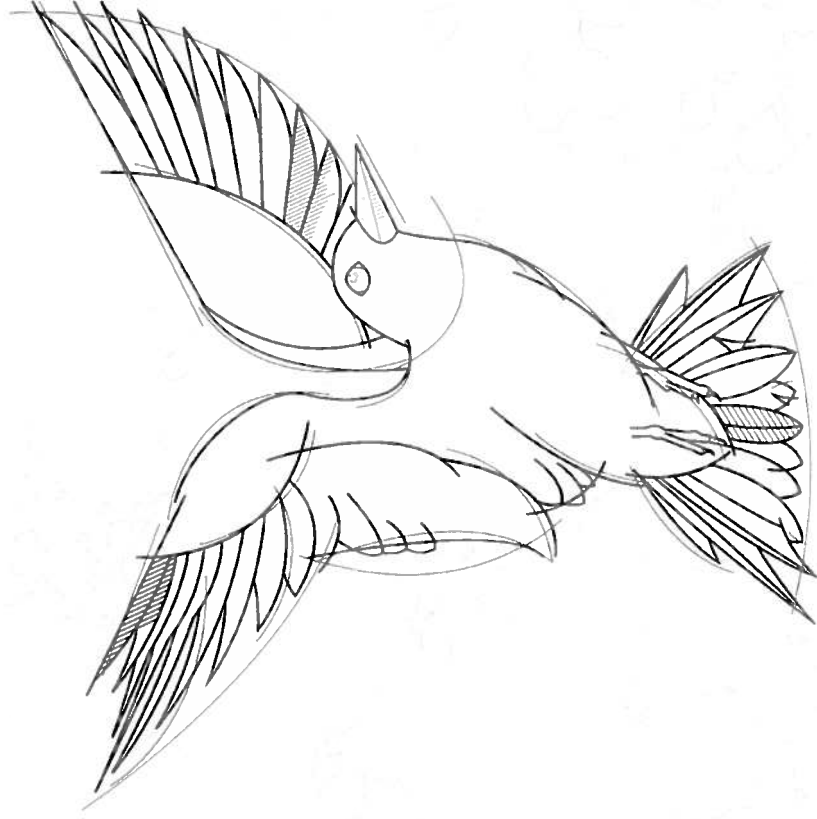


Reddish Egret

Before the first Migratory Bird Treaty, Reddish Egrets were hunted for their beautiful feathers; now the biggest threat is lost habitat.



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White Tern

This pretty, and delicate-looking seabird is actually pretty tough, living on remote islands in the Pacific Ocean, and on Oahu in Hawaii; it is protected under our international bird treaties, but is also the City Bird of Honolulu.



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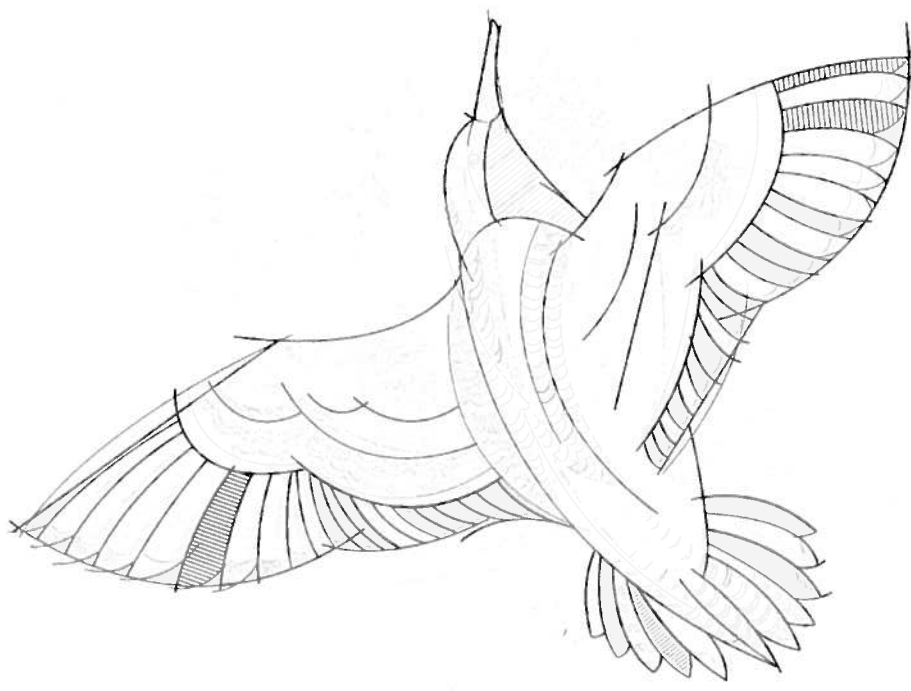
Peregrine Falcon

This is the fastest animal on earth, flying up to 230 miles per hour! Protections were added to the treaties in the 1970's so now all raptors are protected from being hunted.



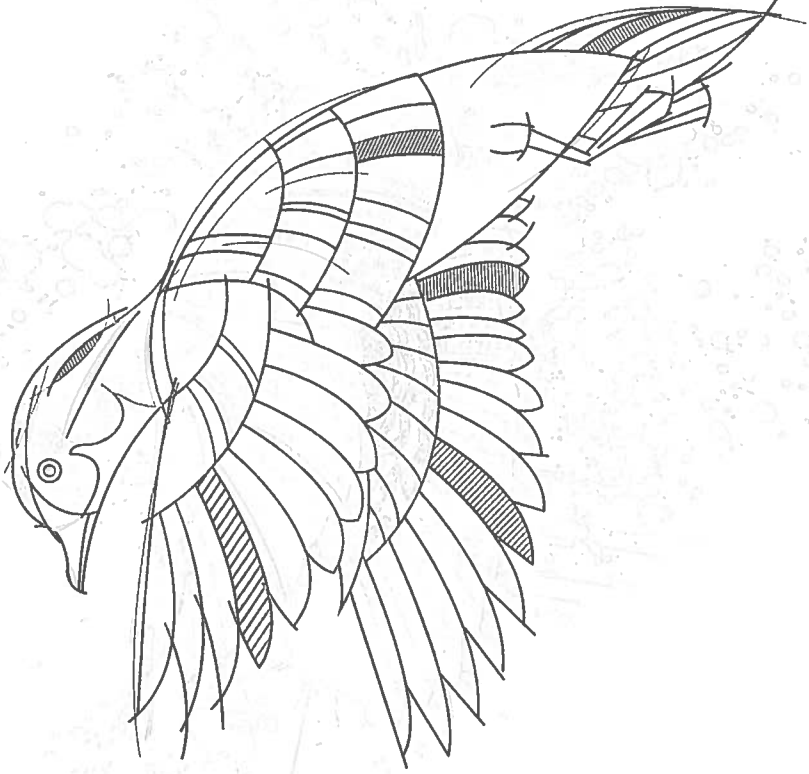
Red Knot
This long-distance flier travels from South America to Alaska and back every year, protected along much, but not all, of its route by our international bird treaties.

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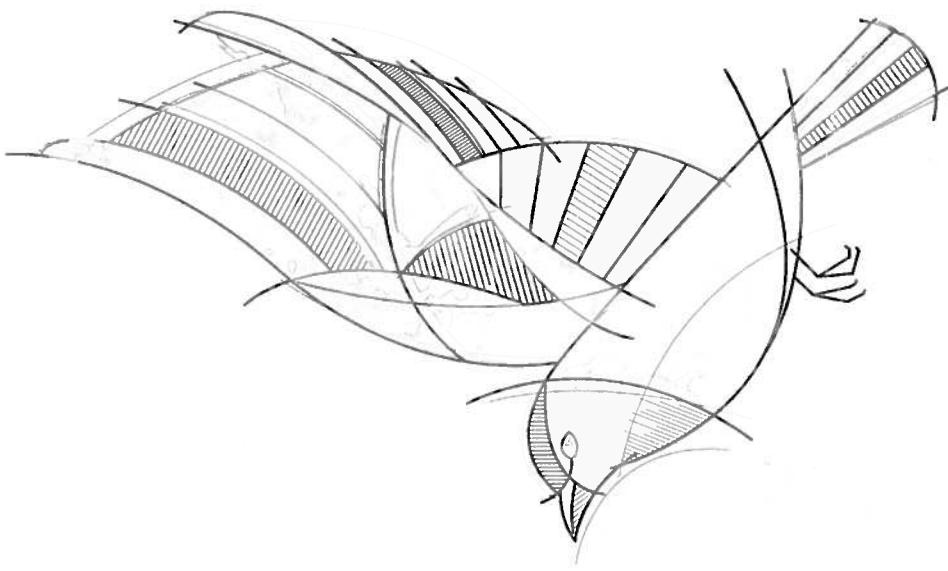
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Wood Duck

This is our most colorful duck! The Migratory Bird Treaty led to regulations that protect this game bird from being over-hunted.



Western Tanager

International treaties protect many species like this tanager as they migrate every year from Mexico, through the United States, to Canada, and back again.

