



NORTH AMERICAN WETLANDS CONSERVATION ACT

SMALL GRANTS PROGRAM

2020 PROPOSAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

PROPOSAL DEADLINE: OCTOBER 15, 2020

Program Authorizing Legislation: North American Wetlands Conservation Act (16 USC Ch. 64)

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT STATEMENT: This information collection is authorized by the North American Wetlands Conservation Act (NAWCA) of 1989, as amended (16 U.S.C. 4401 et seq.). Your response is required to obtain or retain a benefit in the form of a grant. We estimate that it will take approximately 40 hours to prepare an application, including time to review instructions, gather and maintain data, and complete and review the proposal. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget control number. OMB has reviewed and approved this information collection and assigned OMB Control Number 1018-0100. You may submit comments on any aspect of this information collection, including the accuracy of the estimated burden hours and suggestions to reduce this burden. Send your comments to: Information Collection Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1849 C Street, NW., Mail Stop BPHC, Washington, D.C. 20240.

OMB Control Number: 1018-0100 (Expires: 7/31/2021)

SOLICITATIONS: The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) program does not use social media or contact individuals by phone to solicit, review, or make awards. Government staff will NOT call or message you requesting money in order to be eligible for an award. Please report any information and documentation that you have related to such incidents to the FBI's Internet Crime Complaint Center (<https://www.ic3.gov>) and your local law enforcement authorities.

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INTRODUCTION

The following proposal instructions, associated information, and examples are designed to guide applicants already familiar with the purpose, scope, and expectations of the Small Grants Program in preparing and submitting their application. Therefore, to ensure your project proposal's eligibility and to improve its funding potential, **please be sure you first read all of the information provided** on the Small Grants Program's introductory web page and application instructions overview page, located at: <https://www.fws.gov/birds/grants/north-american-wetland-conservation-act/small-grants.php>.

HOW TO MAKE YOUR PROPOSAL SUCCESSFUL

Contact a Migratory Bird Joint Venture

Before you begin preparing your proposal you are encouraged to contact the coordinator of the Migratory Bird Joint Venture where your project is located. Joint Venture staff can provide valuable input to applicants during project development and proposal writing. In addition, each Joint Venture will review all of the proposal submissions from within their region and provide feedback about each project to the scoring subcommittee. If you are unfamiliar with the Joint Venture system, [Appendix F](#) contains a map of the Joint Venture administrative areas that will help you identify the Joint Venture where your project is located and direct contact to your Joint Venture Coordinator at the [U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Joint Venture Directory](#).

Eligibility Criteria

Before you begin preparing your proposal, be sure to read the specific guidelines regarding the eligible use of grant and matching funds, eligible sources of match, and funding-use restrictions provided in the U.S. Eligibility Criteria and Processes document located at <https://www.fws.gov/birds/grants/north-american-wetland-conservation-act/how-to-apply-for-a-nawca-grant.php>. Proposals will be deemed ineligible if they do not adhere to the eligibility and cost criteria.

If parts of your proposal are not addressed in the Eligibility Criteria or you are uncertain as to your project's eligibility, please contact the [Small Grants Program](#) or NAWCA Small Grants Coordinators: Rodecia McKnight at 703-358-2266 (rodecia_mcknight@fws.gov) or Anya Rushing at 703-358-2032 (anya_rushing@fws.gov).

Proposal Outline Template and Other Information

We recommend preparing the Work Plan, Financial Plan Table, and Tract Table before developing the rest of the proposal. To aid you in completing the proposal, a blank proposal outline can be downloaded here: <https://www.fws.gov/birds/grants/north-american-wetland-conservation-act/how-to-apply-for-a-nawca-grant.php#us-small>.

Application Process Information and Submission

There are two main systems involved in our grant application process - Grants.gov and Grants Solutions. **Grants.gov** - The on-line portal used by all federal grant-making agencies and their applicants to find and apply for federal grant funding.

GrantSolutions- GrantSolutions is a grants and program management Federal shared service provider that supports Federal agencies throughout the entire grants lifecycle - from forecast and funds planning to closeout.

ALL proposals MUST be submitted through Grants.gov.

For guidance on getting set up in Grants.gov, please [click here](#).

Submit proposal and supporting documents within the www.grants.gov announcement.

SAM and DUNS # registration: Grants.gov provides information about acquiring a DUNS number, SAM registration, and authorizing yourself as your organization's Authorized Organization Representative (AOR). Grants.gov and SAM.gov are free websites. Do not pay for your SAM.gov registration or renewal, and do not provide any information to scammers who may contact you. Federal agencies are not required to submit SF-424 through Grants.gov. Federal agencies ONLY can submit proposals and supporting documents directly to nawca_smallgrant@fws.gov.

GrantSolutions- All applications are then fed from Grants.gov to GrantSolutions (www.grantsolutions.gov)

Getting Started: All NAWCA applicants/grantees are required to be registered within www.grant.solutions.gov. Applicants must first properly set up your GrantSolutions account, including obtaining the correct user roles within the system. To help guide you please do the following:

1. Watch applicant and/or Grant Recipient training videos:
<https://home.grantsolutions.gov/home/grantsolutions-self-registration/>
2. **New Applicant Requests in GrantSolutions**
To request that a new applicant be set up in GrantSolutions users must send a request to the GS help desk at help@grantsolutions.gov. Send the information below:
 1. Organization/Individual Name
 2. POC first and last name
 3. POC email
 4. POC phone number
 5. Organization Type
 6. DUNS # (unless exempt)
 7. EIN
 8. Address

For individual recipient users that need roles in GrantSolutions please refer them to the link below. They will request access via the Recipient User Account Request Form and submit it to the GrantSolutions help desk for processing. <https://www.grantsolutions.gov/home/getting-started-request-a-user-account/>

Help desk Support

Please send all GrantSolutions related help desk questions/issues to help@grantsolutions.gov. If needed GrantSolutions will forward the issue to FWS or escalate it up the tiers. If you do not receive a response or if the response did not resolve the issue please ask that the ticket be escalated to Tier 2 or 3.

Very important: enter all requested information under GRANTEE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR (PI/PD) and the GRANTEES ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER" (ADO). Do not forget the username and the correctly spelled email address.

For new applications submit the form without filling in the requested "grant number".

Formatting

Your proposal will be automatically ineligible if the margins and font style/size are modified from the Proposal Outline Template. All margins should be 1 inch and font typeface should be “Times New Roman” Size 11 (excluding tables).

Partner Contribution Statements

We will only accept properly formatted Partner Contribution Statements as verification of partner match. Submitting partner letters that do not follow the format in the guidelines will adversely affect the timely review of a proposal and may result in the contribution being considered as non-match.

Property Acquisitions

Acquisitions have stringent documentation requirements. If your proposal includes property acquisition, including fee simple purchases and conservation easements funded with either grant or matching funds, it is imperative that you review the requirements for real property acquisition assistance stated in the [U.S. Grant Administration Standards](#).

Integrity of Scientific and Scholarly Activities

In 2011, the Department of Interior (DOI) established a policy to ensure and maintain the integrity of scientific and scholarly activities used to inform management and public policy decisions: DOI Policy, 305 DM 3, "[Integrity of Scientific and Scholarly Activities](#)". The scientific integrity policy applies to the DOI employees, contractors, grant recipients, and volunteers when they analyze or share scientific information with the public or use DOI's information to make policy or regulatory decisions. This policy applies to all funding applications received by the North American Wetlands Conservation Act grant programs. Essentially, the use of false data to leverage grant funds is a direct violation of DOI's scientific integrity policy and requires the refund of any associated federal assistance.

MAJOR CHANGES/UPDATES FROM THE 2020 SMALL GRANT INSTRUCTIONS

- FWS has officially migrated to Grantsolutions www.grantsolutions.gov.
- **All Proposals + Required attachments must be uploaded into Grants.gov.**
- **Designated Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)** On May 8, 2020, the Department issued [implementation guidance on the definition of "Designated Unmanned Aircraft Systems \(UAS\)"](#) as the term is used in [Secretarial Order 3379](#), “Temporary Cessation of Non-Emergency Unmanned Aircraft Systems Fleet Operations”. Under this order, Department funds may not be used for the procurement, repair or service of Designated UAS, and Designated UAS may not be operated on Department-managed lands. See also the related proposed “[American Security Drone Act of 2019](#)”.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING A PROPOSAL

Proposal Deadline

Small Grants Program applications may be submitted at any time prior to the deadline, but must be received no later than **4 PM ET on October 15, 2020** in order to be eligible for consideration.

Submitting your Proposal

ALL proposals + Attachments + GIS Shapefiles MUST be submitted through Grants.gov

1. SF-424 and SF-424D forms.

These forms, with instructions, can be found at: <https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/forms/sf-424-family.html#sortby=1>. (see also section XI)

2. Proposal -Please provide one electronic PDF of the narrative proposal, Financial Plan Table, Tract Table, maps, and partner letters.
3. A .zip file of GIS Shapefiles.
4. Other attachments including deeds, leases, indirect cost rate agreements
 - In addition, Email your proposal and supporting documents to your Migratory Bird Joint Venture.
 - **Keep a copy** of any electronic notifications verifying submission of your proposal before the deadline.

Indirect Cost Agreements: If you are requesting grant funds for indirect costs or using indirect costs as match, **attach a copy of your current, signed, and approved negotiated indirect cost rate agreement (NICRA) and any previously approved negotiated indirect cost rate agreement** that was used to determine match costs in this proposal. 2CFR 200.414(f) Allows organizations (except state and local government and tribes) to charge up to 10% indirect cost rate indefinitely and not contingent on any intent to get a NICRA, provided that the organization does not have one. Costs must be consistently charged as either indirect or direct costs, but may not be double charged or inconsistently charged as both.

Easements, leases: Copies of easements and leases that are already in place when the proposal is submitted should be attached to the proposal.

Federal agencies only should submit their application directly, via email, to the Division of Bird Habitat Conservation at. Federal agencies do not need to submit a SF-424 and are exempt from the DUNS, SAM, and EIN requirements.

AFTER PROPOSAL SUBMISSION

Contact email for questions or concerns: nawca_smallgrant@fws.gov

Receipt Confirmation: You will receive an e-mail response within one week of the submission deadline confirming that your application was received. If you do not receive a confirmation, you should contact one of the program coordinators immediately.

Timeframe: All applications are processed in the weeks following the application deadline. Final decisions regarding project selections will be made by the North American Wetlands Conservation Council (Council) at its meeting in February 2021.

Will I hear anything more after the confirmation email? Approximately one month after the submission deadline, we will send the Project Officer comments requesting more information or clarification.

If selected, when will I get access to the grant funds? The Assistance Award (also referred to as the Grant Agreement) is developed by the Service after the Council has made project selections and clearances, payment arrangement steps, and Federal funding appropriations have been met. Instructions for these steps will be issued after the February 2021 meeting. A Division of Bird Habitat Grants Officer will review the documentation. If the Grants Officer finds any problem related to compliance with law, policy, or administrative procedures, s/he will contact the project officer to seek a resolution. After all problems have been resolved, the Grants Officer will send the recipient a signed Agreement. The grant funding period begins on the date of the USFWS signature on the Agreement. A recipient signature is not required.

When can I start incurring costs? Selected proposals will be eligible for pre-agreement costs. You can begin incurring pre-agreement costs at any time after you have submitted your proposal, but you will not be reimbursed until after official agreements are issued.

How will I receive grant funds? Recipients must use the U.S. Treasury's Automated Standard Application for Payments (ASAP). If your project is selected, you will be prompted to set up an ASAP account.

PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

I. PROPOSAL PROJECT OFFICER'S PAGE (limit to 3 pages)

In the proposal template, do not change the font size or margins. Include all the questions on the Proposal Project Officer's Page even if the question does not pertain to your proposal.

Note: Do not include a cover/transmittal letter with the proposal. The Project Officer's Page should be the first page of the proposal. The information below in italics is intended to assist you as you fill out the blank Proposal Outline.

What is the proposal title? *Due to database limitations, it is critical that the title be limited to 80 characters (including spaces) and that phased proposals retain the original title with only the phase number changing. Enter a short, descriptive, and unique title, such as "Falcon Bottoms," "Turtle Bog Marsh," or "Great Bay." If the proposal is a phase of an earlier funded proposal, use the same title as the earlier proposal and include the appropriate Roman numeral to denote that this is a subsequent proposal, such as "Falcon Bottoms II."*

What is the date you are submitting the proposal?

Amount of NAWCA funding request: *up to \$100,000*

What are the geographical landmarks for the proposal?

List Counties and States that the tract(s) are included in; if tract(s) are unknown, then list all of the project area

1. State(s):
2. County(ies): *In alphabetical order*
3. Congressional District(s): *Visit <https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/geography.html> for the most up to date list of Congressional Districts or download the [Congressional District GIS shapefile](#) (select the most recent year and Congressional Districts).*
4. JV(s): *Identify the Migratory Bird Joint Venture area(s). Visit the [USFWS JV Directory website](#) or download the [JV GIS shapefile](#).*
5. BCR(s): *Identify the Bird Conservation Region BCR(s). Visit <https://nabci-us.org/resources/bird-conservation-regions-map/> or download the [BCR GIS shapefile](#).*
6. Project Location zip code(s):
7. Coastal or Non-Coastal Project Site: *See map in [Appendix G](#) or view in the [NAWCA Mapper](#) (uncheck all layers except US NAWCA Coastal Zone to view properly).*

Project Officer Information:

1. Name: *The Project Officer **MUST** be the primary point of contact for the project and must be affiliated with/employed by the grantee's organization. List the person who will be managing the project activities, filing reports, and communicating with DBHC.*
2. Title:
3. Organization: *Full, legal name of Applicant Organization. If the organization entered here is not the grantee organization, please explain. (See 2019 Eligibility Criteria and Processes)*
4. Applicant Organization Address (No P.O. Box Address): *City, State, Zip+4 where available*
5. Project Officer Address (No P.O. Box Address): *City, State, Zip+4 where available*
6. Telephone number: *List the numbers at which the Project Officer can be reached, including work and cell numbers.*

7. Email address:
8. Additional contacts: *We require a single Project Officer, but please list another contact who may communicate with us pre- or post- award about the project if the Project Officer is unavailable. Provide name(s), email(s), and phone number(s).*
9. DUNS Number:

How many more proposals are planned for the same proposal area?

Will any of the NAWCA funds requested as part of this proposal be received or spent by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service or another Federal agency? Yes/No

If yes, which agency(ies) will receive these funds and what is the fund amount:

Agency _____ Amount _____

(add additional lines as necessary and include accounting code if possible)

Does this proposal include acquisition activities that will add to the National Wildlife Refuge System (NWRS)? Yes/No

If yes, please indicate which NWRS program the acquisition(s) will be added to: National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) and which one(s), Waterfowl Production Area (WPA) and which one(s), or Small Wetland Acquisition Program (SWAP).

Are carbon sequestration credits involved in your proposal? Yes/No

If yes, please highlight and provide details in the appropriate financial plan narrative/work plan section. Include information about whether the credits will generate program income (Described in Grant Administration Standards).

Will any portion of any tract or activities associated with any tract be used to satisfy wetland or habitat mitigation requirements under Clean Water Act, Rivers and Harbors Act, Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act, Water Resources Development Act, ecological service credits or other related statutes now or in the future? Yes/No

If yes, please highlight and provide details in the appropriate financial plan narrative/work plan section.

Have you confirmed that all partners, key personnel, and contractors are eligible to participate in Federal grants? Yes/No

Project Officer must confirm that parties are eligible to participate in federal grants by checking the Federal Excluded Parties List at: <https://www.epls.gov/>. If an ineligible party participates in a federally funded project, all or a portion of the federal funding may be terminated.

Briefly describe qualifications and experience of key personnel (1-2 sentences per individual) who will be providing project implementation assistance (e.g., financial officer, project officer, key field staff, etc.):

To ensure that the proposal complies with available guidelines and that partners are aware of their responsibilities, the Project Officer certifies to the following statement: I have read the 2020 Small Grant proposal instructions, eligibility information, and applicable U.S. grant administration policies and informed partners or partners have read the material themselves. To the best of my knowledge, this proposal is eligible and complies with all NAWCA, North American Wetlands Conservation Council, and Federal grant guidelines and the information submitted herein is true and correct. The work in this proposal consists of allowable and eligible work and costs associated with long-term wetlands and migratory bird habitat conservation. *If habitat or migratory bird benefits described in the proposal are found to be grossly exaggerated and/or intentionally misleading, the proposal may be declared ineligible or any resulting awards may be fully or partially terminated.*

Sign & date

Audit reports. If the applicant organization expended more than \$750,000 of federal funds during the last calendar year, please include a copy of your most recent of SF-FAC that was submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse. If your organization did not expend more than \$750,000 of federal funds last year, please certify that the Single Audit (formerly A-133) was not required.

Required Overlap/Duplication Statement: Applicants must provide a statement that addresses whether there is any overlap between the proposed project and any other active or anticipated projects in terms of activities, costs, or time commitment of key personnel. If any overlap exists, applicants must provide a description of the overlap in their application. Applicants must also state if the proposal submitted for consideration under the program is/is not in any way duplicative of any proposal that was/will be submitted for funding consideration to any other potential funding source (Federal or non-Federal). If such a circumstance exists, applicants must detail when the other duplicative proposal(s) were submitted, to whom (entity name and program), and when funding decisions are expected to be announced. If at any time a proposal is awarded funds that would be duplicative of the funding requested from the Service, applicants must notify the Service point of contact for this funding opportunity immediately. *This requirement can be a few short sentences explaining whether there is any overlap between or among proposed projects. For instance, you will need to include an overlap statement if you submitted a tract(s) for funding consideration in a NAWCA Small Grants proposal and also submitted that same tract(s) for consideration under a U.S. Standard Grants proposal (or vice versa).*

Do you have any comments about, or suggestions for, the NAWCA program? You may provide comments with this proposal, or send them at any time by email to: nawca_smallgrant@fws.gov.

II. PROPOSAL SUMMARY (limit to 1 page)

The proposal summary is the only narrative material provided to the North American Wetlands Conservation Council, so it must be descriptive and succinct. We recommend that you write the summary after you have written the rest of the proposal, as this will help to ensure that information in the Summary is the same as in the rest of the proposal. **The Proposal Summary must follow the format provided in the blank proposal outline exactly, including margins, spacing, font size, etc.**

A. General Requirements

1. The Proposal Summary will be used as a stand-alone document and will be subject to editing by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
2. **The Proposal Summary must not exceed one page.**
3. Margins should be 1 inch.
4. Font typeface: Times New Roman, Size 11.
5. **All Proposal Summary totals and Financial Plan totals must agree. Dollar and acreage amounts must be consistent throughout the proposal.**
6. The Proposal Summary must follow the format provided in the Proposal Outline exactly.
7. The information in the Proposal Summary must exactly match the information provided elsewhere in the proposal.

B. Specific Requirements

1. Include the project title and state with initial capital letters. If the proposal is a phase of an earlier funded proposal, use the title of the earlier proposal with an appropriate Roman numeral denoting the phase number.
2. Using the prescribed format in the Proposal Outline, provide the requested information for each category. **However, do not include categories if no information for that category exists.** For instance, if there is no restoration work being done, do not include a “Restored” line in the “ACTIVITIES, COSTS, AND ACRES” section.
3. COUNTY(IES), STATE(S), CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT(S): Provide a list, in alphabetical order, of the county(ies), state(s), and Congressional District(s) that the project tract(s) are included in; if tract(s) are unknown, then list all of the project area.
4. Enter the total grant amount on the right side of the page, right justified, on the same line as the header “GRANT AMOUNT.” Enter the name of the organization(s) that will be allocated grant funds after the “Allocation:,” header (normally, this will be the Grantee organization, which administers the funding as planned in the proposal; however, in certain circumstances, other organizations may be receiving grant funds directly). Enter the allocation amount after the organization(s) name. Enter the total for MATCHING PARTNERS, and the total for ACTIVITIES, COSTS, AND ACRES each on the same line as their respective headers, in alignment with the total grant amount.
5. MATCHING PARTNERS: Enter the grantee organization and contribution (if applicable) immediately underneath the category header. List the matching partners and their contributions under the grantee. Provide the full partner name; do not abbreviate. List the individual match contributions in tabular format.
6. GRANT AND MATCH – ACTIVITIES, COSTS, AND ACRES: Insert the total costs and acreage associated with the grant and match funds to the right on the same line as the header (right justified). Under the header, list one or more appropriate activities, costs, and acreages from the following activity categories: Fee Acquired; Fee Donated; Easement(s) Acquired; Easement(s) Donated; Lease(s) Acquired; Lease(s) Donated; Restored; Enhanced; Wetland Established; Other; Indirect Costs. **List the activities in that order, but do not list categories in which no activity will take place.** After each category listed, indicate the amount being expended in tabular format, then type a slash (/) and the total acreage involved. If building envelope acres are involved with any activities, ensure that these acres are not included in the acreage totals for the proposal.
 - Include only those activities, costs, and acres associated with grant or match funds. See the instructions for the Financial Plan Table for contributions from non-match funds.
 - If acquired acreage also will be restored or enhanced in the current proposal, place parentheses around the restored or enhanced acreage to show that they have already been accounted for under the acquired category.

In the following simplified example, 100 new acres are to be acquired in Fee Title using grant and/or match funds.

- 80 new acres are to be restored using grant and/or match funds; 20 of the 100 acres acquired in fee in this project are also restored – (20); an additional 30 acres acquired in a previous NAWCA project will also be restored – (30).
- 50 new acres are to be enhanced using grant and/or match funds; 30 of the 100 acres acquired in fee are also enhanced – (30); an additional 40 acres acquired in a previous phase will also be enhanced – (40).

GRANT AND MATCH – ACTIVITIES, COSTS, AND ACRES	\$150,000/230 (120) acres
Fee Acquired	\$75,000/100 acres
Restored	\$34,000/80 (50) acres
Enhanced	\$40,000/50 (70) acres

Other \$1,000

7. Only include acre values for the following activities: Acquired, Donated, Restored, Enhanced, or Wetland Established.
8. **NON-MATCHING PARTNERS: List all non-matching partners and contributions in the same format as for matching partners. Just list contributions, do not include acres or activities.**
9. BRIEF SUMMARY OF PROPOSED ACCOMPLISHMENTS: Describe the proposed project's longer term goals and short term (during the two-year project period) objectives; why the work is proposed; who will be doing what activities; where they will be doing the activities (for example, on a Refuge, on private land, near a conservation area); how they will accomplish the work (e.g., building dikes, installing water-control structures); and what, if any, Joint Venture is involved or benefiting.

III. PROPOSAL FINANCIAL PLAN TABLE (1 – 3 pages)

See [Appendix B](#) for a Financial Plan Table Example. See the Proposal Outline for Word format template or download an Excel version here: <https://www.fws.gov/birds/grants/north-american-wetland-conservation-act/how-to-apply-for-a-nawca-grant.php/#us-small>.

NOTE: Due to code requirements within the FBMS, the term “Budget” cannot be used. “Financial Plan” must be used in its place to avoid data access errors.

Additionally, remember grant funds can only be used to fund activities that occur AFTER the grant proposal is received (pre-agreement period) and/or during the two year grant period.

Activities completed prior to receipt of the proposal are ineligible for grant funding.

Note: Landowner and tract names must be consistent throughout the proposal.

A. General Requirements

The proposal should contain a detailed budget table showing total project costs in the following format:

- Identify each tract using a consistent method on all maps and throughout the proposal. Show all costs covered by the grant, each matching partner, and each non-matching partner for all grant/match tracts. Non-match should not be listed in the table unless it has been pooled with grant/match dollars to accomplish specific grant/match acres. Tracts and activities that are entirely non-match should not be included in the table.
- For all grant expenditures, list the partner that will be spending grant funds.
- Proposals that keep grant administration, overhead, and indirect costs (activities not directly associated with acquisition, restoration, enhancement, or establishment) below 20% of the grant request are more competitive. If your organization has an officially negotiated indirect cost rate agreement (NICRA) with a US Federal agency, you may use your negotiated rate even when it exceeds 20%. However, having a cost that is lower than the negotiated rate may make your proposal more competitive.
- Financial plan categories must be line items that specifically describe project costs.
- Do not include categories that do not apply to your immediate, 1- or 2-year project.
- Explain any abbreviations in the Financial Plan Table.
- You may show grant and grantee/sub-grantee contribution on one line for the same tract, but do not combine different partner contributions on the same line. For example, if there are 5 separate partners contributing to fee acquisition for a particular tract, then there should be 5 separate partner entries for that tract. Add lines to the table as needed.
- Separate match funds into “Old” (spent prior to proposal submission but not more than 2 years old) and “New” (to occur after proposal is submitted or during the Grant Agreement period).

- Show each private landowner by name, contribution amount, and tract if they are contributing to grant/match acres.
- Below the Financial Plan Table in the Partner Information section, list each sub-grantee who will receive, because of this proposal, any of the following:
 - Federal grant funds or “new” matching funds,
 - Property (e.g., land structures, dikes, levees, earthen dams, equipment, supplies) that will be purchased with Federal grant or matching funds or
 - Property committed as “new” match.
- Contractors or vendors, and individuals who will be paid for the purchase of goods, construction, planting or services for the purposes of the project are NOT considered sub-grantees.
- Please check the figures listed to ensure they correspond with the budget numbers listed elsewhere in the proposal (in the **Project Summary, Financial Plan Table, Partner letters** and **SF 424(s)**). **The amounts throughout the proposal must agree!**
- You may use a landscape, versus portrait, orientation for the Financial Plan Table page(s) if needed.

B. Financial Plan Table Template

- Use the financial plan template provided in the Proposal Outline, page 4. Modify the number of partner and activity rows as needed. Delete activity rows that do not apply to the proposal.
- Alternatively, you may download and use an Excel version of this table here: <https://www.fws.gov/birds/grants/north-american-wetland-conservation-act/how-to-apply-for-a-nawca-grant.php/#us-small>. Export the Excel version to a PDF and insert it into the Proposal Outline after the Proposal Summary page.

IV. WORK PLAN and TIMETABLE (limit to 1-2 pages)

A. Project Description and Scope of Work

Provide short summaries containing all of the following project information:

1. Project need:

2. Purpose, goals, and objectives:

First describe the immediate, one- or two-year project. Include the overall purpose, the number of affected acres of wetlands and wetland-associated uplands with a brief description of how they will be affected, and any other information necessary to convey an understanding of what the project involves and what it will accomplish. Then, if your project is part of a broader effort, explain how this specific project fits into the bigger picture.

3. Identify, by tract, work to be done and by whom:

4. Holder of NAWCA conservation interest(s) by tract (fee title, easement, lease, etc.):

Answer the above question and state whether your proposal will use grant funds to acquire property and who will hold title. If the title to the property is not being transferred/donated to the National Wildlife Refuge System (NWRS), then confirm that the property in question does not lie within the boundary of a National Wildlife Refuge (NWR), Waterfowl Production Area (WPA), or Small Wetland Acquisition Program (SWAP). If you are uncertain, you can contact the realty officer at your nearest Refuge. To find information about the Wildlife Refuges in your area, please visit:

<https://www.fws.gov/refuges/profiles/bystate.cfm>. You can also download GIS shapefiles of the NWRS acquisition boundaries by region at: https://www.fws.gov/gis/data/CadastralDB/links_cadastral.html.

5. Identify, by tract, the grantor/seller of conservation interests:

6. For Acquisition projects (including e.g., fee title, easement, contracts, leases), please address the following:

A. If mineral and water rights are severed or included. If severed, please explain:

- B. Please identify any existing leases and describe any allowed/prohibited activities resulting from these leases.
 - C. Describe how the acquisition activities will enable better management, create a restoration opportunity, or if they are needed because the site is currently valuable habitat vulnerable to development. Fee acquisition of lands already protected by a conservation easement must be justified.
7. For Habitat restoration, enhancement, and establishment activities:
- A. Identify specific habitat types and plant communities affected by project activities. Those habitat types should be identified in Joint Venture implementation plans or similar documents.
 - B. If a tract includes invasive species treatments or implementation of any type of fencing material, include answers to these questions:
 - What invasive species are present and how will the invasive species be treated (e.g., mechanical or chemical application)? If mechanical, explain what will be done. If chemical application, what kind of chemical will be used and how many applications will be done? If other control methods will be used, please describe.
 - What is the expected duration of the treatment(s)?
 - Who is responsible for maintaining the invasive species control after the treatment and for how long?
 - If working with private landowner(s), is there an agreement involved?
 - How will the invasive species treatments affect the acres over time?
 - Is the fencing wildlife friendly? If so, how will it improve nearby habitat conditions and not impede wildlife movement? For more information on wildlife friendly fencing, please find the suggested document for reference: <http://fwp.mt.gov/fwpDoc.html?id=34461>
 - Who is responsible for maintaining the fencing over time?
8. Equipment: Please list project equipment required to complete project activities and identify if they will be purchased or leased:
9. Expected results and how they will be monitored through the full duration of the benefit period:

B. Timetable

Complete the following timetable that highlights the accomplishment of major activities. The timetable should:

- Identify matching activities that were completed before the grant proposal was received (this is called old match and cannot be older than two years before 1 January of the year of proposal submission);
- Identify match and project activities to be completed either during the project period (1 or 2 years) or during the pre-agreement period, which begins the day after the proposal is received by USFWS and ends when the grant agreement is signed; and
- Provide completion dates for old match activities and estimated completion dates for new match/grant activities.
- Add or delete activity rows as necessary.

	Funding Type	Completion Date
Pre-Grant Period Activities		
Project Period Activities		

V. SMALL GRANTS EVALUATION QUESTIONS (3 pages maximum)

The [North American Wetlands Conservation Act](#) specifies criteria to be used to evaluate proposals. The criteria are captured in the following eight Small Grants Evaluation Questions.

Question A – How does the proposal contribute to the conservation of waterfowl habitat?

Question B – How does the proposal relate to the national status and trends of wetland types?

Question C – How does the proposal contribute to the conservation of other wetland-associated migratory birds?

Question D – How does the proposal contribute to the conservation of habitat for wetland-associated federally listed or proposed endangered species; wetland associated state-listed species; and other wetland-associated fish and wildlife that are specifically involved with the proposal?

Question E – How does the proposal satisfy the partnership purpose of the North American Wetlands Conservation Act?

Question F – How does the proposal contribute to long-term conservation of wetlands and associated habitats and changing environmental conditions? Are there any considerations not previously mentioned in the other Evaluation Questions that should be factored into the evaluation of the proposal?

Question G – To what degree does the proposal allow public access? Is hunting and fishing allowed?

Answer the questions as follows:

1. Answer each question separately. The questions and tables are available in the Word Proposal Outline. Tables are also available in Excel workbook format. Insert any tables completed in Excel into the Word Proposal Outline in the appropriate places.
2. Answers should cover benefits derived from completed grant – and match – funded work in the proposal that occurred within the past two years and will occur during the two-year Assistance Award period.
3. Be as qualitative and quantitative as possible.
4. Do NOT include benefits to a larger area, such as previous or future phases of the current proposal area.
5. Include all habitat types (not just wetlands).
6. Make sure acreage figures are consistent with those given elsewhere in the proposal.
7. Include only benefits from actions covered by the proposal. For example, if the proposal includes acquisition of sites that need restoration, but restoration is not part of the proposal, do not include restored habitat values in answers to the questions. Note that unless restoration is also included in the proposal, proposals for acquisition of degraded wetlands will be evaluated on the basis of the degraded condition and subsequent resource benefits.
8. Reviewers assign points based on information in the proposal. In addition, reviewers evaluate the questions and the proposal in relation to the group of proposals under review.

SCORING TABLE

Small Grants Evaluation Questions		Maximum Points
Waterfowl / Wetlands		
A.	Waterfowl	3
B.	Wetland Types	2
<i>Subtotal</i>		5
Nongame Species		
C.	Nongame and Other Wetland-Associated Migratory Birds	2
D.	Federally Endangered Species and Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN)	2
<i>Subtotal</i>		4

Other Considerations		
E.	Partnerships	2
F.	Long-Term Conservation and Special Considerations	2
G.	Public Access	2
<i>Subtotal</i>		6
Grand Total		15

A. Waterfowl

- How will the completed project benefit waterfowl? Be sure to reference individual species whenever possible, especially the priority populations/species listed below.

Note: Focus on those species that the project is designed to substantially benefit. Consider the typical geographic range of the population or species; do not cite benefits for species that are casual or accidental in occurrence.

High Priority Populations/Species: Tule Greater White-fronted Goose, Dusky Canada Goose, Southern James Bay Canada Goose, Northern Pintail, Mottled Duck, American Black Duck, Mallard, Lesser Scaup, Greater Scaup.

Other Priority Populations/Species: Pacific Greater White-fronted Goose, Wrangel Island Snow Goose, Atlantic Brant, Pacific Brant, Wood Duck, Redhead, Canvasback, Ring-necked Duck, Common Eider, American Wigeon, Cackling Goose.

Other Waterfowl:

B. Wetland Types

- Complete the following “Status, Types, and Acres of Wetlands” table (see [Appendix C](#) for an example of this table)
- For more information about wetland functions, maps, the classification system/types/codes used below, and national and regional status and trends, visit the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) website: <https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/>. Contact regional Joint Venture Coordinators for state or regional information. Not all wetland types are listed below, but they are given in the Cowardin report on the NWI website.
- In Section A, list the match and grant acreage by activity for each wetland type or group of types.
- In Section B, list the acreage by type or group of types for each tract. Additionally, indicate the funding source for each tract (grant funds, new match funds, old match funds or a combination).
- **DO NOT INCLUDE NON-ADD ACRES (NORMALLY INDICATED WITH PARENTHESES) OR NON-MATCH ACRES IN THIS TABLE.**
- If your proposal is funded, you will be required to submit annual reports that compare actual accomplishments with the acreage figures and habitat types you give here. Additionally, you will be asked for actual accomplishments of your proposal in this format as part of your final report. This data will be used to determine the success of your proposal.

ACTIVITY AND TRACTS IN THE PROPOSAL	STATUS, TYPES, AND ACRES OF WETLANDS								UPLANDS	TOTAL
	Note: Types subsidiary to types listed below have the same status.									
	DECREASING			STABLE			INCREASING	NO TREND DATA		
	PEM	PFO	E2Veg	E1	L	R	M2, PSS, PUB, E2US	PML, PRB, E2AB		

SECTION A										
Fee										
Easement										
Lease										
ACQUIRED TOTAL										
RESTORED										
ENHANCED										
ESTABLISHED										
TYPE TOTALS										
STATUS TOTALS										
GRAND TOTALS										
SECTION B										
Tract (funding)										
Tract (funding)										
Tract (funding)										

Funding Categories: (G = Grant, OM = Old Match, NM = New Match, NO = Non-Match)
 E1 = Estuarine Subtidal, E2US = Estuarine Intertidal Unconsolidated Shore, E2AB = Estuarine Intertidal Aquatic Bed, E2Veg = Estuarine Intertidal Vegetated (E2EM, Intertidal Emergent Marsh, E2FO, Estuarine Forested, and E2SS, Estuarine Intertidal Scrub-Shrub), L = Lacustrine, M2 = Marine Intertidal, PEM = Palustrine Emergent, PFO = Palustrine Forested, PML = Palustrine Moss-Lichen, PRB = Palustrine Rock Bottom, PSS = Palustrine Scrub-Shrub, PUB = Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom (PUB, Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom, PAB, Palustrine Aquatic Bed, and PUS, Palustrine Unconsolidated Shore), R = Riverine. Upland category may include restored cropland.

C. Nongame and Other Wetland-Associated Migratory Birds

- How will the completed project benefit nongame migratory birds, particularly those listed in the tables in [Appendix E](#)? Focus on those species that will benefit most from the project.

Note: The bird conservation plans websites provide further information (with contact information for the plan coordinators):

- North American Waterfowl Management Plan (NAWMP): <https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/bird-management-plans/north-american-waterfowl-management-plan.php>
- US Shorebird Conservation Plan: <https://www.shorebirdplan.org/>
- North American Waterbird Conservation Plan: <https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/bird-management-plans/waterbird-conservation-for-the-americas.php>
- Partners in Flight (songbirds): <https://www.partnersinflight.org/>
- Joint Venture Plans: <https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/bird-conservation-partnership-and-initiatives/migratory-bird-joint-ventures.php>

D. Federally Listed Endangered Species and Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN)

- Will the completed project benefit any federally endangered, threatened, or candidate wildlife species?

Note: For more information on Federally listed species and critical habitat, visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service’s Endangered Species Program website: <https://www.fws.gov/angered/>. Click on Species Information for species-specific information. Visit the Service’s Endangered Species Program contacts page <https://www.fws.gov/angered/regions/index.html> for more information in a regional or state context.

- Will the completed project benefit any wetland-dependent Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) from the appropriate State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP)? **Note:** The SWAP for each State can be found here: https://www1.usgs.gov/csas/swap/state_list.html.
- Address only those project activities that will contribute directly to a recovery plan for a Federally-listed species or that will provide direct benefit to a Federally-listed species or SGCN.
- Indirect, minor, or unknown benefits related to such species which may use the project area should not be included.

E. Partnerships

For NAWCA purposes, a partner is defined as a group, agency, organization, or individual which participates in a specific NAWCA project as a match provider.

Non-match partners are eligible for inclusion in this section if the non-match funds are pooled with grant or match funds to accomplish acreage goals.

A partner letter is required for each partner, including non-match partners.

- Does the project involve a new partner or partnership concept?
- Is this project proposed by a new applicant who has not previously received a NAWCA grant?
- How does this project encourage growing the number of waterfowl hunters, other conservationists and citizens who enjoy and actively support waterfowl, migratory birds, and wetlands conservation (e.g., new partners, funding support, local or other governmental support)?
- Who are the partners (**list each one**) and how are they contributing to the project (e.g., in-kind/cash match contribution, technical assistance)?
 - **State agencies:**
 - **Non-governmental conservation organizations:** (e.g., local wildlife club, Ducks Unlimited, Inc., The Nature Conservancy)
 - **Local governments, counties or municipalities:** (e.g., Conservation District)
 - **Private landowners:**
 - **Profit-making corporations:** (e.g., Exxon)
 - **Native American governments or associations:**
 - **Federal agencies:**
 - **Other partner groups:**

F. Long-Term Conservation and Special Considerations

- Complete the “Acres by Longevity of Benefits” Table (see [Appendix D](#) for an example of this table)
- In Section A, list the match and grant acreage by activity for each tenure category.
- In Section B, list the acreage by tenure for each tract. Additionally, indicate the funding source for each tract (grant funds, new match funds, old match funds or a combination).
- **Restoration and enhancement activities should not be listed under the perpetuity tenure category without exceptional and appropriate justification, relative to tenure of agreements. The expectation of maintenance does not make a restoration or enhancement project perpetual.**
- For both sections, only use those activity rows required for your proposal. Please ensure the acreage totals provided in this table match those totals provided on the Summary Page. Also include any non-add acres within parentheses. **Do not include non-match acres!**
- If your proposal is funded, you will be required to submit annual reports that compare actual accomplishments with the acreage figures and habitat types you give here. Additionally, you will be asked for actual accomplishments of your proposal in this format as part of your final report. This data will be used to determine the success of your project.

ACTIVITY	ACRES BY LONGEVITY OF BENEFITS				TOTAL ACRES
	* Includes water control structures made of material other than wood. ** Includes wood water control structures and pumps.				
	PERPETUITY	*26-99	**10-25	< 10	
SECTION A					
Fee					
Easement					
Lease					
TOTAL ACQUIRED					
RESTORED					
ENHANCED					
ESTABLISHED					
TOTAL					
SECTION B					
Tract (Funding)					
Tract (Funding)					
Tract (Funding)					

Funding Categories: (G = Grant, OM = Old Match, NM = New Match, NO = Non-Match)

- Provide a brief narrative describing how the project area and tracts might be affected by changing environmental conditions within the next 30-50 years and how the proposed activities address, in an adaptive manner, any concerns related to these changes in environmental conditions.
- Provide any considerations not previously mentioned in the other Evaluation Questions that should be factored into the evaluation of the proposal.

G. Public Access

- Briefly indicate the degree of public access (e.g., hunting, fishing, hiking) that will be allowed on the proposal grant and match tracts.
- Open to public access means that any member of the public can legally enter NAWCA proposal tract/tracts subject to only modest restrictions (e.g., daylight hours only, small entry fee, etc.). Under this definition, proposal tracts may be closed during certain times of the year or certain types of activities may be limited to facilitate habitat and wildlife management (manage for hunting access, migratory bird sanctuary or other environmental impacts, etc.).
- How many acres will be open to public access? Explain what public access activities will occur (e.g., hunting, fishing, hiking) and on which acres. How many acres will be closed to public access and why?
- 2, 1, or 0 points will be awarded as follows:
 - 2 points – open to public hunting
 - 1 point – open to other public access
 - 0 points – closed to public access

VI. TRACT TABLE

- Ensure that **each** tract involved in the proposal is identified in all relevant sections of the proposal (summary table, financial table, and narratives).
- Landowner and tract names must be consistent (i.e., have the same name) throughout the proposal.
- The tract location (latitude/longitude) information in decimal degrees is mandatory.

- Should your proposal be awarded a grant, you will be asked for actual accomplishments of your proposal in this format as part of your final report. This data will be used in Government Performance Results Act reporting.

Please provide the following information for each tract.

- Tract Identification: use the same name or number throughout proposal. If a tract has multiple activities (e.g., Fee Acquired and Restored), then **create a separate line for each activity**.
- Activity Type: Fee Acquired, Fee Donated, Easement Acquired, Easement Donated, Lease Acquired, Lease Donated, Restored, Enhanced, Wetland Established.
- Wetland acres, upland acres, and riparian miles within each tract. Any riparian acres should already be accounted for in the Wetland/Upland Acres category(ies). Be sure to also include any non-add acres in parentheses, if applicable.
- Public Access: Include total amount of acres that will be open to public access.
- Funding category: Grant, old match, new match, non-match, or combination. Non-match should be pooled with Grant and/or match funds.
- Funding source: NAWCA and/or abbreviated partner names.
- The county and state the tract is located in.
- A central tract location latitude/longitude point in decimal degrees (Example: 38.752906, -77.1084432).
- Title holder (name) after the project is completed. For easements, give both the fee and easement holders.
- Total acre summary line at the bottom of the Tract Table.

Tract Table:

Tract ID	Activity Type	Wetland Acres	Upland Acres	Riparian Miles	Public Access	Funding Category	Funding Source	County and State	Central Tract Location in Decimal Degrees	Final Title Holder
Tract										
Tract										
Tract										
Total Acres		#	#		#Open					

Funding Categories: (G = Grant, OM = Old Match, NM = New Match, NO = Non-Match)

***Definitions** (Extracted from USFWS Strategic Plan 2000 – 2005):

- **Riparian:** A landscape position. Lands contiguous to perennial or intermittent streams, channels, and rivers. Riparian areas may include upland, wetland, and riparian plant communities. Riparian plant communities are affected by surface or subsurface hydrology of the adjacent water source. Riparian plant communities have one or both of the following characteristics: 1) distinctively different vegetative species than adjacent areas, and 2) species similar to adjacent areas but exhibiting more vigorous or robust growth forms.
- **Upland:** Land lying above the level where water flows or where flooding occurs. May include restored cropland.
- **Wetland:** “Wetlands are lands transitional between terrestrial and aquatic systems where the water table is usually at or near the surface or the land is covered by shallow water. For purposes of this classification wetlands must have one or more of the following three attributes: 1) at least periodically the land supports predominantly hydrophytes; 2) the substrate is predominantly undrained hydric soils; and 3) the substrate is nonsoil and is saturated with water or covered by shallow water at some time during the growing season of each year.” (Cowardin et al.1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States) Wetlands

include areas meeting specific criteria included in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual, as well as in the USDA-NRCS's National Food Security Act Manual.

VII. PARTNER CONTRIBUTION STATEMENTS

Guidelines for Partner Contribution Statements:

- **To view a sample partner contribution statement**, see [Appendix A](#). **We will only accept properly formatted Partner Contribution Statements as verification of partner match.** Submitting partner letters that do not follow the format in the guidelines will adversely affect the review of a proposal and may result in the contribution being considered non-match.
- **Each matching partner** listed in the Summary Page must complete a partner contribution letter, including the applicant and private landowners who provide funds or donate title to the property.
- You must also submit similar letters for each **non-matching Federal partner**.
- These letters **must** be signed, dated, and submitted with the proposal.
- Each letter should state the amount of matching and non-matching funds the partner will commit.
- **Failure to submit a partner letter will result in a reduction in your matching contribution by the value of said partner's contribution. If this reduction causes the grant-to-match ratio for your proposal to fall below 1:1, your proposal will be ineligible.**
- You must submit letters for non-federal non-matching partners, especially if the non-matching contribution is of significant value in relation to the requested grant funds.
- If you want to show support from non-funding sources, do not send statements, but instead include a statement in the proposal such as "To illustrate the overwhelming support for this proposal, we have 10 letters on file from landowners and State and Federal representatives."
- The applicant's statement should not be a cover or transmittal sheet for the proposal.
- The contribution amount on the statement must be the same as the amount shown in the proposal for that partner. If the amount differs in any section of the proposal or on the statement, the lesser of the two will be considered the partner's contribution. If there are many such inconsistencies in the proposal, it will be returned as ineligible.
- The partner contribution letter template has been updated to include a question that asks if and how the project will benefit tribal hunting and fishing treaty rights. This change came in response to the House of Representatives Committee on Appropriations Report submitted to the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill for Fiscal Year 2018, which urged the Service to make wetlands restoration projects that protect hunting and fishing treaty rights a higher priority.

VIII. MAP(S) OF PROJECT AREA (2 pages maximum)

Maps are critical sections of the proposal. Well-constructed and informative maps can have a significant impact on understanding the scope and significance your proposal has to wetland conservation. This understanding will be reflected in the scoring process.

Provide at least one map of the project area. The project area is a larger, defined area that encompasses the project's tract(s). A project area can best be described as follows:

- area that is part of a wetlands conservation plan;
- areas in the same wetlands system (e.g., watershed or river basin);
- areas that are managed to meet the same wetlands objectives;
- areas that are in close proximity;
- areas that provide direct benefits to each other; or

- areas that are part of a pooled project with non-match funds, as long as the NAWCA portion is distinctly identified as an undivided interest of the total acres involved.

If the project area is large and cannot be included on just one map then an additional map is preferred. At minimum, provide a map that includes the location of all grant and match tracts in the proposal as well as an overall proposal project area. The map(s) should include:

- Proposal title
- Location of the ENTIRE proposal area (all grant, match, and project area) within State(s) and counties
- Identification and location of all fee-title, easement, and lease tracts (or acquisition priority areas, if tracts have not been identified)
- Identification and location of all restoration and enhancement tracts, major water control structures and other major restoration/enhancement features
- A legend
- Map scale
- A north directional arrow
- Location of natural features (rivers, lakes) to show how the proposal fits into the natural landscape
- Location of previous grant and future proposal sites
- If applicable and possible, show where the proposal is in relation to a larger wetlands conservation project (show larger project boundary and boundary of current proposal)
- Maps should be in color

IX. STANDARD FORM-424 AND SF-424D FORMS (Uploaded into grants.gov)

The SF-424D Assurances for Construction Projects form is required for all NAWCA projects (any project that involves acquisition, restoration, enhancement, or establishment is considered a construction project).

All applicants, except Federal Agencies, are required to submit a completed Application for Federal Assistance (SF-424) AND Assurances Construction Programs (SF-424D) form along with their proposal application. As of December 31, 2017, Grants.gov has developed Workspace for all applicants to apply for grants. You can access and submit the forms through <https://www.grants.gov/>.

Instructions can be accessed at: <https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/forms/sf-424-family.html#sortby=1>.

- **SF-424 Application for Federal Assistance:**
https://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424_3_0-V3.0.pdf
- **SF-424D Assurances for Construction Projects:**
<https://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424D-V1.1.pdf>

To learn more about Grants.gov's Workspace and how to apply for Grants, visit:
<https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/apply-for-grants.html>.

Use the most current version of the SF-424 form. We will only accept the updated form. It is necessary to obtain a DUNS number from Dun and Bradstreet in order to apply for any Federal grant. **The address on an applicant's SF-424 (#8d) must match the address associated with DUNS number (#8c)!** Instructions for obtaining a DUNS number are found at the Grants.gov website above. The following instructions for completing the SF-424 to accompany a NAWCA proposal supersede those on the back of the SF-424.

CELL NUMBER and TITLE	INSTRUCTIONS
1. Type of Submission	Check "Application"
2. Type of Application	Check "New"
3. Date Received	Leave blank
4. Applicant Identifier	Leave blank
5. a. Federal Entity Identifier	Leave blank
5 .b. Federal Award Identifier	Leave blank
6. Date Received by State	Leave blank
7. State Application Identifier	Leave blank
8. (a-e) – Applicant Information	See instructions. "c." *DUNS # required
9. Type of Applicant	See instructions
10. Name of Federal Agency	Enter "U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service"
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number and Title	Enter "15.623" and "NAWCA U.S. SMALL GRANTS"
12. Funding Opportunity Number/Title:	Enter "15.623" and "NAWCA U.S. SMALL GRANTS"
13. Competition Identification Number/Title:	Leave blank
14. Areas Affected by Project	Enter only information for "Counties and States" that the tract(s) are included in; if tract(s) are unknown then list all of the project area
15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project	Enter title used in Part 1 of proposal.
16. Congressional Districts of Applicant/Project	See instructions
17. Proposed Project Start and End Dates	See instructions
18. Estimated Funding	Do not include non-match \$. In "a", only include NAWCA grant \$. In "b-e", only include matching partner \$. For "e- Other", include private organizations, etc. Leave "f- Program Income" blank
19. Is Application Subject to Review by State EO 12372 Process?	Only applicable to states.
20. Is Applicant Delinquent on any Federal Debt?	See instructions
21. Authorized Representative	SIGNATURE AND DATE REQUIRED by the authorized representative of the applicant organization. We will not accept a typed signature. Please scan signed document or insert an electronic signature and send electronically as part of the proposal application. Downloads from Grants.gov must also be signed as noted

ATTACHMENTS (Uploaded into Grants.gov)

ALL ATTACHMENTS will be uploaded into Grants.gov

1. Copies of existing easements, leases, and deeds, and models/templates for easements and leases to be acquired during the project period.
2. Copy of the Indirect Cost Rate Agreement + Response below:
 - Upload the Signed, Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate agreement, if applicable.
 - Upload the response below:

All applicants, except individuals applying for funds separate from a business or non-profit organization he/she may operate, must include in their application one of the following statements, and attach to their application any required documentation identified in the applicable statement:

“We are:

- A U.S. state or local government entity receiving more than \$35 million in direct Federal funding each year with an indirect cost rate of [insert rate]. We submit our indirect cost rate proposals to our cognizant agency. A copy of our most recently approved rate agreement/certification is attached.
- A U.S. state or local government entity receiving less than \$35 million in direct Federal funding with an indirect cost rate of [insert rate]. We are required to prepare and retain for audit an indirect cost rate proposal and related documentation to support those costs.
- A [insert your organization type; U.S. states and local governments, please use one of the statements above or below] that has previously negotiated or currently has an approved indirect cost rate with our cognizant agency. Our indirect cost rate is [insert rate]. [Insert either: “A copy of our most recently approved but expired rate agreement is attached. In the event an award is made, we will submit an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency within 90 calendar days after the award is made” OR “A copy of our current, approved rate agreement is attached”].
- A [insert your organization type] that has never submitted an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency. Our indirect cost rate is [insert rate]. In the event an award is made, we will submit an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency within 90 calendar days after the award is made.
- A [insert your organization type] that has never submitted an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency and has an indirect cost rate that is lower than 10%. Our indirect cost rate is [insert rate; must be lower than 10%]. However, in the event an award is made, will not be able to meet the requirement to submit an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency within 90 calendar days after award. We request as a condition of award to charge a flat indirect cost rate of [insert rate; must be less than 10%] of [insert a clear description of the direct cost base against which your rate is charged (e.g., salaries; salaries and fringe benefits; or modified total direct costs). However, please note that your organization cannot charge indirect costs in excess of the indirect costs that would be recovered if applied against modified total direct costs as defined in 2 CFR 200.68]. We understand that we must notify the USFWS in writing immediately if we establish an approved rate with our cognizant agency at any point during the award period. [insert your organization type] that has never submitted an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency and has an indirect cost rate that is 10% or higher. Our indirect cost rate is [insert your organization’s indirect rate; must be 10% or higher]. However, in the event an award is made, we will not be able to meet the requirement to submit an indirect cost rate proposal to our cognizant agency within 90 calendar days after award. We request as a condition of award to charge a flat *de minimis* indirect cost rate of 10% of modified total direct costs as defined in Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, section 200.68. We understand that we must notify the USFWS in writing immediately if

we do establish an approved rate with our cognizant agency at any point during the award period. We understand that additional Federal funds may not be available to support an unexpected increase in indirect costs during the project period and such changes are subject to review, negotiation, and prior approval by the USFWS.

- A [insert your organization type] that is submitting this proposal for consideration under the [insert either “Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit Program” or “Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Unit Network”], which has a Department of the Interior-approved indirect cost rate cap of [insert program rate]. If we have an approved indirect cost rate with our cognizant agency, we understand that we must apply this reduced rate against the same direct cost base as identified in our approved indirect cost rate agreement. If we do not have an approved indirect cost rate with our cognizant agency, we understand that the basis for direct costs will be the modified total direct cost base defined in 2 CFR 200.68, “Modified Total Direct Cost (MTDC)”. We understand that we must request prior approval from the USFWS to use the MTDC base instead of the base identified in our approved indirect cost rate agreement, and that USFWS approval of such a request will be based on: 1) a determination that our approved base is only a subset of the MTDC (such as salaries and wages); and 2) that use of the MTDC base will still result in a reduction of the total indirect costs to be charged to the award. In accordance with 2 CFR 200.405, we understand that indirect costs not recovered due to a voluntary reduction to our federally negotiated rate are not allowable for recovery via any other means.
 - A [insert your organization type] that will charge all costs directly.
3. Copy of SF-LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form (required only if the applicant has lobbying activities to disclose). For more information go to: https://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SFLLL_1_2_P-V1.2.pdf.
 4. Statement regarding applicability of and compliance with SF-FAC (formerly OMB Circular A-133) Single Audit Reporting (see cover page). EXCEPTION: If SF-FAC applies to you, send the most recent audit as a separate attachment when submitting proposal.
 5. A .zip file of GIS Shapefiles: **(Uploaded into Grants.gov)**
Please provide a single GIS shapefile that was used to create the maps. The shapefile submitted should use a GCS_WGS_1984 projection and the attribute table should contain a name for each polygon which corresponds to a tract listed in the proposal tract table.
 - Only one GIS shapefile should be submitted for each proposal. The shapefile must be a polygon(s), not points or lines.
 - Submit the shapefile as a zip file. The submitted shapefile should have these file extensions, at minimum: **.shp, .dbf, .shx, .prj, .xml**. Any other extensions that are submitted are extra, but do not delete these.
 - The shapefile may contain multiple polygons representing the location of each of the tracts involved in the project, but must, **at minimum**, contain a polygon of the overall project area.

The attribute table should very closely resemble the tract table, with a few exceptions. The shapefile should contain the Project Name, Total Acreage (you do not need to break out the wetland/upland acres), and Project Area entry. Tract Name is optional if you have instead been using Tract ID throughout the proposal. The other fields are mandatory and should follow these field property *suggestions*:

- FID – *automatically assigned*

- Shape – Polygon. *If your shapefile is in Polygon ZM format, please convert it to a standard Polygon.*
- PROJ_NAME – Text; Length:100
- TRACT_ID – Text; Length:25. *Tract ID should match the ID used throughout the proposal and Tract Table. You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- ACTTYPE – Text; Length:50. *List the abbreviated activity per tract using this key: FA = Fee Acquired, FD = Fee Donated, EA = Easement Acquired, ED = Easement Donated, LA = Lease Acquired, LD = Lease Donated, RS = Restored, EN = Enhanced, WE = Wetland Established. You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- TRACT_NAME – Optional. Text; Length:50. *You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- ACREAGE – Double; Default Precision and Scale. *Total acreage of wetland and upland components. You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- FUNDING – Text; Length:50. *Funding category (Grant, Old Match, New Match, Non-Match). You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- COUNTY – Text; Length:50. *You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- STATE – Text; Length:10. *Two letter state abbreviation. You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*
- LATITUDE – Double; Default Precision and Scale
- LONGITUDE – Double; Default Precision and Scale
- HOLDER – Text; Length:50 *Final Title Holder. You may leave this field entry blank for the Project Area.*

Any additional attribute fields submitted will be considered extra information. For tracts that will be determined at a time after the project is funded, please still list the tract in the attribute field. Assign the tract with the same geographical boundary as the Project Area. If you are undertaking a project where the exact activity location cannot be determined at the time of proposal (i.e., easement acquisition in the prairie potholes), then include a single polygon which encompasses the larger project area where the activities are targeted to occur.

If you do not have access to a GIS software, there are several free alternatives available. Please send us a .kmz or shapefile of the project area and tracts.

- Google Earth Pro: <https://www.google.com/earth/versions/#earth-pro>
- Esri ArcGIS Earth: <https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/products/arcgis-earth/overview>
- QGIS (export to shapefile): <http://www.qgis.org/en/site/>

Appendix A: Sample Partner Contribution Statement

We will only accept properly formatted Partner Contribution Statements as verification of partner match. Submitting partner letters that do not follow the format in the guidelines will adversely affect the review of a proposal and may result in the contribution being considered as non-match.

Partner Contribution Letter Template:

NAWCA SMALL GRANT PARTNER CONTRIBUTION STATEMENT

What is the title of the proposal that you are contributing to?

What is the name of your organization (private landowners/individuals indicate “Private”)?

When will you make the contribution?

What is the value of your contribution and how did you determine the value? Does the contribution have a non-Federal origin? If this is based on a fund-raising event or other future action, if that future action fails, will you still provide the contribution amount?

What long-term migratory bird and wetlands conservation work will the contribution cover?

Does the proposal correctly describe your contribution, especially the amount?

If applicable to the proposal, is your organization competent to hold title to, and manage, land acquired with grant funds and are you willing to apply a Notice of Grant Agreement or other recordable document to the property?

Please confirm that your contribution has not been used to meet any other federal programs match or cost share requirements.

Will the project benefit tribal hunting and fishing treaty rights and if so, how?

Do you have any additional comments?

Signature:

Name (printed), Title, and Affiliation:

Date Signed:

Appendix B: Financial Plan Table Example

ACTIVITIES	GRANT \$	MATCHING PARTNERS				TRACT ID	NON-MATCH \$
		ABBREVIATED PARTNER NAME	OLD MATCH \$	NEW MATCH \$	TOTAL GRANT + MATCH \$		
Land Costs: Fee Acquired	\$59,000	DU			\$59,000	1	
		TPL		\$1,000	\$1,000	1	
Appraisals & Other Acquisition Costs		PGCLC	\$2,750		\$2,750	1	
Non-Contract Personnel & Travel		DU	\$700		\$700	1	
A. TOTAL FEE AQUIRED	\$59,000		\$3,450	\$1,000	\$63,450		\$0
G. TOTAL ACQUIRED (Sum of A,B,C,D,E,F)	\$59,000		\$3,450	\$1,000	\$63,450		\$0
Contracts	\$7,500	DU			\$7,500	1	
		CPRA	\$127,200		\$127,200	1	
		TPL	\$135		\$135	2	
	\$7,500	DU			\$7,500	2	
Materials & Equipment		DU	\$1,000		\$1,000	1	
		FWS				2	\$1,000
Non-Contract Personnel & Travel		DU	\$700		\$700	1	
		DU	\$700		\$700	2	
H. TOTAL RESTORED	\$15,000		\$129,735		\$144,735		\$1,000
L. GRAND TOTAL DIRECT	\$74,000		\$133,185	\$1,000	\$208,185		\$1,000
Indirect Costs	\$1,000	DU	\$200		\$1,200	2	
M. TOTAL INDIRECT	\$1,000		\$200		\$1,200		
GRAND TOTAL (Sum of L and M)	\$75,000		\$133,385	\$1,000	\$209,385		\$1,000
PARTNER INFORMATION							
PARTNER INFORMATION	GRANT \$	MATCHING PARTNERS				TRACT ID	NON-MATCH \$
		ABBREVIATED PARTNER	OLD MATCH \$	NEW MATCH \$	TOTAL MATCH + GRANT \$		
The Trust for Public Land		TPL	\$135	\$1,000	\$1,135	1,2	
Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority of Louisiana		CPRA	\$127,200		\$127,200	1	
Ducks Unlimited	\$75,000	DU	\$3,300		\$78,300	1,2	
Partnership for Gulf Coast Land Conservation		PGCLC	\$2,750		\$2,750	1	
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service		FWS				2	\$1,000
GRAND TOTAL	\$75,000		\$133,385	\$1,000	\$209,385		\$1,000

Remember:

- If more than one tract per activity, list each on separate line (i.e., if two tracts are both acquiring in fee, list each on a separate line).
- Delete or add activity rows as they apply (i.e., if no “restoration” delete those rows).
- The Financial Plan should agree with the Summary in Section II and the Tract Table in Section VI.

Appendix C: Status, Types, and Acres of Wetlands Table Example

ACTIVITY AND TRACTS IN THE PROPOSAL	STATUS, TYPES, AND ACRES OF WETLANDS								UPLANDS	TOTAL
	Note: Types subsidiary to types listed below have the same status.									
	DECREASING			STABLE			INCREASING	NO TREND DATA		
PEM	PFO	E2Veg	E1	L	R	M2, PSS, PUB, E2US	PML, PRB, E2AB			
SECTION A										
Fee		50			12	22			16	100
ACQUIRED TOTAL		50			12	22			16	100
RESTORED	37								13	50
ENHANCED	28					17			35	80
TYPE TOTALS	65	50			12	39			64	230
STATUS TOTALS	115			12			39		64	230
GRAND TOTALS								166	64	230
SECTION B										
Tract 1 (G,NM)		50			12	22			16	100
Tract 2 (OM)	37								13	50
Tract 3 (NM)	28					17			35	80

Remember:

- In Section A, list the match and grant acreage by activity for each wetland type or group of types.
- In Section B, list the acreage by type or group of types for each tract. Additionally, indicate the funding source for each tract (grant funds, new match funds, old match funds or a combination).
- **DO NOT INCLUDE NON-ADD ACRES (NORMALLY INDICATED WITH PARENTHESES) OR NON-MATCH ACRES IN THIS TABLE.**

For both sections, only use those activity rows required with your proposal. Please ensure the acreage totals provided in this table match those totals provided on the Summary Page.

Appendix D: Acres by Longevity of Benefits Table Example

ACTIVITY	ACRES BY LONGEVITY OF BENEFITS				TOTAL ACRES
	* Includes water control structures made of material other than wood. ** Includes wood water control structures and pumps.				
	PERPETUITY	*26-99	**10-25	< 10	
SECTION A					
Fee	100				100
TOTAL ACQUIRED	100				100
RESTORED		50	(20)		50 (20)
ENHANCED		80			80
TOTAL	100	130	(20)		230 (20)
SECTION B					
Tract 1 (G,NM)	100		(20)		100 (20)
Tract 2 (OM)		50			50
Tract 3 (NM)		80			80

Remember:

- In Section A, list the match and grant acreage by activity for each tenure category.
- In Section B, list the acreage by tenure for each tract. Additionally, indicate the funding source for each tract (grant funds, new match funds, old match funds or a combination).
- **Restoration and enhancement activities should not be listed under the perpetuity tenure category without exceptional and appropriate justification, relative to tenure of agreements.**
The expectation of maintenance does not make a restoration perpetual.

For both sections, only use those activity rows required with your proposal. Please ensure the acreage totals provided in this table match those totals provided on the Summary Page. Also include any non-add acres with parentheses. **DO NOT INCLUDE NON-MATCH ACRES.**

Appendix E: Bird Conservation Regions And Proposal Section V-C Priority NAWCA Species

BCR 1 ALEUTIAN/BERING SEA ISLANDS	BCR 2 WESTERN ALASKA	BCR 3 ARCTIC PLAINS AND MOUNTAINS
Red-faced Cormorant Pelagic Cormorant Black Oystercatcher Rock Sandpiper (<i>ptilocnemis</i> ssp.) Red-legged Kittiwake Aleutian Tern Arctic Tern Marbled Murrelet Kittlitz's Murrelet Whiskered Auklet	Red-throated Loon Yellow-billed Loon Red-faced Cormorant Pelagic Cormorant Black Oystercatcher Solitary Sandpiper Lesser Yellowlegs Whimbrel Bristle-thighed Curlew Hudsonian Godwit Bar-tailed Godwit Marbled Godwit Red Knot (<i>roselaari</i> ssp.) Rock Sandpiper (<i>ptilocnemis</i> ssp.) (nb) Dunlin (<i>arctica</i> ssp.) (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher Aleutian Tern Arctic Tern Marbled Murrelet Kittlitz's Murrelet	Red-throated Loon Yellow-billed Loon Whimbrel Bar-tailed Godwit Red Knot (<i>roselaari</i> ssp.) Dunlin (<i>arctica</i> ssp.) Buff-breasted Sandpiper Arctic Tern
BCR 4 NORTHWESTERN INTERIOR FOREST	BCR 5 NORTHERN PACIFIC RAINFOREST	BCR 9 GREAT BASIN
Horned Grebe Solitary Sandpiper Lesser Yellowlegs Whimbrel Bristle-thighed Curlew Hudsonian Godwit Red Knot (<i>roselaari</i> ssp.) Rock Sandpiper (<i>ptilocnemis</i> ssp.) (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher Olive-sided Flycatcher Rusty Blackbird	Yellow-billed Loon (nb) Western Grebe (nb) Red-faced Cormorant Pelagic Cormorant (<i>pelagicus</i> ssp.) Bald Eagle Black Oystercatcher Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Long-billed Curlew (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (<i>roselaari</i> ssp.) (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) Aleutian Tern Caspian Tern Arctic Tern Marbled Murrelet Kittlitz's Murrelet Black Swift Rufous Hummingbird Olive-sided Flycatcher Willow Flycatcher	Eared Grebe (nb) Bald Eagle Yellow Rail Snowy Plover Long-billed Curlew Marbled Godwit (nb) Yellow-billed Cuckoo Black Swift Calliope Hummingbird Lewis's Woodpecker Willow Flycatcher Tricolored Blackbird
BCR 10 NORTHERN ROCKIES	BCR 11 PRAIRIE POTHOLE	BCR 12 BOREAL HARDWOOD TRANSITION
Bald Eagle Swainson's Hawk Long-billed Curlew	Horned Grebe American Bittern Least Bittern	Pied-billed Grebe Horned Grebe (nb) American Bittern

<p>Yellow-billed Cuckoo Black Swift Calliope Hummingbird Lewis's Woodpecker Olive-sided Flycatcher Willow Flycatcher</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Swainson's Hawk Yellow Rail King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Long-billed Curlew Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Black Tern Short-eared Owl Red-headed Woodpecker Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Yellow Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Black Tern Common Tern Red-headed Woodpecker Olive-sided Flycatcher Wood Thrush Golden-winged Warbler Canada Warbler Henslow's Sparrow Rusty Blackbird</p>
<p>BCR 13 LOWER GREAT LAKES/ST. LAWRENCE PLAIN</p>	<p>BCR 14 ATLANTIC NORTHERN FORESTS</p>	<p>BCR 15 SIERRA NEVADA</p>
<p>Pied-billed Grebe Horned Grebe (nb) American Bittern Least Bittern Black-crowned Night-Heron Bald Eagle King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Semipalmated Sandpiper (Eastern) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) American Woodcock Black Tern Common Tern Short-eared Owl (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Golden-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Canada Warbler Henslow's Sparrow</p>	<p>Red-throated Loon (nb) Pied-billed Grebe Horned Grebe (nb) Great Cormorant (nb) American Bittern Least Bittern Snowy Egret Bald Eagle Yellow Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Semipalmated Sandpiper (Eastern) (nb) Purple Sandpiper (nb) American Woodcock Arctic Tern Olive-sided Flycatcher Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Canada Warbler Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow Saltmarsh Sharp-tailed Sparrow Rusty Blackbird</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Black Swift Calliope Hummingbird Lewis's Woodpecker Olive-sided Flycatcher Willow Flycatcher</p>
<p>BCR 16 SOUTHERN ROCKIES/COLORADO PLATEAU</p>	<p>BCR 17 BADLANDS AND PRAIRIES</p>	<p>BCR 18 SHORTGRASS PRAIRIE</p>
<p>Gunnison Sage Grouse American Bittern Bald Eagle Snowy Plover Long-billed Curlew Yellow-billed Cuckoo Lewis's Woodpecker Willow Flycatcher</p>	<p>Horned Grebe American Bittern Bald Eagle Yellow Rail Long-billed Curlew Marbled Godwit Short-eared Owl Lewis's Woodpecker Red-headed Woodpecker</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Snowy Plover Long-billed Curlew Lewis's Woodpecker Willow Flycatcher Bell's Vireo</p>
<p>BCR 19 CENTRAL MIXED GRASS PRAIRIE</p>	<p>BCR 20 EDWARDS PLATEAU</p>	<p>BCR 21 OAKS AND PRAIRIES</p>

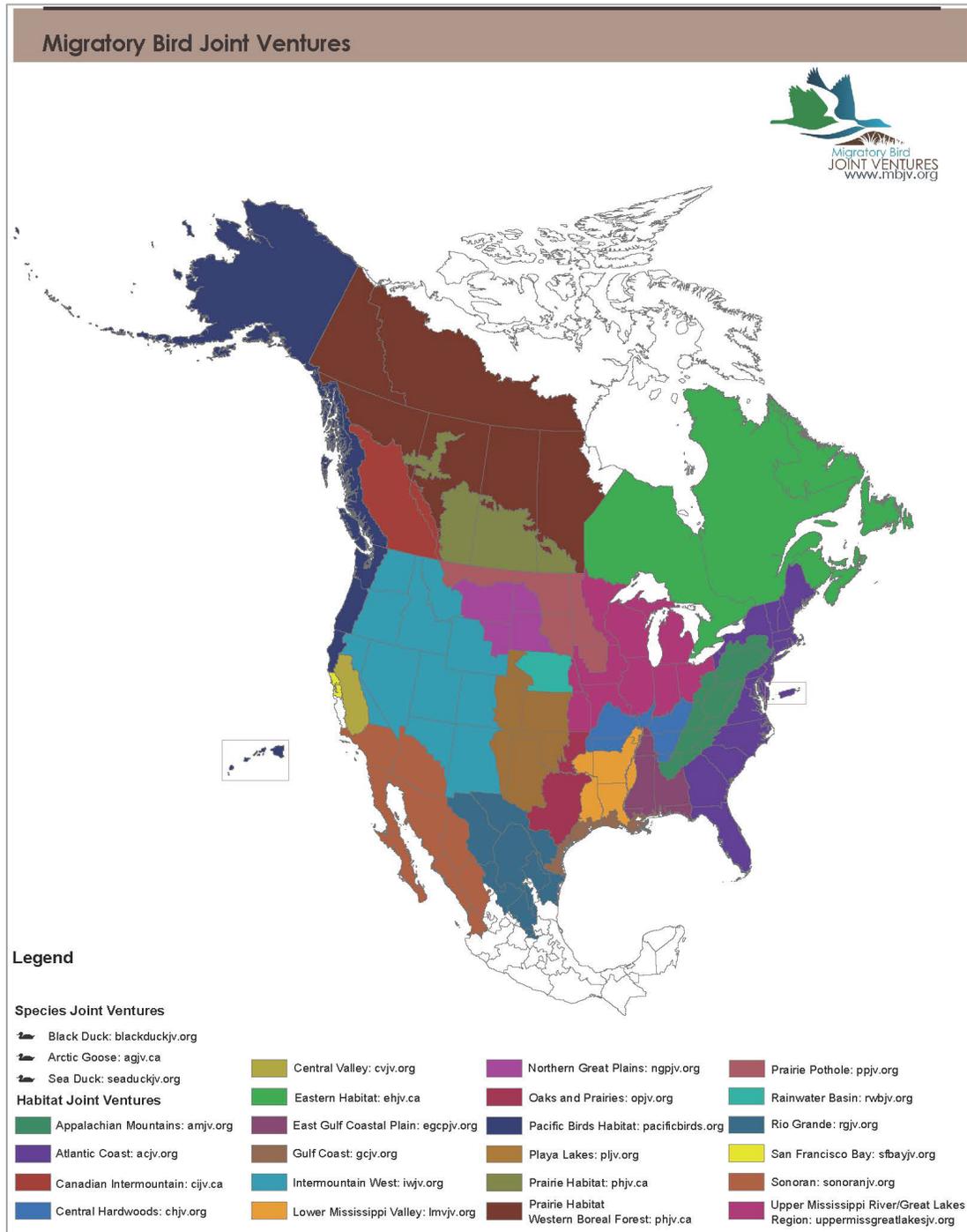
<p>Little Blue Heron Mississippi Kite Bald Eagle Swainson's Hawk Black Rail King Rail Snowy Plover Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Long-billed Curlew Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker Bell's Vireo Henslow's Sparrow Harris's Sparrow (nb)</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Long-billed Curlew (nb) Harris's Sparrow (nb) Orchard Oriole</p>	<p>Little Blue Heron Swallow-tailed Kite Bald Eagle Black Rail (nb) King Rail Long-billed Curlew (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) American Woodcock Red-headed Woodpecker Bell's Vireo Swainson's Warbler Henslow's Sparrow (nb) Harris's Sparrow (nb) Orchard Oriole</p>
BCR 22 EASTERN TALLGRASS PRAIRIE	BCR 23 PRAIRIE HARDWOOD TRANSITION	BCR 24 CENTRAL HARDWOODS
<p>Pied-billed Grebe Horned Grebe (nb) American Bittern Least Bittern Black-crowned Night-Heron Bald Eagle Black Rail King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (roselaari ssp.) (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (a) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Black Tern Common Tern Short-eared Owl (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker Acadian Flycatcher Bell's Vireo Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Prothonotary Warbler Kentucky Warbler Henslow's Sparrow Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>	<p>Pied-billed Grebe Horned Grebe (nb) American Bittern Bald Eagle Yellow Rail King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (roselaari ssp.) (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (a) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Black Tern Common Tern Short-eared Owl (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker Willow Flycatcher Marsh Wren Blue-winged Warbler Golden-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Henslow's Sparrow Bobolink Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Black Rail King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) American Woodcock Short-eared Owl (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker Bell's Vireo Sedge Wren Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Swainson's Warbler Kentucky Warbler Henslow's Sparrow LeConte's Sparrow (nb) Painted Bunting Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>
BCR 25 WEST GULF COASTAL PLAIN/ OUACHITAS	BCR 26 MISSISSIPPI ALLUVIAL VALLEY	BCR 27 SOUTHEASTERN COASTAL PLAIN
<p>Least Bittern Little Blue Heron Swallow-tailed Kite Bald Eagle Yellow Rail (nb) King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) American Woodcock</p>	<p>American Bittern (nb) Least Bittern Swallow-tailed Kite Bald Eagle Yellow Rail (nb) Black Rail King Rail Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb)</p>	<p>Red-throated Loon American Bittern (nb) Least Bittern Roseate Spoonbill (nb) Swallow-tailed Kite Bald Eagle Yellow Rail (nb) Black Rail King Rail Limpkin</p>

<p>Red-headed Woodpecker Wood Thrush Cerulean Warbler Prothonotary Warbler Worm-eating Warbler Swainson's Warbler Louisiana Waterthrush Kentucky Warbler Bachman's Sparrow Henslow's Sparrow (nb) Painted Bunting Orchard Oriole</p>	<p>Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Short-eared Owl (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker Sedge Wren (nb) Wood Thrush Cerulean Warbler Prothonotary Warbler Swainson's Warbler Kentucky Warbler Henslow's Sparrow (nb) LeConte's Sparrow (nb) Painted Bunting Rusty Blackbird (nb) Orchard Oriole</p>	<p>Snowy Plover Wilson's Plover American Oystercatcher Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Upland Sandpiper (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Long-billed Curlew (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Semipalmated Sandpiper (Eastern) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Least Tern Gull-billed Tern Sandwich Tern Black Skimmer Red-headed Woodpecker Sedge Wren (nb) Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Prothonotary Warbler Swainson's Warbler Kentucky Warbler Henslow's Sparrow LeConte's Sparrow (nb) Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow (nb) Saltmarsh Sharp-tailed Sparrow (nb) Seaside Sparrow (c) Painted Bunting Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>
<p>BCR 28 APPALACHIAN MOUNTAINS</p>	<p>BCR 29 PIEDMONT</p>	<p>BCR 30 NEW ENGLAND/MID-ATLANTIC COAST</p>
<p>Bald Eagle American Woodcock Red-headed Woodpecker Olive-sided Flycatcher Sedge Wren (nb) Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Golden-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Swainson's Warbler Louisiana Waterthrush Kentucky Warbler Canada Warbler Henslow's Sparrow Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Black Rail King Rail American Woodcock Short-eared Owl (nb) Sedge Wren Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Cerulean Warbler Swainson's Warbler Kentucky Warbler Henslow's Sparrow Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>	<p>Red-throated Loon (nb) Pied-billed Grebe Horned Grebe (nb) American Bittern Least Bittern Snowy Egret Bald Eagle Black Rail King Rail Wilson's Plover American Oystercatcher Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Semipalmated Sandpiper (Eastern) (nb) Purple Sandpiper (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock Least Tern Gull-billed Tern Black Skimmer Short-eared Owl (nb) Red-headed Woodpecker</p>

		<p>Sedge Wren Wood Thrush Blue-winged Warbler Golden-winged Warbler Worm-eating Warbler Kentucky Warbler Henslow's Sparrow Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow Saltmarsh Sharp-tailed Sparrow Seaside Sparrow Rusty Blackbird (nb)</p>
BCR 31 PENINSULAR FLORIDA	BCR 32 COASTAL CALIFORNIA	BCR 33 SONORAN AND MOJAVE DESERTS
<p>Magnificent Frigatebird American Bittern (nb) Least Bittern Reddish Egret Roseate Spoonbill Swallow-tailed Kite Bald Eagle Yellow Rail (nb) Black Rail King Rail Limpkin Snowy Plover Wilson's Plover American Oystercatcher Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Long-billed Curlew (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Semipalmated Sandpiper (Eastern) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock (nb) Least Tern Black Skimmer White-crowned Pigeon Mangrove Cuckoo Red-headed Woodpecker Black-whiskered Vireo Yellow Warbler (gundlachi ssp.) Prothonotary Warbler Henslow's Sparrow (nb) Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow (nb) Saltmarsh Sharp-tailed Sparrow (nb) Seaside Sparrow (c) Painted Bunting (nb)</p>	<p>Ashy Storm-Petrel Bald Eagle Yellow Rail (nb) Black Rail Snowy Plover Black Oystercatcher Whimbrel (nb) Long-billed Curlew (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (roselaari ssp.) (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) Gull-billed Tern Black Skimmer Xantus's Murrelet Cassin's Auklet Yellow-billed Cuckoo Black Swift Allen's Hummingbird Lewis's Woodpecker Yellow Warbler (brewsteri ssp.) Common Yellowthroat (sinuosa ssp.) Song Sparrow (graminea ssp.) Song Sparrow (maxillaris ssp.) Song Sparrow (pusillula ssp.) Song Sparrow (samuelis ssp.) Tricolored Blackbird Lawrence's Goldfinch</p>	<p>Least Bittern Bald Eagle Black Rail Snowy Plover Long-billed Curlew (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (roselaari ssp.) (nb) Gull-billed Tern Black Skimmer Yellow-billed Cuckoo Elf Owl Bell's Vireo Lucy's Warbler Yellow Warbler (sonorana ssp.) Lawrence's Goldfinch</p>
BCR 34 SIERRA MADRE OCCIDENTAL	BCR 35 CHIHUAHUAN DESERT	BCR 36 TAMAULIPAN BRUSHLANDS
<p>Bald Eagle Common Black-Hawk Yellow-billed Cuckoo Elf Owl Elegant Trogon Lewis's Woodpecker Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet Bell's Vireo Phainopepla</p>	<p>Bald Eagle Common Black-Hawk Snowy Plover Long-billed Curlew (nb) Yellow-billed Cuckoo Elf Owl Bell's Vireo Yellow Warbler (sonorana ssp.) Red-faced Warbler</p>	<p>Swainson's Hawk Snowy Plover Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Long-billed Curlew (nb) Gull-billed Tern Red-billed Pigeon Elf Owl Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet</p>

Lucy's Warbler Yellow Warbler (sonorana ssp.) Red-faced Warbler Varied Bunting	Varied Bunting Painted Bunting	Bell's Vireo Varied Bunting Painted Bunting Audubon's Oriole
BCR 37 GULF COAST PRAIRIE	BCR 67 HAWAII	PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN ISLANDS
American Bittern Least Bittern Reddish Egret Swallow-tailed Kite Bald Eagle Yellow Rail (nb) Black Rail King Rail Snowy Plover Wilson's Plover American Oystercatcher Solitary Sandpiper (nb) Lesser Yellowlegs (nb) Upland Sandpiper (nb) Whimbrel (nb) Long-billed Curlew Hudsonian Godwit (nb) Marbled Godwit (nb) Red Knot (roselaari ssp.) (nb) Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (a) (nb) Buff-breasted Sandpiper (nb) Short-billed Dowitcher (nb) American Woodcock (nb) Least Tern Gull-billed Tern Sandwich Tern Black Skimmer Short-eared Owl (nb) Sedge Wren (nb) Prothonotary Warbler Swainson's Warbler Henslow's Sparrow (nb) LeConte's Sparrow (nb) Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow (nb) Seaside Sparrow (c) Painted Bunting	Laysan Albatross Black-footed Albatross Christmas Shearwater Band-rumped Storm-Petrel Tristram's Storm-Petrel Bristle-thighed Curlew (nb) Short-eared Owl	West Indian Whistling-Duck White-cheeked Pintail Masked Duck Ruddy Duck (jamaicensis ssp.) Audubon's Shearwater Masked Booby Brown Booby Red-footed Booby Magnificent Frigatebird Least Bittern American Flamingo Black Rail Yellow-breasted Crake Caribbean Coot Limpkin Snowy Plover Wilson's Plover American Oystercatcher Red Knot (rufa ssp.) (nb) Semipalmated Sandpiper (Eastern) (nb) White-crowned Pigeon

Appendix F: Joint Venture Administrative Areas

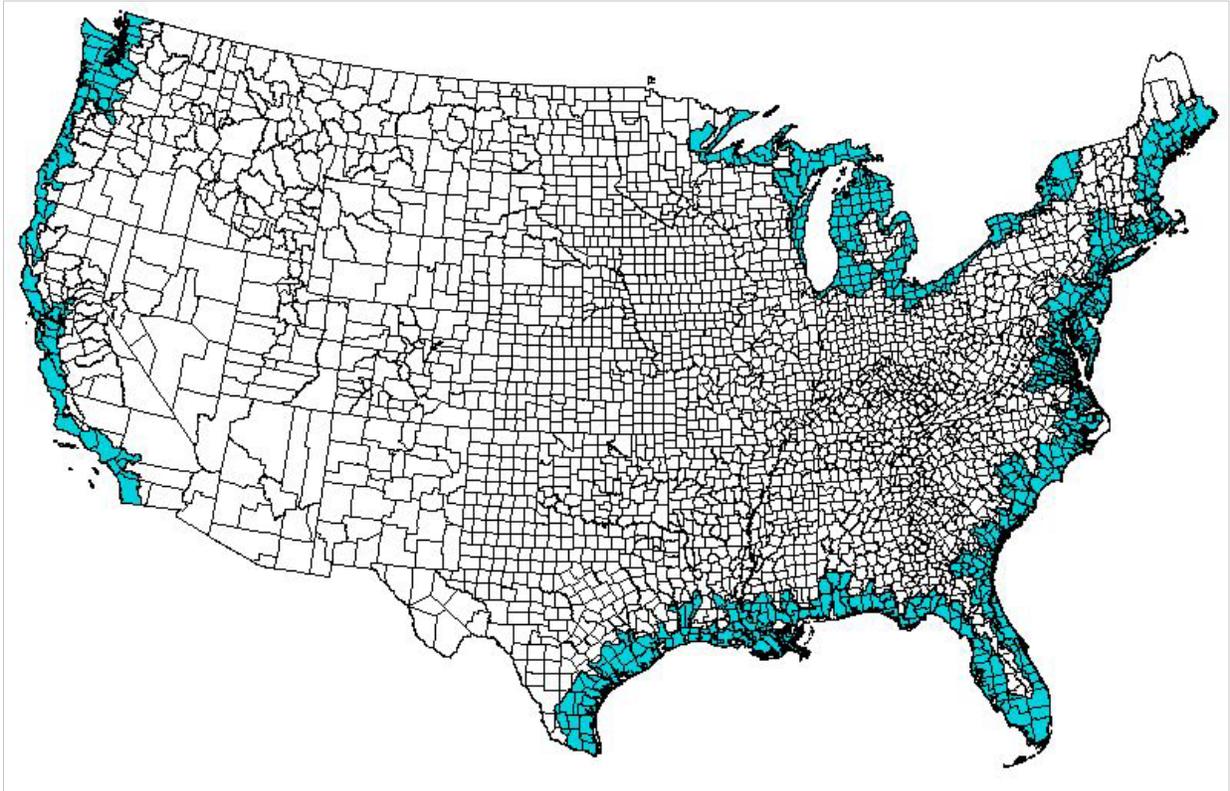


Map can also be found here: <https://mbjv.org/joint-venture-map/>

Joint Venture GIS Shapefile can be downloaded here:
<https://ecos.fws.gov/ServCat/Reference/Profile/81415>

Appendix G: Areas Classified as Coastal Zones (in blue)

For your project to be considered Coastal, more than 50% of the tracts must be located in the US Coastal Zone (outlined in blue in the map below). If tracts have not yet been identified, then more than 50% of the Project Area must be located in the Coastal Zone.



For an online interactive version of the Coastal Zone visit the National Migratory Bird Priority Plans and US Coastal Zone Interactive Mapper:

<http://fws.maps.arcgis.com/apps/MapSeries/index.html?appid=632303c8dd8547e19b2b3198fac45078>