

United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Deepwater Horizon Gulf Restoration Office 341 Greeno Road North, Suite A Fairhope, Alabama 36532



In Reply Refer To: FWS/R4/DH NRDAR

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Memorandum

January 12, 2024

To: Memorandum To File

From: Michael Barron, Deepwater Horizon Gulf Restoration Office

Subject: No Further Consultation Required for Region Wide Trustee Implementation Group's Restoration Plan #1 Project: Bird Nesting and Foraging Area Stewardship – Florida Component

Under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) Section 7(a)(2), each Federal agency shall ensure that any action authorized, funded, or carried out by such agency is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species, or destroy/adversely modify designated critical habitat. If a Federal agency determines that a Federal action will have no effect on ESA-listed species or designated critical habitat, then the Federal agency is not required to consult with the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) for purposes of ESA. This memo does not include any information or effects determinations for protected species under the jurisdiction of the National Marine Fisheries Service.

We have reviewed the project materials provided (Attachment 1) for the proposed project titled "Bird Nesting and Foraging Area Stewardship – Florida Component" and determined that the project is covered by existing biological consultations. There will be no additional effects to other listed or proposed species or proposed or designated critical habitats. Thus, this activity will require no further ESA evaluation. All conservation measures and conditions delineated in these documents must be followed. Should the project be modified in a way that could adversely impact ESA-listed species or habitats, this determination will be reevaluated as appropriate.

We have also reviewed the proposed projects for impacts to bald eagles (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) in accordance with the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940 as amended (16 U.S.C. 668-668c) and impacts to migratory birds in accordance with the Migratory

Bird Treaty Act of 1918 as amended (16 U.S.C. 703-712 and determined that take would be avoided, and best management practices will be followed. In accordance with the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 as amended (16 U.S.C. 1361-1383b, 1401-1406, 1411-1421h), no marine mammals under the jurisdiction of the USFWS will be impacted.

Coastal Barrier Resources Act of 1982 (CBRA) was completed on January 18, 2022. Therefore, no further action is required.

If you have questions or concerns regarding this action, please contact Michael Barron, Fish and Wildlife Biologist, at 251-421-7030 or michael_barron@fws.gov.

Attachments (1)

Attachment 1

Biological Evaluation Form

Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Restoration U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service & National Marine Fisheries Service

This form will be filled out by the Implementing Trustee and used by the regulatory agencies. The form will provide information to initiate informal Section 7 consultations under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and may be used to document a No Effect determination or to initiate pre-consultation technical assistance.

It is recommended that this form also be completed to inform and evaluate additional needs for compliance with the following authorities: Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA), Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA), Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA).

Further information may be required beyond what is captured on this form. Note: if you need additional space for writing, please attach pages as needed.

For assistance, please contact the compliance liaisons USFWS: Michael Barron at michael_barron@fws.gov NMFS: Christy Fellas at christina.fellas@noaa.gov

A. Project Identification

Federal Action Ag	gency(or	ne or more):USFWS	🛛 NOAA 🖂	EPA 🗌	USDA 🗌	
Implementing T	rustee(s): Florida Fish and	l Wildlife Cons	ervation (Commission (FWC	:)
Contact Name: Gareth Leonard Phone: 850-617-9452 Email: gareth.leonard@myfwc.com						
Project Name: B	ird Nes	ting and Foraging	Area Stewards	ship		
DIVER ID# 296	TIG:	Regionwide TIG	Restoration F	Plan # 1		

B. Project Phase

Please choose the box which best describes the project status, as proposed in this BE form, check ALL that apply:

Construction/Implementation Implementation Implemen

C. Project Location

I. State and County/Parish of action area

This project would occur along the coastal zone of all Florida Gulf Coast counties (Escambia through Monroe counties) and some select sites in Northeast Florida (Nassau, Duval, and St. Johns counties). See Figure 1.

 II. Latitude/Longitude for action area (Decimal degrees and datum [e.g., 27.71622°N, 80.25174°W NAD83)

[online conversion: https://www.fcc.gov/encyclopedia/degrees-minutes-seconds-tofromdecimal-degrees] N/A

III. Maps, Drawings, and GIS Data

Please insert any maps, aerial photographs, or design drawings here or attach to the end of this BE form. GIS files may be added to the same folder location as where this BE is filed on Sharepoint. Examples of such supporting documentation include, but are not limited to:

Plan view of design drawings

Aerial images of project action area and surrounding area, showing state or regional scale Map of project area with elements proposed (polygons showing proposed construction elements) Map of action area with critical habitat units or sensitive habitats overlayed

GIS Files to include ARCGIS, KMZ, CAD, or other GIS files are required (WGS 84) for projects with a field component

D. Existing Compliance Documentation

NEPA Documents

Are there any **existing** draft or final NEPA analyses (not PDARP/PEIS) that cover all or part of this project?

YES

Examples:

- -TIG Restoration Plan/EA or EIS (draft or final)
- -USACE programmatic NEPA analysis
- -USACE Clean Water Act individual permit for the project

NO

-NEPA analysis provided by a federal agency that gave approval, funding or authorization

Permits

Have any federal permits been obtained for this project, if so which ones and what is the permit number(s)?

YES NO Permit Number and Type: Florida has a current United States

Fish and

Wildlife Service (USFWS) Migratory Bird Depredation permit (No. MB86892C-5). Additionally, Florida and partners have existing scientific and banding permits, USFWS and United States Geological Survey (USGS) Bird Banding Lab if bird capture and banding is part of this project.

Have any federal permits been applied for but not yet obtained, if so which ones and what is the permit number(s)?

YES NO Permit Number and Type: N/A

If yes to any question above, please provide details in the text box (i.e. link to the NEPA document, or name of the document, year, lead federal agency, POC, copy of the permit or permit application, etc.). This is needed to check for consistency of the project scope across different sources and to facilitate the NEPA analysis. If you do not have a link, email the documents to the TIG representative for the Trustee designated as lead federal agency for the restoration plan.

- RW TIG <u>Final Restoration Plan/Environmental Assessment 1</u> includes a NEPA analysis for this project.
- A migratory bird depredation permit from USFWS is required for lethal and non-lethal control of avian species. Florida has a permit already in place and it is renewed annually by Florida Wildlife Commission (FWC) staff covering statewide activities (Attachment A). Additionally, USFWS and FWC have a cooperative ESA Section 6 agreement for FWC to conduct conservation and management activities with protected species (Attachment B (Agreement) and Attachment C (Reauthorization Letter)).

 In Florida, mammal removal would be conducted by FWC and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA).

FWC is the permitting agency for non-listed mammal trapping and removal (FAC 68A-9.002) (Attachment D) and

does not require FWC staff to obtain a permit for these activities. FWC staff follow protocols and standard permit holder requirements set by the agency for mammalian removal. USDA has completed NEPA analysis for predator management activities in Florida through two EAs:

USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Wildlife Services (USDA-APHIS-WS).
 2003. Management of Predation Losses to State and Federally Endangered, Threatened, and Species of Special Concern; and Feral Hog Management to Protect Other State and Federally Endangered, Threatened, Species of Special

Concern, and Candidate species of Fauna and Flora in the State of Florida. Prepared in coordination with

U.S. Department of the Interior (USFWS and National Park Service), U.S. Department of Defense (U.S. Air

Force), Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), and FWC. <u>https://www.fws.gov/doiddata/dwh-ar-</u> <u>documents/4010/DWH-ARZ009669.pdf</u> ○ USDA-APHIS-WS. 2013. Environmental assessment for mammal damage in Florida. January. <u>https://www.fws.gov/doiddata/dwh-ar-documents/4010/DWH-</u> <u>ARZ009670.pdf</u> Any documentation or information provided will be very helpful in moving your project forward.

Name of Person Completing this Form: Gareth Leonard Name of Project Lead: Gareth Leonard/FWC Date Form Completed: January 12, 2024 Date Form Updated: N/A

E. Description of Action Area

Provide a description of the existing environment (e.g., topography, vegetation type, soil type, substrate type, water quality, water depth, tidal/riverine/estuarine, hydrology and drainage patterns, current flow and direction), and land uses (e.g., public, residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural). Describe all areas that may be directly or indirectly affected by the action. If critical habitat (CH) is not designated in the area, then describe any suitable habitat in the area.

a. Waterbody & Wetlands

If applicable. Name the body of water, including wetlands (freshwater or estuarine), on which the project is located. If applicable, please describe water quality, depth, hydrology, current flow, and direction of flow.

This project would occur in terrestrial (beach and nearshore) habitats along Florida's Gulf Coast and select sites in Northeast Florida (see Figure 1). Numerous wetland habitats may exist in the action area but are not anticipated to be impacted by project activities. No in-water activities would occur as part of this project.

Does the project area include a river or estuary?

YES NO

If yes, please approximate the navigable distance from the project location to the marine environment. ${\sf N/A}$

b. Existing Structures

If applicable. Describe the current and historical structures found in the action area (e.g., buildings, parking lots, docks, seawalls, groynes, jetties, marina). If known, please provide the years of construction.

This project could occur near parking lots, roadways, urban areas, and visitor facilities. Various contemporary and historical structures exist along the Florida Gulf Coast and Northeast Florida coast. One activity for this project is improved habitat management for rooftop nesting least terns – outreach and engagement and voluntary measures will be implemented to better manage this unique nesting situation.

c. Seagrasses & Other Marine Vegetation

If applicable. Describe seagrasses found in action area. If a benthic survey was done, provide the date it was completed and a copy of the report. Estimate the species area of coverage and density. Attach a separate map showing the location of the seagrasses in the action area.

N/A

d. Mangroves

If applicable. Describe the mangroves found in action area. Indicate the species found (red, black, white), the species area of coverage in square footage and linear footage along project shoreline. Attach a separate map showing the location of the mangroves in the action area.

Mangroves are present in Florida's coastal nearshore habitats and could be present near bird nesting sites that are monitored or managed as part of this project.

e. Corals

If applicable. Describe the corals found in action area. If a benthic survey was done, provide the date it was completed and a copy of the report. Estimate the species area of coverage and density. Attach a separate map showing the location of the corals in the action area. Click here to enter text.

N/A

f. Uplands

If applicable. Describe the current terrestrial habitat in which the project is located (e.g. pasture, forest, meadows, beach and dune habitats, etc.).

This project would occur in various beach and nearshore upland habitats along the Florida Gulf Coast and Northeast Florida coast (see Attachment E). Uplands could be a mix of developed and undeveloped spaces, depending on where bird nesting sites are located.

g. Soils and Sediments

If applicable. Indicate topography, soil type, substrate type.

Beaches and nearshore bird habitats along the Florida Gulf Coast and Northeast Florida coast may contain a variety of fine sands and well-drained or flooded soils.

h. Land Use

If applicable. Indicate existing or previous land use activities (agriculture, dredge disposal, etc).

This project would occur in various beach and nearshore bird nesting habitats along the Florida Gulf Coast and

Northeast Florida coast (see Figure 1). Areas along the coast vary in the degree of developed from undeveloped to highintensity development, which includes areas used by the public for recreational purposes such as beach-going, hiking, and sightseeing.

i. Marine Mammals

Please select the following marine mammals that could be present within the project area:

Dolphins	YES	NO⊠
Whales	YES	NO⊠
Manatees	YES	NO⊠

If applicable. Indicate and describe the species found in the action area. Use NMFS' Stock Assessment Reports (SARs) for more information, see <u>http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/sars/region.htm</u>

N/A

F. Project Description

1. Describe the Proposed Action/Project Objectives: What are you trying to accomplish and how with this project? Describe in detail the construction equipment and methods** needed; long term vs. short term impacts; duration of

short term impacts; dust, erosion, and sedimentation controls; restoration areas; if the project is growth-inducing or facilitates growth; whether the project is part of a larger project or plan; and what permits will need to be obtained.

Attach a separate map showing project footprint, avoidance areas, construction accesses, staging/laydown areas.

**If construction involves overwater structures, pilings and sheetpiles, boat slips, boat ramps, shoreline armoring, dredging, blasting, artificial reefs or fishery activities, list the method here, but complete the next section(s) in detail.

Florida supports a diversity of coastal bird species throughout the year, as nesting grounds during the breeding period, as a stopover for migrating species in the spring and fall, and as wintering habitat for numerous species that breed elsewhere. This project would steward and monitor beach and bay shorebirds by reducing human disturbance to and predation of nests and chicks of coastal nesting shorebird species injured by the DWH oil spill and by reducing disturbance during stopover and overwintering periods thus increasing productivity and survival. These techniques have been identified by the DWH Trustees in the Strategic Framework for Bird Restoration Activities (DWH Trustees, 2016).

The overall project would continue and expand upon successful foundational shorebird conservation work by FWC and Audubon Florida to restore and protect Florida's shorebird and seabird species that were affected by the DWH oil spill. The project would employ four strategies (reduce human disturbance, improve habitat quality, reduce predation, and improve regulatory coordination) to increase populations of focal species. This project would focus specifically on the following focal species: American oystercatchers (*Haematopus palliatus*), least terns, black skimmers (*Rynchops niger*), Wilson's plovers (*Charadrius wilsonia*), and snowy plover (*C. nivosus*).

Specifically, project activities include: • Reducing human disturbance: • Implementing strategies to reduce human disturbance by posting nesting, brood-rearing, and sensitive feeding habitats with symbolic fencing (i.e., a small post and rope for temporary human exclusion; see

Figure 2) and/or signage \circ Conducting outreach and education activities including social media campaigns, targeted messaging, educate beachgoers about conserving and protecting birds, and stewardship activities to ensure compliance and education about posted and protected areas

 Through the Florida Shorebird Alliance (FSA), providing comprehensive monitoring coverage and post nests

(i.e., indicate nests with a post) that are vulnerable to human disturbance. The FWCdesignated Critical Wildlife Areas (CWAs), which support some of the most vulnerable beach-nesting bird sites, would receive particular attention.

- Stewarding, outreach, and coordination with local governments to manage conflicts and minimizing disturbance
- Training of and coordination with law enforcement

- Improving habitat quality: Assisting landowners, local governments, and resource management agencies by promoting best management practices
 - Developing plans for future habitat restoration and creation efforts
 - Addressing activities on beaches that are incompatible with nesting shorebirds by establishing protected areas, reducing mechanical beach cleaning, limiting beach driving, and addressing conflicts with feral cat colonies
 - Working with volunteers and partners to coordinate rooftop management (where a majority of least terns nest in Florida), engage with building owners and managers to reduce conflict, and involve FWC Law Enforcement officers when take is imminent or where it has occurred
- Reducing predation: Implementing predator management at priority nesting sites within an adaptive framework that would maximize the efficiency and efficacy of our efforts. Predation management would include lethal (e.g., coyote [*Canis latrans*] trapping, crow shooting) and non-lethal (e.g., perch deterrents, effigies, trash management) approaches implemented by a combination of project staff, partners, and the USDA. Efforts would be focused on priority sites identified annually in a statewide predator management plan, which would be informed by data in the Florida Shorebird Database (FSD) and productivity data from nesting sites.
 - Increasing monitoring where data on productivity rates or cause-specific sources of nest loss are insufficient
 - Evaluating effectiveness of predator management activities by documenting productivity outcomes at sites
 - Developing partnerships with conservation efforts for other imperiled taxa (e.g., beach mice, sea turtles) that may benefit from predator management
 - Coordinating with FWC public relations to increase stakeholder support for predation management. This work would occur along Florida's Gulf coast but would be complemented by work proposed by the FL TIG RP2 Northeast Florida Predation Management project, if funded. It would also contribute to FWC's goal of having comprehensive statewide predation management occurring within the adaptive management framework described here.
- Improve regulatory coordination:

 Providing comments on projects permitted by other agencies, recommend permit conditions to minimize and avoid impacts, and engage with project managers on implementation of permit conditions to ensure compliance. For example, FWC staff coordinate with DEP to include legally binding conditions to protect shorebirds in Joint Coastal Permits issued by FDEP for beach nourishment, coastal engineering, and dredge management. The expertise and partnerships developed by FWC staff are key to successful development and implementation of the permit conditions. These partnerships also can help staff work with other agencies to develop projects beneficial to focal species.
 - Issuing incidental take permits as part of the agency's regulatory authority. These permits must provide conservation or scientific benefit for the affected species, usually through a combination of minimization and mitigation measures, and program staff

direct associated mitigation to meet conservation needs. Staff would finalize and implement Species Conservation Measures and Permitting Guidelines for Florida's four State-Threatened beach-nesting birds. The guidelines would provide stakeholders with a framework for how to avoid take and how to minimize and mitigate for take that is unavoidable.

- Adaptive management monitoring:

 Monitoring allows us to estimate population parameters important to managers, track outcomes, determine where to initiate conservation measures by locating nesting sites, and identify potential or newly created nesting habitat
 - Monitoring would help revise the Shorebird Program goals and evaluate the costeffectiveness of conservation strategies
 - Monitoring data would fill critical knowledge gaps, including productivity levels needed to meet conservation goals and the threats facing rooftop colonies. This information is needed to refine monitoring efforts to measure progress toward recovery of these species and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of management actions.
 - Monitoring would be accomplished by providing standardized data collection protocols, coordinating partners statewide to ensure coverage, providing a centralized data repository (the Florida Shorebird Database), training partners on use of the protocols and database, employing technicians to monitor and manage FWC CWAs, and providing partners with continual support and follow-up throughout the nesting season. Greater than 14,000 records are currently entered into the FSD annually. This reliance on volunteer-collected data dramatically increases the extent of coverage; however, this volume of data requires extensive quality control and data management.
 - Managing the database and the web-based interface. These functions were initially developed for breeding shorebirds but would be expanded to support monitoring of non-breeding shorebirds.
 - Synthesizing data from a variety of partners to develop a robust statewide understanding of the life-stages limiting population growth of our focal species. FWC would collaborate with local and out-of-state partners and disseminate the Shorebird Program methods and results to local, regional, national, and international stakeholders in the form of presentations, manuscripts in peer-reviewed journals, reports, etc.

Project activities include implementation of the above strategies and monitoring.

The project would be implemented at bird nesting sites throughout Florida Gulf Coast counties and Nassau, Duval, and St. Johns counties in Northeast Florida (see Figure 1 and Attachment E), and most activity would occur within the same locations as do existing agency operations, including offices and equipment used by FWC and project partners. Project activities would occur in a variety of public agency offices, private properties, and public lands along the Florida coast.

Rare and protected species and sensitive habitats (e.g., wetlands) could experience slight disturbance from work activities described above. The species could include any ESA-listed species that are potentially found on Florida beaches and nearshore habitats. The activities of project staff while outside of the office, on land, could include temporary disturbances to individual animals, resulting from traffic, noise, and human presence. However, these activities would not create substantially greater human presence on coastal Florida lands. Some sites may be accessed using kayaks (i.e., transporting equipment/personnel) as currently occurs under the program, but all project-related activities such as monitoring and predator management would occur on land.

There would be long-term, moderate, benefits to beach-nesting birds (particularly American oystercatchers, least terns, black skimmers, Wilson's plover, and snowy plovers) because the project's purpose is to increase shorebird and seabird nesting success, productivity, and population density by reducing human disturbance, improving habitat quality, reducing predation, and improving regulatory coordination.

- Construction Schedule (What is the anticipated schedule for major phases of work? Include duration of inwater work.) N/A
- III. Specific In-Water and/or Terrestrial Construction Methods

Please check yes or no for the following questions related to in-water work and overwater structures

Does this project include in-water work?	YES	NO⊠
Does this project include terrestrial construction?	YES	NO⊠
Does this project include construction of an overwater structure?	YES	NO⊠
Will fishing be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES	NO⊠
Will wildlife observation be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES	NO⊠
Will boat docking be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES	NO⊠

If this is a fishing pier, please provide the following information: public or private access to pier, estimated number of people fishing per day, plan to address hook and line captures of protected species, specific operating hours/open 24 hours, artificial lighting of pier (if any), number of fish cleaning stations, and number of pier attendants (if any).

N/A

Construction: Provide a detailed account of construction methods. It is important to include step-by-step descriptions of how demolition or removal of structures is conducted and if any debris will be moved and how. Describe how construction will be implemented, what type and size of materials will be used and if machines will be used, manual labor, or both. Indicate if work will be done from upland, barge, or both.)

iii. Use of "Dock Construction Guidelines"? <u>https://media.fisheries.noaa.gov/dam-migration/dockkey2002.pdf</u> iv. Type of decking: Grated – 43% open space; Wooden planks or composite planks – proposed spacing? v. Height above Mean High Water (MHW) elevation?
 vi. Directional orientation of main axis of dock?

vii. Overwater area (sq ft)?

N/A

b. Pilings & Sheetpiles: If this project includes installation of pilings or sheets, please provide answers to questions 1-11 listed below

1. Method of pile installation	N/A
2. Material type of piles used	N/A
3. Size (width) of piles/sheets	N/A
4. Total number of piles/sheets	N/A
5. Number of strikes for each single pile	N/A
6. Number of strikes per hour (for a single pile)	N/A
7. Expected number of piles to be driven each day	N/A
8. Expected amount of time needed to drive each pile (minutes of driving activities)	N/A
9. Expected number of sequential days spent pile driving	N/A
10. Whether pile driving occurring in-water or on land	N/A
11. Depth of water where piles will be driven	N/A

c. Marinas and Boat Slips (Describe the number and size of slips and if the number of new slips changes from what is currently available at the project. Indicate how many are wet slips and how many are dry slips. Estimate the shadow effect of the boats - the area (sqft) beneath the boats that will be shaded.)

N/A

d. Boat Ramp (Describe the number and size of boat ramps, the number of vessels that can be moored at the site (e.g., staging area) and if this is a public or private ramp. Indicate the boat trailer parking lot capacity, and if this number changes from what is currently available at the project.)

N/A

e. Shoreline Armoring (This includes all manner of shoreline armoring (e.g., riprap, seawalls, jetties, groins, breakwaters, etc.). Provide specific information on material and construction methodology used to install the shoreline armoring materials. Include linear footage and square footage. Attach a separate map showing the location of the shoreline armoring in the action area.

N/A

f. Dredging or digging (Provide details about dredge type (hopper, cutterhead, clamshell, etc.), maximum depth of dredging, area (ft2) to be dredged, volume of material (yd3) to be produced, grain size of material, sediment testing for contamination, spoil disposition plans, and hydrodynamic description (average current speed/direction)). If digging in the terrestrial environment, please describe fully with details about possible water jetting, vibration methods to install pilings for dune walk-over structure, or other methods. If using devices/methods/turtle relocation dredging to relocate sea turtles, then describe the methods here.

N/A

g. Blasting (Projects that use blasting might not qualify as "minor projects," and a Biological Assessment (BA) may need to be prepared for the project. Arrange a technical consultation meeting with NMFS Protected Resources Division to determine if a BA is necessary. Please include explosive weights and blasting plan.)

N/A

h. Artificial Reefs (Provide a detailed account of the artificial reef site selection and reef establishment decisions
 [i.e., management and siting considerations, stakeholder considerations, environmental considerations, long
 term maintenance plan (periodic clean-up of lost fishing gear/debris]), deployment schedule, materials used,
 deployment methods, as well as final depth profile and overhead clearance for vessel traffic. For additional
 Information and detailed guidance on artificial reefs, please refer to the artificial reef program websites for the
 particular state the project will occur in.

N/A

i. Fishery Activities (Describe any use of gear that could entangle or capture protected species. This includes activities that may enhance fishing opportunities (e.g. fishing piers) or be fishery/gear research related (e.g. involve trawl gear, gillnets, hook and line gear, crab pots etc)).

N/A

G. NOAA Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)

If applicable, describe any designated Essential Fish Habitat within the project area in the text box and answer the questions below about habitat effects, conversions or benefits. If there is no EFH in your project area, enter N/A in the box below and move to section F.

Depending on the effects of your project, EFH consultation with NMFS may be required: https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/southeast/consultations/essential-fish-habitatconsultations-southeast N/A

In this table, please use checkboxes to indicate which EFH eco-region(s) and habitat zone(s) in which the project is located. For more information about EFH Eco Regions see the references here:

<u>https://noaasdd.sharepoint.com/:f:/s/tcover/Euupi2PMtXdEqQtJSdKyq-wBdyb42ubMUUbMy7QsijqK7A?e=oYqSsb</u> <u>https://portal.gulfcouncil.org/EFHreview.html</u>

Gulf of Mexico EFH Eco-Region	<u>Estuarine</u>	<u>Nearshore</u>	<u>Offshore</u>
Eco-Region 1: South Florida (Florida Keys north to Tarpon Springs, Florida)			
Eco-Region 2: North Florida			

(Tarpon Springs, Florida, north and west to Pensacola Bay, Florida)		
Eco-Region 3: East Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama (Pensacola Bay, Florida, west to the Mississippi River Delta)		
Eco-Region 4: East Texas and West Louisiana (Mississippi River Delta west and south to Freeport, Texas)		
Eco-Region 5: West Texas (Freeport, Texas south to the U.S./Mexico border)		

Effects to EFH

In this section, please indicate if your project has effects on EFH, either beneficial or adverse. For example, whether the project creates, improves, removes or converts habitat. Please describe the types of habitats that will be affected by the project, including number of acres.

Will this project affect EFH?	YES NO
If no, please proceed to section X. (For example, your project is wholly up yes, please proceed to additional boxes below.	oland or includes only desktop analysis tasks) If

N/A

Will this project have beneficial effects to EFH?	YES NO	
If yes, please describe how your project will have beneficial effects the text box below:		
N/A		

Will this project have adverse effects on EFH?	YES NO
If yes, please describe what type of adverse effects your project will cause	to EFH in the text bow below:

N/A

H. NOAA ESA Species and Critical Habitat and Effects Determination Requested

If your project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed NOAA species or designated Critical Habitats, please check the box below. If this box is checked, you may skip Section H. and proceed to Section I.

⊠This project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed NOAA species or designated Critical Habitats.

 $\Box \mathsf{ESA}$ effects have been accounted for under an existing consultation.

1. List all species, critical habitat, proposed species and proposed critical habitat that may be found in the action area. Species that do not currently occur in the action area (but are listed on county species lists) do not need to be listed in drop downs. For species not included in the drop down menu please add manually to the table.

2. Attach a separate map identifying species/critical habitat locations within the action area. For information on species and critical habitat under NMFS jurisdiction, visit: http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/threatened_endangered/Documents/gulf_of_mexico.p df.

If Gulf sturgeon in marine waters may be affected, include them in the table here. If Gulf Sturgeon in riverine/freshwater may be affected include them in the USFWS table below in Section H. If sea turtles in water may be affected include them in the table here. If sea turtles on land may be affected include them in the USFWS table below in Section H.

Species and/or Critical Habitat	CH Unit (if applicable)	Location (Sea turtles and Gulf Sturgeon <u>only</u>)	Determinations (see definitions below)	For "No Effect", please select justification.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

Determination Definitions

Please make the appropriate choice in the drop down menus for both species and designated critical habitat listed in the firs column.

NE = no effect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action will not directly, indirectly, or cumulatively impact, either positively or negatively, any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat.

NLAA = may affect, not likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is not likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat or there may be beneficial effects to these resources. Response requested is concurrence with the not likely to affect determination. This conclusion is appropriate when effects to the species or critical habitat will be wholly beneficial, discountable, or insignificant. Beneficial effects are contemporaneous positive effects without any adverse effects to the species or habitat. Insignificant effects relate to the size of the impact, while discountable effects are those that are extremely unlikely to occur. Based on best judgment, a person would not: (1) be able to meaningfully measure, detect, or evaluate insignificant effects; or (2) expect discountable effects to occur. If the Services concur in writing with the Action Agency's determination of "is not likely to adversely affect" listed species or critical habitat, the section 7 consultation process is completed.

LAA = may affect, likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat. Response

requested for listed species is formal consultation for action with a likely to adversely affect determination, with a biological opinion as the concluding document. This conclusion is reached if any adverse effect to listed species or critical habitat may occur as a direct or indirect result of the proposed action or its interrelated or interdependent actions, and the effect is not discountable or insignificant. In the event the overall effect of the proposed action is beneficial to the listed species or critical habitat, but may also cause some adverse effect on individuals of the listed species or segments of the critical habitat, then the determination is "likely to adversely affect." Any LAA determination requires formal section 7 consultation and will require additional information.

I. USFWS Species and Critical Habitat and Effects Determination Requested

If your project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed USFWS species or designated Critical Habitats, please check the box below. If this box is checked, you may skip Section I and proceed to Section J.

□This project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed USFWS species or designated Critical Habitats.

$\boxtimes \mathsf{ESA}$ effects have been accounted for under an existing consultation.

1. List all species, critical habitat, proposed species and proposed critical habitat **generated by IPaC** that may be found in the action area. For species not included in the drop down menu please add manually to the table. The IPaC website can be found here: https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/.

2. Attach a separate map identifying species/critical habitat locations within the action area. For information on species and critical habitat under NMFS jurisdiction, visit: http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/threatened_endangered/Documents/gulf_of_mexico.p df.

If Gulf sturgeon in riverine/freshwater waters may be affected, include them in the table here. If Gulf Sturgeon in marine waters may be affected include them in the NMFS table above in Section G. If sea turtles on land may be affected include them in the table here. If sea turtles in water may be affected include them in the NMFS table above in Section G.

Species and/or Critic	al CH Unit	Location	Determinations	For "No Effect",
Habitat	(if applicable)	(Sea turtles and Gulf	(see definitions below)	please select
		Sturgeon <u>only</u>)		justification.

Determination Definitions

Please make the appropriate choice in the drop down menus for both species and designated critical habitat

NE = no effect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action will not directly, indirectly, or cumulatively impact, either positively or negatively, any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat.

NLAA = may affect, not likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is not likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat or there may be beneficial effects to these resources. Response requested is concurrence with the not likely to affect determination. This conclusion is appropriate when effects to the species or critical habitat will be wholly beneficial, discountable, or insignificant. Beneficial effects are contemporaneous positive effects without any adverse effects to the species or habitat. Insignificant effects relate to the size of the impact, while discountable effects are those that are extremely unlikely to occur. Based on best judgment, a person would not: (1) be able to meaningfully measure, detect, or evaluate insignificant effects; or (2) expect discountable effects to occur. If the Services concur in writing with the Action Agency's determination of "is not likely to adversely affect" listed species or critical habitat, the section 7 consultation process is completed.

LAA = may affect, likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat. Response requested for listed species is formal consultation for action with a likely to adversely affect determination, with a biological opinion as the concluding document. This conclusion is reached if any adverse effect to listed species or critical habitat may occur as a direct or indirect result of the proposed action or its interrelated or interdependent actions, and the effect is not discountable or insignificant. In the event the overall effect of the proposed action is beneficial to the listed species or critical habitat, but may also cause some adverse effect on individuals of the listed species or segments of the critical habitat, then the determination is "likely to adversely affect." Any LAA determination requires formal section 7 consultation and will require additional information.

J. Effects of the Proposed Project to the Species and Actions to Reduce Impacts

NOTE: Species selected as "No Effect" with justification in tables above do not need to be addressed in Section I or J.

I. Explain the potential beneficial and adverse effects to each species listed above. Describe what, when, and how the species will be impacted and the likely response to the impact. Be sure to include direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts and where possible, quantify effects.

If species are present (or potentially present) and will not be adversely affected describe your rationale. If species are unlikely to be present in the general area or action area, explain why. This justification provides documentation for your administrative record, avoids the need for additional correspondence regarding the species, and helps expedite review.

Species or habitats protected under the ESA under the jurisdiction of National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) would not be affected by this project, therefore no ESA consultation with NMFS is necessary.

Species or habitats projected under the ESA under the jurisdiction of the USFWS are covered by an existing consultation, therefore no ESA consultation with USFWS is necessary.

<u>Frequently Recommended Conservation Measures and BMPs</u>: This checklist provides standard practices recommended by NMFS and USFWS. Please select any BMPs that will be implemented:

USFWS Standard Manatee In Water Conditions
 NMFS Protected Species Construction Conditions (2021)¹
 NMFS Measures for Reducing the Entrapment Risk to Protected Species¹
 NMFS Vessel Strike Avoidance Measures (2021)¹

Additional BMPs or Conservation Measures

Chapter 6 of the PDARP included an important appendix (6.A) of best practices, see information starting on page 6-173. http://www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/sites/default/files/wp-content/uploads/Chapter-6_Environmental- Consequences_508.pdf

Use the box below to indicate which best management practices or conservation measures you'll be using in your project (that were not listed in Section I above)

N/A

K. Effects to Critical Habitats and Actions to Reduce Impacts

NOTE: Species selected as "No Effect" with justification in table do not need to be addressed in Section I or J.

1. Explain the potential beneficial and adverse effects to critical habitat listed above. Describe what, when, and how the critical habitat will be impacted and the likely response to the impact. Be sure to include direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts to physical and biological features, and where possible, quantify effects (e.g. acres of habitat, miles of habitat).

Describe your rationale if designated or proposed critical habitats are present and will not be adversely affected.

N/A

II. Explain the actions to reduce adverse effects to critical habitat listed above. For critical habitat for which impacts were identified, describe any conservation measures (e.g. BMPs) that will be implemented to avoid or minimize the impacts. Conservation measures are designed to avoid or minimize effects to listed species and critical habitats or further the recovery of the species under review.

¹ https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/southeast/consultations/regulations-policies-and-guidance

Conservation measures are considered part of the proposed action and their implementation is required. Any changes to, modifications of, or failure to implement these conservation measures may result in a need to reinitiate this consultation.

N/A

L. Marine Mammals

I. The Marine Mammal Protection Act prohibits the taking (including disruption of behavior, entrapment, injury, or death) of all marine mammals (e.g., whales, dolphins, manatees). However, the MMPA allows limited exceptions to the take prohibition if authorized, such as the incidental (i.e., unintentional but not unexpected) take of marine mammals. The following questions are designed to allow the Agencies to quickly determine if your action has the potential to take marine mammals. If the information provided indicates that incidental take is possible, further discussion with the Agencies is required.

Is your activity occurring in or on marine or estuarine waters? \square NO \square YES

If yes, is your activity likely to cause large-scale, ecosystem level impacts to the quality (e.g. salinity, temperature) of marine or

estuarine waters? **NO YES**

NO	YES	ΑCΤΙVITY
		a) Use of active acoustic equipment (e.g., echosounder) producing sound below 200 kHz
		b) In-water construction or demolition
		c) Temporary or fixed use of active or passive sampling gear (e.g., nets, lines, traps; turtle relocation trawls)
		d) In-water Explosive detonation
		e) Aquaculture
		f) Restoration of barrier islands, levee construction or similar projects
		g) Fresh-water river diversions
		h) Building or enhancing areas for water-related recreational use or fishing opportunities (e.g. fishing piers, bridges, boat ramps, marinas)
		i) Dredging or in-water construction activities to change hydrologic conditions or connectivity, create breakwaters a living shorelines, etc.
		j) Conducting driving of sheet piles or pilings
		k) Use of floating pipeline during dredging activities

II. If Yes, describe activities further using checkboxes. Does your activity involve any of the following:

III. If you checked "Yes" to any of the activities immediately above or the activity could impact the quality of marine or estuarine waters, please describe the nature of the activities in more detail or indicate which section of the form already includes these descriptions. See the NOAA Acoustic Guidance for more information: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/acoustics/faq.htm

N/A

IV. <u>Frequently Recommended BMPs for marine mammals (manatees are covered in Section I above)</u>: This checklist provides standard BMPs recommended by NOAA. Please select any BMPs that will be implemented:

NMFS Southeast U.S. Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Viewing Guidelines ²	
NMFS Protected Species Construction Conditions (2021) ³	
NMFS Measures for Reducing the Entrapment Risk to Protected Species (2012) ³	
NMFS Vessel Strike Avoidance Measures and Reporting for Mariners (2021) ³	
NMFS Reproducing and posting outreach signs: Dolphin Friendly Fishing Tips sign, Don't Feed Wild Dolphins sign ⁴	

If not listed above, please describe any additional BMPs or conservation measures that may be be implemented for marine mammals. N/A

M. Bald Eagles

Are bald eagles present in the action area? \Box NO \boxtimes YES

If YES, the following conservation measures should be implemented:

2. If a similar activity (e.g., driving on a roadway) is closer than 660 feet to a nest, then you may maintain a distance buffer as close to the nest as the existing tolerated activity.

If bald eagle breeding or nesting behaviors are observed or a nest is discovered or known, all activities (e.g., walking, camping, clean-up, use of a UTV, ATV, or boat) should avoid the nest by a minimum of 660 feet. If the nest is protected by a vegetated buffer where there is *no* line of sight to the nest, then the minimum avoidance distance is 330 feet. This avoidance distance shall be maintained from the onset of breeding/courtship behaviors until any eggs have hatched and eaglets have fledged (approximately 6 months).

² https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/topic/marine-life-viewing-guidelines

³ https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/southeast/consultations/regulations-policies-and-guidance

⁴ https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/southeast/consultations/protected-species-educational-signs

- If a vegetated buffer is present and there is no line of sight to the nest and a similar activity is closer than 330 feet to a nest, then you may maintain a distance buffer as close to the nest as the existing tolerated activity.
- 4. In some instances, activities conducted at a distance greater than 660 feet of a nest may result in disturbance. If an activity appears to cause initial disturbance, the activity shall stop and all individuals and equipment will be moved away until the eagles are no longer displaying disturbance behaviors.

Will you implement the above measures? **NO XES**

If these measures cannot be implemented, then you must contact the Service's Migratory Bird Permit Office. Texas – (505) 248-7882 or by email: permitsR2MB@fws.gov Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida – (404) 679-7070 or by email: permitsR4MB@fws.gov

N. Migratory Bird Treaty Act

In accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty A	Act of 1918 as	amended (16 U.S.C.	703-712), will this	project cause
the take of any birds covered under this act?	NO	⊠ YES		

If YES, please explain and indicate if the pertinent permits will be or have been obtained:

The predation work under this project will result in the take of the following species: 1. Fish Crow, 2. Laughing Gulls, and 3. Great Horned Owls. Florida has a current USFWS Migratory Bird Depredation permit that covers the species listed in this section. Additionally, Florida and partners have existing scientific and banding permits, USFWS and USGS Bird Banding Lab if bird capture and banding is part of this project.

Project proponent will review the appropriate BMPs and CMs found at this website and implement the appropriate measures to the extent practicable: <u>https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds</u> **INO XES**

If NO, please explain:

O. Request Approval for Use of NMFS PDCs for This Project

Complete this section only if your project qualifies for streamlined ESA consultation under the ESA Framework Programmatic Biological Opinion completed by NMFS on February 10, 2016.

To be eligible for streamlined ESA consultation with NMFS, you must implement all Project Design Criteria (PDCs) applicable to your project. Check "yes" for PDC categories that apply to the proposed project, and <u>request PDC checklist from NMFS</u>.

NO	YES	ACTIVITY
		Oyster Reef Creation and Enhancement
		Marine Debris Removal
		Construction of Living Shorelines
		Marsh Creation and Enhancement
		Construction of Non-Fishing Piers

P. Submitting the BE Form

We request that all BE forms and consultation materials be placed on Sharepoint for review. Upon receipt, we will conduct a preliminary review and provide any comments and feedback, including any requests for modifications or additional information.

If modifications or additional information is necessary, we will work with you until the Biological Evaluation form is considered complete. Once complete, we will use the Biological Evaluation form to initiate appropriate consultations.

Questions may be directed to:

NMFS ESA § 7 Consultation

Christy Fellas, National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration Email: Christina.Fellas@noaa.gov Phone: 727-551-5714

USFWS ESA § 7 Consultation

Michael Barron, Department of the Interior Email: michael_barron@fws.gov Phone: 251-421-7030 List of Attachments:

- A. USFWS migratory bird depredation permit 86892C-5 issued to FWC.
- B. USFWS and FWC cooperative agreement for the conservation and management of protected species.
- C. Renewal Letter for USFWS and FWC cooperative agreement.
- D. Florida Administrative Code 68A-9.002.
- E. Detailed list of public and private lands where project activities would occur.

References and Data Sources:

Deepwater Horizon Natural Resource Damage Assessment (DWH NRDA) Trustees. 2016. Deepwater Horizon oil spill: Final Programmatic Damage Assessment and Restoration Plan and Final

Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement.

Baton Rouge, LA: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Available at: www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/restoration-planning/gulf-plan.

Environmental Response Management Application. Web application. Gulf of Mexico. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 2014. Web.

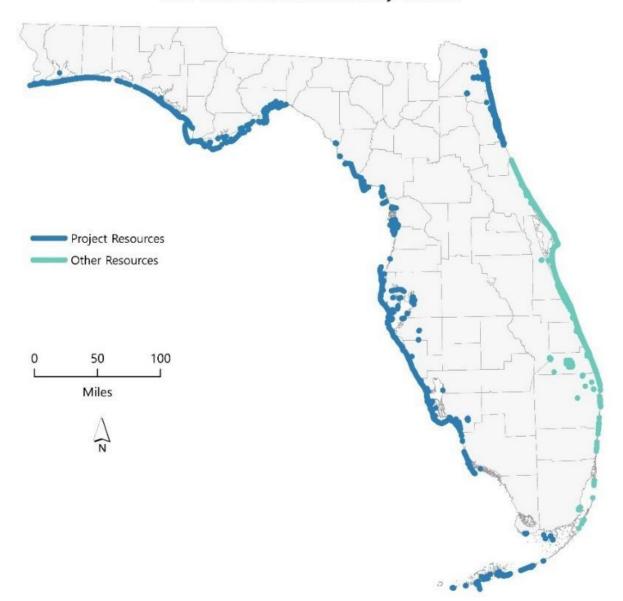
<<u>http://response.restoration.noaa.gov/erma/</u>.> Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). FEMA Flood Map. Available at:

https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search?kbid=62548#searchresultsanchor.

- Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Updated April 30, 2020, "Statewide Comprehensive Verified List of Impaired Waters". <u>https://floridadep.gov/dear/watershed-assessment-section/documents/comprehensiveverified-list</u>.
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). 2006. Sea Turtle and Smalltooth Sawfish Construction Conditions; revised March 23, 2006.
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). 2008. NMFS Southeast Region Vessel Strike Avoidance Measures and Reporting for Mariners; revised February 2008.
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). 2012. Measures for Reducing Entrapment Risk to Protected Species; revised May 22, 2012.
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). 2020. US Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Marine Mammal Stock Assessments – 2019. NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS-NE-264. Available at: www.fisheries.noaa.gov/webdam/download/109188360.
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). 2018. Essential Fish Habitat Gulf of Mexico. Silver Spring, MD: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Available at: www.habitat.noaa.gov/application/efhinventory/index.html.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Wildlife Services (USDA-APHIS-WS). 2003. Management of Predation Losses to State and Federally Endangered, Threatened, and Species of Special Concern; and Feral Hog Management to Protect Other State and Federally Endangered, Threatened, Species of Special Concern, and Candidate species of Fauna and Flora in the State of Florida. Prepared in coordination with U.S. Department of the Interior (USFWS and NPS), U.S. Department of Defense (U.S. Air Force), FDEP, and FWC.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Wildlife Services (USDA-APHIS-WS). 2013. Environmental assessment for mammal damage in Florida. January.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). 2020. Web Soil Survey.

Available at: https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx.

- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC). 2011. Standard Manatee Conditions for In-Water Work.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 2020. Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC). Available at: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/</u>.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 2020. National Wetlands Inventory Wetlands Mapper (NWI). Available at: www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/Mapper.html.
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 2016. National Land Cover Database. Available at: <u>www.usgs.gov/centers/eros/science/national-land-cover-database?qt-</u> <u>science_center_objects=0#qtscience_center_objects</u>.



Shorebird & Seabird Survey Routes

Figure 1. Project sites



Figure 2. Example of symbolic fencing – a wooden post is inserted into the sand and rope is tied between posts to keep humans out of sensitive habitats. Credit: Kim Smith Designs.



Issuing Office:		
Department of the Interior		Digitally signed by
U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE	Resee	Resee Collins 2023-07-26 17:59:09
MB Atlanta Permit Office	116366	
1875 Century Boulevard, NE Atlanta, Georgia 30345 permitsR4MB@fws.gov Tel: 404-679-7070	Collins	
404-079-7070	Acting Chief, Migratory Bird	
Permittee:	Permit Office, Atlanta,	
FLORIDA FISH AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION	Georgia	
COMMISSION		
ATTENTION: EMILY EVANS		
3911 HIGHWAY 2321		
PANAMA CITY, FL 32409		
Name and Title of Principal Officer:		

KIPP FROLICH

Authority: Statutes and Regulations: 16 U.S.C 703-712 50 CFR Part 13, 50 CFR 21.100 Location

where authorized activity may be conducted:

Beaches through out Florida

Reporting requirements:

You must submit a report January 31 to your Regional Migratory Bird Permit Office, even if you had no activity. Report form is at: www.fws.gov/forms/3-202-9.pdf.

Authorizations and Conditions:

A. You are authorized to take:



Species	Number Authorized	Method of Take	
Fish Crow	200	See Condition B.	
Laughing Gull	300		
Great Horned Owl	10		
Great Horned Owl	5	Relocate	
Loggerhead Shrike	6 nests	Addle eggs/destroy nests	

Lethal take is not to be the primary means of control. Active hazing, harassment or other non-lethal techniques must continue in conjunction with any lethal take of migratory birds.

- B. You may use the following method(s) of take: shotgun, in accordance with Standard Condition #6 and the use of pneumaticsand drop nets; trap and euthanize. Also authorized to trap and relocate 5 Great Horned Owls. Also authorized to use lures for predatory Fish Crows and Laughing Gulls during direct removal activities for areas where avian predators are being removed from areas with protected nesting seabirds and shorebirds. Use of paint ball guns is prohibited.
- C. Anyone who takes birds under the authority of this permit must follow the American Veterinary Medical AssociationGuidelines on Euthanasia (<u>https://www.avma.org/resources-tools/avma-policies/avma-guidelines-euthanasia-animals</u> (<u>https://www.avma.org/resources-tools/avma-policies/avma-guidelines-euthanasia-animals</u>)).
- D. The following subpermittees are authorized: any other person who is (1) employed by or under contract to you for theactivities specified in this permit, or (2) otherwise designated a subpermittee by you in writing, may exercise the authority of this permit.
- E. You and any subpermittees must comply with the below Standard Conditions.

These standard conditions are a continuation of your permit conditions and must remain with your permit. These standard conditions are nationwide and may not be modified for individual permits.

- All of the provisions and conditions of the governing regulations at 50 CFR part 13 and 50 CFR part 21.41 are conditions ofyour permit. Failure to comply with the conditions of your permit could be cause for suspension of the permit. If you have questions regarding these conditions, refer to the regulations or, if necessary, contact your migratory bird permit issuing office. For copies of the regulations and forms, or to obtain contact information for your issuing office, visit: https://fwsepermits.servicenowservices.com/.
- 2. General conditions set out in Subpart B of 50 CFR 13, and specific conditions contained in Federal regulations cited above, are hereby made a part of this permit. All activities authorized herein must be carried out in accord with and for the purposes described in the application submitted. Continued validity, or renewal of this permit is subject to complete and timely compliance with all applicable conditions, including the filing of all required information and reports.
- 3. The validity of this permit is also conditioned upon strict observance of all applicable foreign, state, local tribal, or other federallaw.
- 4. Valid for use by permittee named above.



- 5. To minimize the lethal take of migratory birds, you are required to continually apply non-lethal methods of harassment inconjunction with lethal control. Note: Explosive Pest Control Devices (EPCDs) are regulated by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF). If you plan to use EPCDs, you require a Federal explosives permit, unless you are exempt under 27 CFR 555.141. Information and contacts may be found at https://www.atf.gov/explosives.
- 6. Shotguns used to take migratory birds can be no larger than 10-gauge and must be fired from the shoulder. You must usenontoxic shot listed in 50 CFR 20.21(j).
- 7. You may not use blinds, pits, or other means of concealment, decoys, duck calls, or other devices to lure or entice migratorybirds into gun range.
- 8. You are not authorized to take, capture, harass, or disturb bald eagles or golden eagles, or species listed as threatened orendangered under the Endangered Species Act found in 50 CFR 17, without additional authorization. For a list of threatened and endangered species in your state, visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Threatened and Endangered Species System (TESS) at: http://www.fws.gov/endangered.
- 9. If you encounter a migratory bird with a Federal band issued by the U.S. Geological Survey Bird Banding Laboratory, Laurel,MD, report the band number to http://www.reportband.gov.
- 10. This permit does not authorize take or release of any migratory birds, nests, or eggs on Federal lands without additionalprior written authorization from the applicable Federal agency, or on State lands or other public or private property without prior written permission or permits from the landowner or custodian.
- 11. Unless otherwise specified on the face of the permit, migratory birds, nests, or eggs taken under this permit must be:
- (a) turned over to the U.S. Department of Agriculture for official purposes, or
- (b) donated to a public educational or scientific institution as defined by 50 CFR 10, or
- (c) completely destroyed by burial or incineration, or
- (d) with prior approval from the permit issuing office, donated to persons authorized by permit or regulation to possess them.

12. A subpermittee is an individual to whom you have provided written authorization to conduct some or all of the permittedactivities in your absence. Subpermittees must be at least 18 years of age. As the permittee, you are legally responsible for ensuring that your subpermittees are adequately trained and adhere to the terms of your permit. You are responsible for maintaining current records of who you have designated as a subpermittee, including copies of designation letters you have provided.

13. You and any subpermittees must carry a legible copy of this permit, including these Standard Conditions, and display it uponrequest whenever you are exercising its authority.

14. You must maintain records as required in 50 CFR 13.46 and 50 CFR 21.41. All records relating to thepermitted activities must be kept at the location indicated in writing by you to the migratory bird permit issuing office.

15. Acceptance of this permit authorizes the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to inspect any wildlife held, and to audit or copy anypermits, books, or records required to be kept by the permit and governing regulations.

16. You may not conduct the activities authorized by this permit if doing so would violate the laws of the applicable State, county, municipal or tribal government or any other applicable law.

For suspected illegal activity, immediately contact USFWS Law Enforcement 1-844-FWS-TIPS (397-8477)

https://www.fws.gov/le/regional-law-enforcement-offices.html

Cooperative Agreement

between the

United States Department of the Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

and

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

for the Conservation of

ENDANGERED AND THREATENED FISH AND WILDLIFE

This Cooperative Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into between the United States Fish and Wildlife Service ("Service"), an agency of the Department of the Interior, and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission ("Commission") (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Parties" and individually as the "Party") pursuant to section 6(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, 16 U.S.C. §§ 1531-43 (hereinafter referred to as the "Act"), Article IV, Section 9 of the Florida Constitution, and Chapter 68A-27 of the Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Annotated.

WHEREAS, the Parties acknowledge that the Commission possesses authority and jurisdiction over resident Federally-listed endangered and threatened fish and wildlife ("Federally-listed species") in upland, freshwater and marine environments; and

WHEREAS, the Service and the State of Florida first entered into a section 6 cooperative agreement in 1976, which was renewed annually until 2001, when it was superseded by the agreement dated July 18, 2001, and renewed annually thereafter through 2011, when it was superseded by the agreement dated May 15, 2012, and renewed annually thereafter through 2017;

WHEREAS, the Parties desire that this Agreement amend and supersede the agreement of May 15, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States has found that there are Federally-listed and at-risk species of fish, wildlife and plants which are in danger of extinction or in danger of extinction in the foreseeable future, and that these species are of aesthetic, ecological, educational, scientific, economic, and other value to the Nation and its people; and

WHEREAS, the purposes of the Act are to provide a means to encourage the protection and conservation of the ecosystems upon which Federally-listed species

depend, to provide a program for the conservation of such species and to take such steps as may be appropriate to achieve the purposes of the various treaties and conventions related to the conservation of fish and wildlife; and

WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States has declared that encouraging the States and other interested parties, through Federal financial assistance and a system of incentives, to develop and maintain conservation programs that meet national and international standards is key to fulfilling the Nation's international commitments and to better safeguarding the Nation's heritage in its fish and wildlife resources for the benefit of all citizens; and

WHEREAS, the Secretary of the Interior has delegated his responsibilities under section 6 of the Act to the Director of the Service ("Director"), who, in turn, has delegated such responsibilities to the respective Regional Directors of the Service; and

WHEREAS, the Southeast Regional Director ("Regional Director") desires to enter into this Agreement for the purpose of assisting in the implementation of the State of Florida's conservation program for Federally-listed and at-risk species (petitioned, proposed, and candidate for Federal listing under the Act); and

WHEREAS, the Commission has the responsibility to conserve Federally-listed and at-risk species; and

WHEREAS, the State of Florida, through the Commission, wishes to administer its program for the conservation of Federally-listed and at-risk species in harmony with the terms and spirit of the Act; and

WHEREAS, the Parties agree that programs of the State of Florida are designed to assist Federally-listed and at-risk species, and acknowledge their mutual desire to work in harmony for the common purposes of planning, developing and conducting programs to protect, manage and enhance the populations of all such species within the State of Florida; and

WHEREAS, the Regional Director is authorized to establish programs for the conservation of Federally-listed and at-risk species; to provide periodic review of the approved State programs at no greater than annual intervals; to provide funding to such programs in accordance with the terms of the Act provided such funds are available; to provide coordination among the programs of the various States and Territories; and to exchange with the Commission such biological data or other information that may result in the enhancement of opportunities for the continued survival of Federally-listed and at-risk species; and

WHEREAS, the Regional Director has found that the Commission (a) has the authority to conserve resident fish and wildlife determined by the Commission or the Secretary of the Interior to be endangered or threatened; (b) has established an acceptable conservation program, consistent with the purposes and policies of the Act, for all resident fish and wildlife species in the State of Florida that are deemed by the Secretary to be Federally-listed species and has furnished a copy of such plan and program to the Regional Director together with all pertinent details, information, and requested data; (c) has the authority to conduct investigations to determine the status and requirements for survival of resident fish and wildlife; (d) has the authority to establish programs, including the acquisition of land or aquatic habitat or interests therein, for the conservation of Federally-listed species; and (e) has provided for public participation in designating resident species of fish and wildlife as endangered or threatened; and

WHEREAS, the Commission has authority to regulate take of Federally-listed and at-risk species over which the Commission has Constitutional authority, that regulatory authority is commensurate with that of the Service, the Commission has authority to permit incidental take of those species provided there is no net negative impact to the species, the Commission provides public transparency and participation in its programs, and the Commission has authority to enforce prohibitions on take.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree as follows:

Section 1. Cooperation

- a. The Commission will carry out the activities identified in its conservation program for the benefit of Federally-listed and at-risk species in the State of Florida.
- b. The Parties agree to cooperate in the development of programs, plans, and projects for the conservation of resident species of fish and wildlife that are listed as endangered or threatened by the Commission and/or the Service, as well as for at-risk species that may be listed in the future. Activities include but are not limited to: biological planning, conservation design, program development and delivery, monitoring, and research in the development and implementation of landscape-level conservation plans; future conservation needs of species due to accelerated climate change; coordination, development and implementation of species management plans and recovery plans to promote consistency and effectiveness in conservation efforts with stakeholders; and coordination, development and implementation of Permitting Guidelines pursuant to subsection 2.d.1, below.
- c. The Regional Director may provide financial assistance to the Commission to assist in the development and implementation of projects for the conservation of Federally-listed and at-risk species in accordance with 50 C.F.R. Part 81. Such financial assistance will be contingent upon the availability of funds and the Commission's compliance with the requirements of 50 C.F.R. Part 81.

- d. Federal funding to the Commission pursuant to section 6(d) of the Act and the Service's implementing regulations at 50 C.F.R. Part 81 shall be contingent upon a determination by the Regional Director that the Commission's conservation program for Federally-listed species is "adequate and active" pursuant to section 6 of the Act and the implementing regulations at 50 C.F.R. Part 81.
- e. The law enforcement authorities of the Service and the Commission will assist in the implementation and enforcement of this Agreement and will cooperate in the detection, apprehension and prosecution of violators of the Act, of permits issued in accordance with this Agreement, or of any State law intended to conserve Federally-listed and at-risk species.
- f. If the Regional Director determines that the Commission's conservation program is inadequate or inactive, this Agreement and all associated funding may be terminated in accordance with section 7, below, section 6 of the Act and the associated implementing regulations at 50 C.F.R. Part 81.
- g. If the Regional Director determines that the Commission's issuance of permits pursuant to this Agreement does not satisfy the criteria set forth in subsections 2.b., 2.c., and 2.d. below, or that the Commission has failed to exercise its authority to issue any such permit in the manner provided herein, or that the permitting processes fail to achieve the results anticipated by the Service, the Service may suspend and/or revoke such permitting authority. Any suspension and/or revocation will be in accordance with one or more of subsections 2.b., 2.c., and 2.d. below.
- h. The parties agree that the information included in Commission and Service files (including but not limited to reports, data, maps, expert opinion of our staff, etc.) is considered to be held "in common" for the purposes of fulfilling our obligation to conserve the nation's fish, wildlife, plants and their habitats.
- Section 2. Take of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife
 - a. General Rule
 - 1. Except as provided in subsections 2.b., 2.c., 2.d., and below, pursuant to a 50 CFR §§ 17.40-48 special rule, Commission agrees to not engage in, or issue a permit authorizing take of a Federally-listed species without prior issuance of a Service permit to the Commission or to a permit applicant authorizing such take.

2. With respect to the importation or exportation of, or interstate or foreign commerce in, Federally-listed species, the Commission agrees to not to authorize that which is prohibited by the Act or by any regulation issued thereunder.

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- 3. Any person holding a permit issued in accordance with this section of the Agreement shall:
 - a. Assume all liability and responsibility for the conduct of any activity conducted under the authority of such permit;
 - b. Allow the Service to enter onto the premises where permitted activities occur at any reasonable hour to inspect and monitor for permit compliance; and
 - c. Comply with all conditions of the permit and applicable laws and regulations.
- 4. Subsections 2.b., 2.c., and 2.d. of this Agreement are intended to authorize the Commission to issue permits in accordance with the provisions herein and as contemplated by 68A-27.007(1), F.A.C.
- b. Conservation Permits for Federally-listed Endangered Species

Any authorized employee or agent of the Commission may, when acting in the course of official duties, take a resident Federally-listed endangered species for purposes that are consistent with the Act, Chapter 68A-27, F.A.C., this Agreement and the provisions of any section 6 Grant Agreement attached hereto, provided that such taking is not reasonably anticipated to result in:

- 1. the death or permanent disabling of the specimen;
- 2. the removal of the specimen from the State of Florida;
- 3. the introduction of the specimen or any of its progeny into an area beyond the historical range of the species; or
- 4. the holding of the specimen in captivity for a period of more than forty-five (45) consecutive days.

Any authorized employee of the Commission may issue a conservation permit authorizing the take of a resident Federally-listed endangered species for purposes that are consistent with the Act, Chapter 68A-27, F.A.C., this Agreement and the provisions of any section 6 Grant Agreement attached hereto, provided that such taking is not reasonably anticipated to result in:

- 1. the death or permanent disabling of the specimen;
- 2. the removal of the specimen from the State of Florida;
- 3. the introduction of the specimen or any of its progeny into an area beyond the historical range of the species; or
- 4. the holding of the specimen in captivity for a period of more than forty-five (45) consecutive days.

The authority conveyed to the Commission by this subsection may be suspended by the Service. The suspension may apply to all authority under this subsection. The Service may suspend the Commission's authority under this subsection upon a determination by the Regional Director that there exists substantial evidence that such authority has been used inconsistent with this subsection and written notice of this determination to the Commission. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice, the Commission may submit a written request for review of the suspension along with information demonstrating compliance to the Director. The Director shall promptly consider the Commission's submission and may (1) affirm the Regional Director's determination and revoke the authority that was suspended or (2) reverse the Regional Director's determination and reinstate the authority that was suspended.

c. Conservation Permits for Federally-listed Threatened Species

Any authorized employee or agent of the Commission may, when acting in the course of official duties, take a resident Federally-listed threatened species for purposes that are consistent with the Act, Chapter 68A-27, F.A.C., this Agreement and the provisions of any section 6 Grant Agreement attached hereto.

Any authorized employee of the Commission may issue a conservation permit authorizing the take of a resident Federally-listed threatened species for purposes that are consistent with the Act, Chapter 68A-27, F.A.C., this Agreement and the provisions of any section 6 Grant Agreement attached hereto.

The authority conveyed to the Commission by this subsection may be

suspended by the Service. The suspension may be limited to one or more particular species or the suspension may apply to all authority under this subsection. The Service may suspend the Commission's authority under this subsection upon a determination by the Regional Director that there exists substantial evidence that such authority has been used inconsistent with this subsection and written notice of this determination to the Commission. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice, the Commission may submit a written request for review of the suspension along with information demonstrating compliance to the Director. The Director shall promptly consider the Commission's submission and may (1) affirm the Regional Director's determination and revoke the authority that was suspended or (2) reverse the Regional Director's determination and reinstate the authority that was suspended.

d. Incidental Take Permits for Federally-listed species

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Any authorized employee of the Commission, when acting in the course of official duties, may issue a permit authorizing take of a Federally-listed species incidental to and not the purpose of an otherwise lawful activity provided:

- 1. the issued permit is consistent with provisions of a Permitting Guideline appended to this Cooperative Agreement pursuant to the provisions of section 6 below;
- 2. the Permitting Guideline will ensure that: the permit must only address incidental take; the permit must include impact avoidance, minimization, and mitigation measures in a manner consistent with the conservation (i.e., recovery) of the species; the permit must have a scientific or net conservation benefit; the permit must provide for adequate funding for conservation measures and procedures to deal with unforeseen circumstances; the permitted activity must have no net negative impact on survival and recovery of the species in the wild; the permit must contain other measures and assurances [e.g., duration of commitments, deed restrictions, monitoring, reporting, performance requirements, etc.] that the Service and/or Commission may require as being necessary or appropriate; the permit must meet any more restrictive conditions required by any subsequent amendments in Federal or State laws and regulations.
- 3. the permit provisions are enforceable by both the Service and the Commission;

- 4. the authorized take is not otherwise prohibited by other federal treaty or statute beyond the Act;
- 5. the Service has conducted intra-Service consultation pursuant to section 7(a)(2) of the Act on the Permitting Guideline;
- 6. the permits will not exceed any incidental take thresholds specified in the intra-Service consultation;
- 7. the Service has completed the analysis required by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and noticed the availability of the resultant NEPA document for public comment in the Federal Register;
- 8. the Commission has provided opportunity for public stakeholder participation in development of its input into the Permitting Guidelines;
- 9. the Commission provides for real time public access to permit applications, associated information, and permit decisions;
- the Commission notifies the Service upon receipt of an application and issuance of a permit or provides access to a system that allows for the Service to monitor receipt of an application and issuance of a permit; and
- the Commission provides for administrative challenge procedures of its final permit decisions per Section 68-1.001; Section 68-1.008; and Chapter 28-106, F.A.C.

The authority conveyed to the Commission by this subsection may be suspended by the Service. The suspension may be limited to a particular Permitting Guideline or the suspension may apply to all authority under this subsection. The Service may suspend the Commission's authority under this subsection upon a determination by the Regional Director that there exists substantial evidence that such authority has been used inconsistent with this subsection and written notice of this determination to the Commission. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice, the Commission may submit a written request for review of the suspension along with information demonstrating compliance to the Director. The Director shall promptly consider the Commission's submission and may (1) affirm the Regional Director's determination and revoke the authority that was suspended or (2) reverse the Regional Director's determination and reinstate the authority that was suspended. e. Emergency Provisions

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Any authorized employee or agent of the Commission may, when acting in the course of official duties, take Federally-listed species without a permit if such action is necessary to:

- 1. aid a sick, injured, or orphaned specimen; or
- 2. dispose of a dead specimen; or
- 3. salvage a dead specimen which may be useful for scientific study; or
- 4. remove a specimen that constitutes a demonstrable but nonimmediate threat to human safety provided that the taking is done in a humane manner and that take by killing or injuring occurs only if it is not reasonably possible to eliminate such threat by live capture and release of the specimen unharmed in a remote area.

Any taking pursuant to this subsection 2.e. must be reported in writing within five (5) days to the Regional Director for transmission to the Service's Division of Law Enforcement Atlanta, Georgia. The specimen may be retained, disposed of or salvaged only in accordance with directions from the Service.

Section 3. Records

The Commission shall maintain records of its federally-funded projects for the conservation of Federally-listed and at-risk species in accordance with 50 C.F.R. Part 81, including, but not limited to, the Service's Federal Aid Manual. The Commission also shall maintain records of the numbers of specimens of each species taken by the Commission's employees or agents pursuant to subsections 2.b., 2.c., and 2.e. of this Agreement. Those records shall also document the conservation purposes for which each species was taken as well as of any mortalities or permanently disabling injuries resulting from such take. The Commission shall maintain records of the extent of take authorized pursuant to subsection 2.d.

Section 4. Notifications

The Commission agrees to inform the Service in writing of any changes in circumstances that could cause its conservation program(s) to be out of conformance with the requirements of section 6(c) of the Act, the applicable implementing regulations and this Agreement, including, without limitation, any changes in the Commission's relevant constitutional, statutory or regulatory authority. The Commission shall promptly furnish to the Service a written assessment of the effect of such a change on the State's ability to

remain in compliance with the requirements of section 6(c) of the Act, the applicable implementing regulations and this Agreement. The Regional Director agrees to notify the State of all regulations and rulemakings, in accordance with section 4 of the Act, which might affect the adequacy and activeness of the State's program.

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Section 5. Effective Date and Renewal

- a. This Agreement shall become effective when signed by the Regional Director and the Executive Director of the Commission, and may be renewed in the following manner. Not later than August 30th of each year, the Commission shall submit a written program submission to the Service containing the following information: (1) any species added to or deleted from the list of resident Federal and State-listed endangered or threatened fish or wildlife and at-risk species; (2) a memorandum of law analyzing (a) any changes in the Commission's statutory and regulatory authority for any Federally and/or State-listed endangered and threatened species since the date of the previous program submission and (b) the application of State law to any resident fish or wildlife species that has been Federally-listed as well as any species that has been proposed for such listing since the date of the previous program submission; (3) a list of any substantial changes in the State's conservation program for resident endangered or threatened fish or wildlife that have been Federally-listed or proposed for listing since the date of the previous program submission; (4) a detailed description of the number of specimens of each species taken pursuant to subsections 2.b, 2.c., and 2.e. of this Agreement.
- b. The Service will, on or before October 1st of each year, notify the Commission in writing that the Agreement will be renewed effective October of that year or that the Commission's endangered or threatened fish or wildlife conservation program and/or authorities are not in compliance with the criteria of section 6(c) of the Act and the associated implementing regulations at 50 C.F.R. Part 81 or that the Commission is not properly implementing the permitting processes of subsections 2.b., 2.c., and/or 2.d., above. If the Service finds that the program or authorities are non-compliant, this Agreement shall be terminated unless the appropriate changes are made by the date specified by the Service.

For purposes of this section, the phrase "previous program submission" means the most recent renewal application for the Agreement.

Section 6. Amendment

This Agreement may be amended for any purpose at any time upon the written concurrence of the Parties. Such amendments will be effective when signed by the Regional Director and the Executive Director of the Commission.

Section 7. Termination

This Agreement may be terminated: (a) by mutual agreement; (b) by the Commission upon sixty (60) days written notice to the Service; or (c) notwithstanding the renewal provisions in section 5(b), above, upon sixty (60) days written notice from the Regional Director to the Executive Director of the Commission terminating the Agreement on the grounds that the State's endangered or threatened fish or wildlife conservation program(s) is no longer in compliance with the criteria of section 6(c) of the Act and the associated implementing regulations and/or that the State has violated a provision of this Agreement. The Commission may submit a written request for review of the Regional Director's determination to the Director within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice. The Director will consider the Commission's submission and either affirm the conclusion of the Regional Director and terminate this Agreement at the end of the 60-day notification period <u>or</u> reverse the conclusion of the Regional Director and revoke the notice of termination.

All Federal Funds that have been obligated to, but not expended by, the Commission as of the date of the Regional Director's notice of termination shall be retained by the Service for reallocation pursuant to section 6(d) of the Act, unless: (1) those funds are specifically approved by the Regional Director for expenditure before the date of actual termination or (2) the notice of termination is revoked by the Director.

Section 8. Notices

Notices pursuant to this Agreement shall be made in writing and, unless otherwise provided herein, delivered in person, by mail, by telecopy (facsimile) or by electronic mail (e-mail) to the other Party. Notice shall be effective on the date received by the other Party. Any change to the following contact information shall be communicated in writing to the other Party within ten (10) calendar days of such change.

If to the Commission: Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission ATTN: Brad Gruver, Listed Species Coordinator 620 South Meridian Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1600

brad.gruver@myfwc.com

APPROVED AS TO PORM

If to the Service: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service ATTN: Leopoldo Miranda, Assistant Regional Director, Ecological Services 1875 Century Blvd. Atlanta, Georgia 30345

Leopoldo Miranda@fws.gov

facsimile (404) 679-7081

Section 9. Defined Terms

With the exception of the following terms, all terms used in this Cooperative Agreement are intended to have meanings consistent with the Act and the Service's implementing regulation at 50 C.F.R. § 81.1 and should be given the meaning ascribed in the Act or the implementing regulations if defined therein.

- a. "Permitting Guideline" is a document containing permitting requirements and Best Management Practices satisfying the criteria under subsection 2.d. (above) for a species or group of species within all or a portion of its range under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- b. "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, trust, association, or any other private entity; or any officer, employee, agent, department, or instrumentality of any State, municipality, or political subdivision of a State; or any State, municipality, or political subdivision of a State.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

BY:

TITLE: Acting Regional Director

DATE: 4/13/18

FLORIDA FISH AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Thomas H. En BY:

TITLE: Executive Director

DATE: 12 | 21 | 17

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE 1875 Century Boulevard Atlanta, Georgia 30345

In Reply Refer To: FWS/R4/ES/DCN079649

October 11, 2023

Mr. Roger Young
Executive Director, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
Farris Bryant Building, 620 Meridian Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1600

Dear Mr. Young:

The cooperative agreement between the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission is renewed effective October 1, 2023, for the conservation of threatened and endangered species. This letter serves as the official notification to solicit Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund Traditional Conservation Grant (Traditional Section 6) and Non-traditional (competitive) Section 6 (Recovery Land Acquisition, Habitat Conservation Planning Land Acquisition, and Habitat Conservation Planning Assistance) funding for Fiscal Year (FY) 2024. Your agency's Traditional Section 6 allocation for FY 2024 will likely resemble that of FY 2023.

Our local Ecological Services field office will contact your agency's designated official to aid in determining the projects best suited for your anticipated share of the funds that are available, using the following criteria: (1) listed species recovery priority number; (2) recovery plan task number, where appropriate for listed species; and (3) candidate and at-risk species survey and monitoring needs. Please work closely with the Service's field office in developing your agency's funding requests.

Once the Traditional Section 6 Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) publishes, please submit your grant funding requests directly to the Florida Ecological Services Field Office. Also, the competitive Section 6 NOFOs are anticipated to publish during the first quarter of FY 2024. For more information, contact Lourdes Mena, Division Manager, Florida Classification and Recovery at Lourdes_Mena@fws.gov. We look forward to another year of cooperation in the recovery of threatened and endangered species.

Sincerely,

Mile Otom

Mike Oetker Acting Regional Director

cc:

Paul Wilkes, Manager, Federal Assistance, R4 Gian Basili, Deputy State Supervisor, Florida Jo Emanuel, Section 6 Coordinator, Florida 2

68A-9.002 Permits to Take Wildlife or Freshwater Fish for Justifiable Purposes.

(1) The executive director may issue permits authorizing the taking or possession of wildlife or freshwater fish or their nests or eggs for scientific, educational, exhibition, propagation, management or other justifiable purposes. Such permits shall be subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed therein, provided that no such permits shall be operative as to migratory birds unless the holder thereof has a permit or other authorization from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service permitting the taking, exhibiting, or possession of such birds, their nests or eggs. Failure to abide by all terms and conditions stipulated in any written permit issued by the executive director shall be a violation of this section.

(2) Employees of the Commission may take wildlife or freshwater fish or their nests or eggs for scientific, educational, propagation, exhibition or other justifiable purposes when such taking has been authorized by the executive director or is essential to the performance of their assigned duties. The authority granted under this section shall not be construed to exempt any person from purchasing hunting or fishing licenses as required by Section 379.354, F.S. The executive director may issue permits authorizing the taking or managing of wildlife or freshwater fish for specified commercial purposes.

(3) Commission volunteers may take wildlife or freshwater fish or their nests or eggs for scientific, educational, propagation, exhibition or other justifiable purposes provided that:

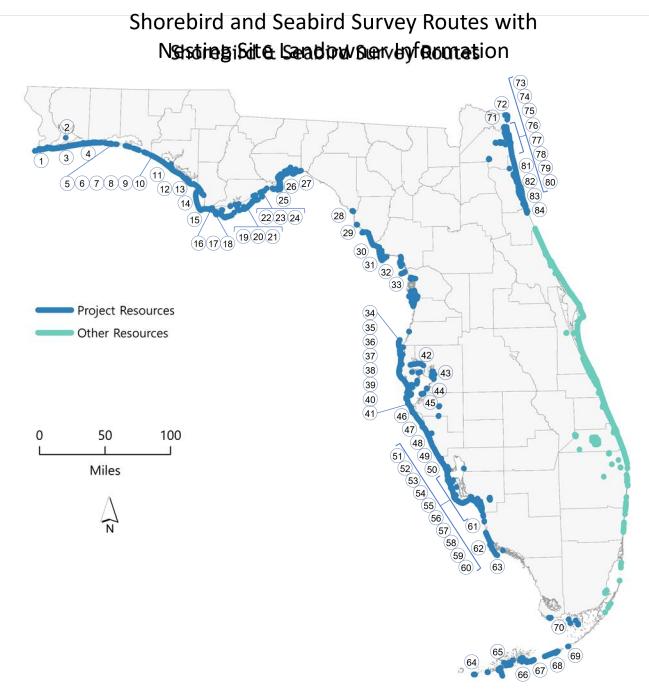
(a) Such taking is pursuant to a volunteer program approved by the Division/Office director or his or her designee;

(b) The Division/Office director or his or her designee has approved specific conditions under which wildlife or freshwater fish or their nests or their eggs may be taken by volunteers; and,

(c) The volunteers are in possession of written authorization from the volunteer program's Volunteer Program Coordinator or Volunteer Workday Leader specifying those conditions.

(4) The Executive Director shall issue permits to fishing tournaments, with 6 or more participants, to allow temporary possession of fish not meeting applicable size restrictions, provided that all fish caught in the tournament are live-released following weigh-in and that fish are handled in accordance with the Commission's scientific guidelines. Post tournament reporting must be completed and submitted to the Commission. Application instructions and permit requirements, including the Commission's scientific guidelines and instructions for completing the post tournament reporting, may be accessed at http://myfwc.com/license/freshwater/bass-tournament/and are contained in a document titled "Black Bass Tournament Exemption (Permit) Stipulations," Form #BBTE rev2019 (effective September 2019), incorporated herein by reference and available at http://www.flrules.org/Gateway/reference.asp?No=Ref-11215, or from the Commission, 620 South Meridian Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1600.

Rulemaking Authority Art. IV, Sec. 9, Fla. Const. Law Implemented Art. IV, Sec. 9, Fla. Const. History–New 8-1-79, Amended 6-4-81, 6-21-82, Formerly 39-9.02, Amended 12-25-95, 4-1-96, Formerly 39-9.002, Amended 7-1-02, 3-21-10, 1-11-17, 11-5-19.



Note: Survey routes show monitoring coverage in potential shorebird and seabird nesting habitats. There are over 1,500 ground-nesting sites along the routes that correspond to 84 landowners. Nesting on private lands is assigned to the county. Florida Shorebird and Seabird Stewardship and Habitat Management Page 1 of 2 $\,$

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	36	Caladesi Island State Park	Southwest

ID	Landowner
43	Florida Coastal Islands Sanctuaries
44	Apollo Beach Nature Preserve
45	Terra Ceia Preserve State Park
46	Private Land Manatee County
47	Private Land Sarasota County
48	North Lido Public Beach
49	Private Land Charlotte County
50	Stump Pass Beach State Park
51	Gasparilla Island State Park
52	Cayo Costa State Park
53	Private Land Lee County
54	Bowman's Beach Regional Park
55	Lighthouse Beach Park
56	J. N. Ding Darling National Wildlife Refuge
57	Matlacha Pass National Wildlife Refuge
58	Estero Bay Preserve State Park
59	Lovers Key State Park
60	Big Hickory Island Preserve
61	Private Land Collier County
62	Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve
63	Ten Thousand Islands National Wildlife Refuge
64	Naval Air Station Key West
65	Florida Keys Wildlife and Environmental Area
66	Private Land Monroe County
67	John J. Pescatello Torchwood Hammock Preserve
68	Bahia Honda State Park
69	Dagny Johnson Key Largo Hammock Botanical State Park
70	Everglades National Park
71	Fort Clinch State Park
72	Private Land Nassau County
73	Amelia Island State Park
74	Timucuan Ecological and Historic Preserve
75	George Crady Bridge Fishing Pier State Park
76	Big Talbot Island State Park
77	Little Talbot Island State Park
78	Machaba Balu Preserve

37	Private Land Pinellas County	Southwest
38	Shell Key Preserve	Southwest
39	Fort De Soto Park	Southwest
40	Egmont Key	Southwest
41	Passage Key National Wildlife Refuge	Southwest
42	Private Land Hillsborough County	Southwest

79	Private Land Duval County
80	Huguenot Memorial Park
81	Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve
82	Private Land St. Johns County
83	Anastasia State Park
84	Fort Matanzas National Monument

Florida Shorebird and Seabird Stewardship and Habitat Management Page 2 of 2