



United States Department of the Interior

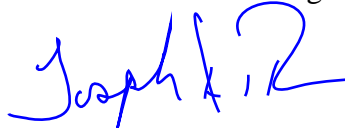
FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
Louisiana Ecological Services
200 Dulles Drive
Lafayette, Louisiana 70506



January 21, 2020

Memorandum

To: Deputy *Deepwater Horizon* Department of the Interior Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration (NRDAR) Case Manager

From: Field Supervisor, Louisiana Ecological Services Office 

Subject: Informal Consultation for the Rabbit Island Restoration Project in Louisiana

Please reference your January 7, 2020, memorandum requesting our review of the subject project that would be implemented in Louisiana by the Deepwater Horizon NRDAR Louisiana Trustee Implementation Group (LA TIG). The LA TIG has evaluated this project as a potential restoration project to restore natural resources in Louisiana that were injured as a result of the *Deepwater Horizon (DWH)* oil spill. The Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), Louisiana Ecological Services Office has reviewed the information provided and offers the following comments in accordance with the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973 (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Your office provided a Biological Evaluation form on January 7, 2020, addressing the potential effects, conservation measures, and justifications and requested our concurrence with your determination of effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species in Louisiana under the Service's jurisdiction. The proposed project is located in Cameron Parish, Louisiana.

West Indian Manatee

The proposed project would be located in an area where the federally threatened West Indian manatee (*Trichechus manatus*) may occur. The West Indian manatee is known to regularly occur in Lakes Pontchartrain and Maurepas and their associated coastal waters and streams. It also can be found less regularly in other Louisiana coastal areas, most likely while the average water temperature is warm. Based on data maintained by the Louisiana Natural Heritage Program (LNHP), over 80 percent of reported manatee sightings (1999-2011) in Louisiana have occurred from the months of June through December. Manatee occurrences in Louisiana appear to be increasing and they have been regularly reported in the Amite, Blind, Tchefuncte, and Tickfaw Rivers, and in canals within the adjacent coastal marshes of southeastern Louisiana. Manatees may also infrequently be observed in the Mississippi River and coastal areas of southwestern Louisiana. Cold weather and outbreaks of red tide may adversely affect these animals. However, human activity is the primary cause for declines in species number due to collisions with boats and barges, entrapment in flood control structures, poaching, habitat loss, and pollution.

According to the BE, the West Indian manatee protection measures would be employed to minimize potential interactions with manatees. Based on the above information, the Service's Louisiana Ecological Services Office concurs with your determination that implementation of the proposed action is not likely to adversely affect the West Indian manatee.

Copies provided via electronic mail:

LDWF, Natural Heritage Program, Baton Rouge, LA (Attn: Nicole Lorenz)