



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
Deepwater Horizon Gulf Restoration Office
341 Greeno Road North, Suite A
Fairhope, Alabama 36532

In Reply Refer To:
FWS/R4/DH NRDAR

Memorandum

May 5, 2022

To: Memorandum to File

From: Michael Barron, Deepwater Horizon Gulf Restoration Office

Subject: Regulatory Compliance Determinations for Restoration Project *Colonial Waterbird Monitoring* Proposed by the Region Wide Trustee Implementation Group

Under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) Section 7(a)(2), each Federal agency shall ensure that any action authorized, funded, or carried out by such agency is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species, or destroy/adversely modify designated critical habitat. If a Federal agency determines that a Federal action will have no effect on ESA-listed species or designated critical habitat, then the Federal agency is not required to consult with the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) for purposes of ESA. This memo does not include any information or effects determinations for protected species under the jurisdiction of the National Marine Fisheries Service. Other pertinent regulatory statues are also included below including Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA), Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA), Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA), and Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA).

Based on our review of the project materials provided, the compliance determinations for the project *Colonial Waterbird Monitoring* are indicated below:

Project Title	ESA (USFWS)	MMPA (USFWS)	BGEPA (USFWS)	MBTA (USFWS)	CBRA (USFWS)	CZMA (USFWS)
Colonial Waterbird Monitoring	NE	NA	NT	NT	NA	NA

NA – Not Applicable; NT – No Take; NE – No Effect

Should any project be modified in a way that could adversely impact species or habitats, this determination will be reevaluated as appropriate.

If you have questions or concerns regarding this action, please contact Michael Barron, Fish and Wildlife Biologist, at 251-421-7030 or michael_barron@fws.gov.

Attachment (1)

Biological Evaluation Form

Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Restoration

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service & National Marine Fisheries Service

This form will be filled out by the Implementing Trustee and used by the regulatory agencies. The form will provide information to initiate informal Section 7 consultations under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and may be used to document a No Effect determination or to initiate pre-consultation technical assistance.

It is recommended that this form also be completed to inform and evaluate additional needs for compliance with the following authorities: Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA), Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA), Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA).

Further information may be required beyond what is captured on this form. Note: if you need additional space for writing, please attach pages as needed.

For assistance, please contact the compliance liaisons USFWS: Michael Barron at michael_barron@fws.gov
NMFS: Christy Fellas at christina.fellas@noaa.gov

A. Project Identification

Federal Action Agency(one or more):USFWS NOAA EPA USDA

Implementing Trustee(s): TX, LA, MS, AL, FL, DOI, NOAA, EPA, USDA

Contact Name: Jon Hemming Phone: (251)517-8018 Email: jon_hemming@fws.gov

Project Name: Colonial Waterbird Monitoring

DIVER ID# 257 TIG: Regionwide TIG Restoration Plan # MAIP: Colonial Waterbird Monitoring

B. Project Phase and Supporting Documentation

Please choose the box which best describes the project status, as proposed in this BE form:

Planning/Conceptual Construction/Implementation Engineering & Design

If "Engineering & Design" was selected, please describe the level of design that has been completed and is available for review:

"Construction/Implementation" only - Aerial photographic surveys are the only 'field' type effort of this Monitoring and Adaptive Management (MAM) activity.

Supporting Documentation

Please attach any maps, aerial photographs, or design drawings that will support the information in this BE form.

Examples of such supporting documentation include, but are not limited to:

- Plan view of design drawings
- Aerial images of project action area and surrounding area
- Map of project area with elements proposed (polygons showing proposed construction elements)
- Map of action area with critical habitat units or sensitive habitats overlaid

C. Project Location

I. State and County/Parish of action area

Aerial surveys will be flown from south Texas to the Big Bend of Florida.

II. Latitude/Longitude for action area (Decimal degrees and datum [e.g., 27.71622°N, 80.25174°W NAD83] [online conversion: <https://www.fcc.gov/encyclopedia/degrees-minutes-seconds-tofrom-decimal-degrees>] Gulf-wide from Brownsville, Texas across Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama to Tampa Bay, Florida.

D. Existing Compliance Documentation

NEPA Documents

Are there any existing draft or final NEPA analyses (not PDARP/PEIS) that cover all or part of this project?

YES

NO

Examples:

- TIG Restoration Plan/EA or EIS (draft or final)
- USACE programmatic NEPA analysis
- USACE Clean Water Act individual permit for the project
- NEPA analysis provided by a federal agency that gave approval, funding or authorization

Permits

Have any federal permits been obtained for this project, if so which ones and what is the permit number(s)?

YES

NO

Permit Number and Type:

Have any federal permits been applied for but not yet obtained, if so which ones and what is the permit number(s)?

YES

NO

Permit Number and Type:

If yes to any question above, please provide details in the text box (i.e. link to the NEPA document, or name of the document, year, lead federal agency, POC, copy of the permit or

permit application, etc.). This is needed to check for consistency of the project scope across different sources and to facilitate the NEPA analysis. If you do not have a link, email the documents to the TIG representative for the Trustee designated as lead federal agency for the restoration plan.

The Monitoring and Adaptive Management Activity Implementation Plan (MAIP) for this Colonial Waterbird Monitoring Activity includes a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review, which says in part:

Section 6.4.14 of the Programmatic Damage Assessment Restoration Plan and Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PDARP/PEIS) considers the environmental consequence associated with activities including, but not limited to planning, feasibility studies, design, engineering, and permitting of conceptual projects. These activities can include a mixture of data collection into historical conditions, modeling of ecological response to the project, conducting surveys, and creating maps and scale drawings of potential project sites. These activities may also include minimally intrusive field activities. The MAM activities described in the MAIP fall within the scope described in the PDARP/PEIS. Upon review, the federal trustees of the RW TIG find the environmental conditions and NEPA analysis in the PDARP/PEIS current and valid.

Therefore, this review relies on the analysis in Section 6.4.14 of the PDARP/PEIS.

Any documentation or information provided will be very helpful in moving your project forward.

Name of Person Completing this Form: Jon Hemming

Name of Project Lead: Jon Wiebe

Date Form Completed:

Revised/Updated May 2022 Date Form

Updated: [Click here to enter text.](#)

E. Description of Action Area

Provide a description of the existing environment (e.g., topography, vegetation type, soil type, substrate type, water quality, water depth, tidal/riverine/estuarine, hydrology and drainage patterns, current flow and direction), and land uses (e.g., public, residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural). Describe all areas that may be directly or indirectly affected by the action.

If CH is not designated in the area, then describe any suitable habitat in the area

Fixed-wing aircraft will fly over waterbird colonies and, photographers will document the locations of nesting colonies Gulfwide from Brownsville, Texas across Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama to Tampa Bay, Florida

a. Waterbody

If applicable. Name the body of water, including wetlands (freshwater or estuarine), on which the project is located. If applicable, please describe water quality, depth, hydrology, current flow, and direction of flow.

N/A

Does the project area include a river or estuary?

YES NO

If yes, please approximate the navigable distance from the project location to the marine environment. Click or tap here to enter text.

b. Existing Structures

If applicable. Describe the current and historical structures found in the action area (e.g., buildings, parking lots, docks, seawalls, groynes, jetties, marina). If known, please provide the years of construction.

N/A

c. Seagrasses & Other Marine Vegetation

If applicable. Describe seagrasses found in action area. If a benthic survey was done, provide the date it was completed and a copy of the report. Estimate the species area of coverage and density. Attach a separate map showing the location of the seagrasses in the action area.

N/A

d. Mangroves

If applicable. Describe the mangroves found in action area. Indicate the species found (red, black, white), the species area of coverage in square footage and linear footage along project shoreline. Attach a separate map showing the location of the mangroves in the action area.

N/A

e. Corals

If applicable. Describe the corals found in action area. If a benthic survey was done, provide the date it was completed and a copy of the report. Estimate the species area of coverage and density. Attach a separate map showing the location of the corals in the action area. Click here to enter text.

N/A

f. Uplands

If applicable. Describe the current terrestrial habitat in which the project is located (e.g. pasture, forest, meadows, beach and dune habitats, etc.).

N/A

g. Marine Mammals

Please select the following marine mammals that could be present within the project area:

Dolphins YES NO
Whales YES NO
Manatees YES NO

If applicable. Indicate and describe the species found in the action area. Use NMFS' Stock Assessment Reports (SARs) for more information, see <http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/sars/region.htm>

Click here to enter text.

h. Soils and Sediments

If applicable. Indicate topography, soil type, substrate type.

N/A

i. Land Use

If applicable. Indicate existing or previous land use activities (agriculture, dredge disposal, etc).

N/A

j. Essential Fish Habitat

If applicable. Describe any designated Essential Fish Habitat within the project area

N/A. No field work will take place in areas that have designated Essential Fish Habitat.

F. Project Description

*I. Describe the Proposed Action/Project Objectives: What are you trying to accomplish and how with this project? Describe in detail the construction equipment and methods** needed; long term vs. short term impacts; duration of short term impacts; dust, erosion, and sedimentation controls; restoration areas; if the project is growth-inducing or facilitates growth; whether the project is part of a larger project or plan; and what permits will need to be obtained.*

Attach a separate map showing project footprint, avoidance areas, construction accesses, staging/laydown areas.

***If construction involves overwater structures, pilings and sheetpiles, boat slips, boat ramps, shoreline armoring, dredging, blasting, artificial reefs or fishery activities, list the method here, but complete the next section(s) in detail.*

Objectives: This activity will estimate select Colonial Waterbird (CWB) endpoints (relative

abundance, distribution trends and breeding status) at a Regionwide scale.

We will use two well-established methods:

- 1) Aerial Photographic Nest Surveys: Fixed-wing aircraft will fly over waterbird colonies and, photographers will document the locations of nesting colonies Gulf-wide from Brownsville, Texas across Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama to Tampa Bay, Florida;
- 2) Data Analyses: Aerial photographic nest surveys will be reviewed and the location of each nest will be noted. Using this information, we will estimate relative abundance, distribution trends and breeding status of targeted colonial waterbird species across the northern Gulf of Mexico.

Target species: Colonial-breeding seabirds and long-legged wading birds (CWBs) documented during aerial surveys and in the data comparison which include but are not limited to: brown pelicans, royal terns, sandwich terns, Caspian terns, gull-billed terns, black skimmers, reddish egret, little blue heron, tricolored heron, roseate spoonbill, great blue heron, black-crowned night-heron, and secondarily, laughing gull and Forster's tern.

Common Name	Scientific Name
brown pelican	<i>Pelicanus occidentalis</i>
royal tern	<i>Thalasseus maxima</i>
Sandwich tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>
Caspian tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>
gull-billed tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>
black skimmer	<i>Rynchops niger</i>
reddish egret	<i>Egretta rufescens</i>
little blue heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>
tricolored heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>
roseate spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>
great blue heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>
black-crowned night-heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
laughing gull	<i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i>
Forster's tern	<i>Sterna forsteri</i>

Duration: 2 Years

Geographic Range: Gulf-wide from Brownsville, Texas across Louisiana, Mississippi, and

Alabama to Tampa Bay, Florida

Analysis of aerial photographs using counting software, compiling data, assessing colony conditions, and similar activities are considered office work and make up the preponderance of the work. These activities would not cause adverse impacts to any resource area and require no additional review.

These aerial photographic surveys will take place over habitats where CWBs are nesting, including coastal islands, beaches and marshes with trees or shrubs. Some CWBs (egrets and herons) nest in woody vegetation, such as mangroves, shrubs or low trees near water. Others are ground nesters (terns and black skimmers), creating a depression in the sand or shell on beaches for their nest. Brown pelicans nest either on the ground in a depression lined with grassy vegetation or in trees on a platform of sticks lined with grass or leaves.

Field work consists entirely of photographic surveys conducted by a four person crew aboard fixed wing aircraft, or by other means appropriate. Crews will consist of a pilot, a navigator/data recorder, and two photographers. The navigator will coordinate the sequence of colony visits and optimal aerial approach to each colony with the pilot. As the aircraft approaches a target colony, the crew will assess the spatial distribution of birds on the colony. Photographers, navigator, and pilot will confer to determine the best angle of approach and the ideal altitude for photographic census. Their decision will be based on the shape of the colony, the species present at the colony, the strength and direction of the wind, vegetation around the colony, and angle of the sun. While the approach altitude is variable, all photography will be carried out at an altitude between 600' and 900' above sea level, adjusted so that birds present on the colony do not leave their nests. Multiple approaches from different directions or altitudes may be made if photographers feel that they are not obtaining pictures of adequate quality or if colonial waterbirds appear to be responding to the presence of the aircraft. After each day's survey, a subset of photographs will be checked to ensure that the photographic quality is such that the photos are usable for counting. If better photographs are required for a particular colony and survey logistics allow, a colony may be visited a second time during a survey session.

II. *Construction Schedule (What is the anticipated schedule for major phases of work? Include duration of in-water work.)* N/A. No construction.

III. *Specific In-Water and/or Terrestrial Construction Methods*

Please check yes or no for the following questions related to in-water work and overwater structures

<i>Does this project include in-water work?</i>	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<i>Does this project include terrestrial construction?</i>	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Does this project include construction of an overwater structure?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Will fishing be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Will wildlife observation be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Will boat docking be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Will fishing be allowed from this overwater structure?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If this is a fishing pier, please provide the following information: public or private access to pier, estimated number of people fishing per day, plan to address hook and line captures of protected species, specific operating hours/open 24 hours, artificial lighting of pier (if any), number of fish cleaning stations, and number of pier attendants (if any).

N/A

Construction: Provide a detailed account of construction methods. It is important to include step-by-step descriptions of how demolition or removal of structures is conducted and if any debris will be moved and how. Describe how construction will be implemented, what type and size of materials will be used and if machines will be used, manual labor, or both. Indicate if work will be done from upland, barge, or both.)

iii. Use of "Dock Construction Guidelines"?

http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/guidance_docs/documents/dockkey2002.pdf iv. Type of

decking: Grated – 43% open space; Wooden planks or composite planks – proposed spacing? v.

Height above Mean High Water (MHW) elevation?

vi. Directional orientation of main axis of dock?

vii. Overwater area (sq ft)?

N/A

b. *Pilings & Sheetpiles: If this project includes installation of pilings or sheets, please provide answers to questions 1-11 listed below*

1. Method of pile installation	
2. Material type of piles used	
3. Size (width) of piles/sheets	
4. Total number of piles/sheets	
5. Number of strikes for each single pile	
6. Number of strikes per hour (for a single pile)	
7. Expected number of piles to be driven each day	
8. Expected amount of time needed to drive each pile (minutes of driving activities)	
9. Expected number of sequential days spent pile driving	
10. Whether pile driving occurring in-water or on land	
11. Depth of water where piles will be driven	

c. *Marinas and Boat Slips (Describe the number and size of slips and if the number of new slips changes from what is currently available at the project. Indicate how many are wet slips and how many are dry slips. Estimate the shadow effect of the boats - the area (sqft) beneath the boats that will be shaded.)*

N/A

d. *Boat Ramp (Describe the number and size of boat ramps, the number of vessels that can be moored at the site (e.g., staging area) and if this is a public or private ramp. Indicate the boat trailer parking lot capacity, and if this number changes from what is currently available at the project.)*

N/A

e. *Shoreline Armoring (This includes all manner of shoreline armoring (e.g., riprap, seawalls, jetties, groins, breakwaters, etc.). Provide specific information on material and construction methodology used to install the shoreline armoring materials. Include linear footage and square footage. Attach a separate map showing the location of the shoreline armoring in the action area.*

N/A

f. *Dredging or digging (Provide details about dredge type (hopper, cutterhead, clamshell, etc.), maximum depth of dredging, area (ft²) to be dredged, volume of material (yd³) to be produced, grain size of material, sediment testing for contamination, spoil disposition plans, and hydrodynamic description (average current speed/direction)). If digging in the terrestrial environment, please describe fully with details about possible water jetting, vibration methods to install pilings for dune walk-over structure, or other methods. If using devices/methods/turtle relocation dredging to relocate sea turtles, then describe the methods here.*

N/A

g. *Blasting (Projects that use blasting might not qualify as “minor projects,” and a Biological Assessment (BA) may need to be prepared for the project. Arrange a technical consultation meeting with NMFS Protected Resources Division to determine if a BA is necessary. Please include explosive weights and blasting plan.)*

N/A

h. *Artificial Reefs (Provide a detailed account of the artificial reef site selection and reef establishment decisions [i.e., management and siting considerations, stakeholder considerations, environmental considerations, long term maintenance plan (periodic clean-up of lost fishing gear/debris)], deployment schedule, materials used, deployment methods, as well as final depth profile and overhead clearance for vessel traffic. For additional Information and detailed guidance on artificial reefs, please refer to the artificial reef program websites for the particular state the project will occur in.*

N/A

i. *Fishery Activities (Describe any use of gear that could entangle or capture protected species. This includes activities that may enhance fishing opportunities (e.g. fishing piers) or be fishery/gear research related (e.g. involve*

trawl gear, gillnets, hook and line gear, crab pots etc)).

N/A

G. NOAA Species & Critical Habitat and Effects Determination Requested

If your project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed NOAA species or designated Critical Habitats, please check the box below. If this box is checked, you may skip Section G. and proceed to Section H.

This project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed NOAA species or designated Critical Habitats.

ESA effects have been accounted for under an existing consultation.

1. *List all species, critical habitat, proposed species and proposed critical habitat that may be found in the action area. Species that do not currently occur in the action area (but are listed on county species lists) do not need to be listed in drop downs.*

2. *Attach a separate map identifying species/critical habitat locations within the action area. For information on species and critical habitat under NMFS jurisdiction, visit:
http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/threatened_endangered/Documents/gulf_of_mexico.pdf.*

Identify if Gulf sturgeon are in marine or in freshwater in your Species and/or Critical Habitat list to determine which federal agency will perform the analysis (e.g. Gulf sturgeon CH - marine). Identify if sea turtles are in water or on land in your Species and/or Critical Habitat list to determine which federal agency will perform the analysis (e.g. Loggerhead sea turtle CH - terrestrial).

Species and/or Critical Habitat	CH Unit (if applicable)	Location (Sea turtles and Gulf Sturgeon only)	Determinations (see definitions below)	For "No Effect", please select justification.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

Determination Definitions

NE = no effect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action will not directly, indirectly, or cumulatively impact, either positively or negatively, any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat.

NLAA = may affect, not likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is not likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat or there may be beneficial effects to these resources. Response requested is concurrence with the not likely to affect determination. This conclusion is appropriate when effects to the species or critical habitat will be wholly beneficial, discountable, or insignificant. Beneficial effects are contemporaneous positive effects without any adverse effects to the species or habitat. Insignificant effects relate to the size of the impact, while discountable effects are those that are extremely unlikely to occur. Based on best judgment, a person would not: (1) be able to meaningfully measure, detect, or evaluate insignificant effects; or (2) expect discountable effects to occur. If the Services concur in writing with the Action Agency's determination of "is not likely to adversely affect" listed species or critical habitat, the section 7 consultation process is completed.

LAA = may affect, likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat. Response requested for listed species is formal consultation for action with a likely to adversely affect determination, with a biological opinion as the concluding document. This conclusion is reached if any adverse effect to listed species or critical habitat may occur as a direct or indirect result of the proposed action or its interrelated or interdependent actions, and the effect is not discountable or insignificant. In the event the overall effect of the proposed action is beneficial to the listed species or critical habitat, but may also cause some adverse effect on individuals of the listed species or segments of the critical habitat, then the determination is "likely to adversely affect." Any LAA determination requires formal section 7 consultation and will require additional information.

Critical Habitat No Destruction = When the proposed action will not diminish the value of critical habitat.

H. USFWS Species & Critical Habitat and Effects Determination Requested

If your project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed USFWS species or designated Critical Habitats, please check the box below. If this box is checked, you may skip Section G. and proceed to Section H.

This project occurs in a location that does not contain any listed USFWS species or designated Critical Habitats.

ESA effects have been accounted for under an existing consultation.

1. *List all species, critical habitat, proposed species and proposed critical habitat that may be found in the action area. Species that do not currently occur in the action area (but are listed on county species lists) do not need to be listed in drop downs.*

2. *Attach a separate map identifying species/critical habitat locations within the action area. For information on species and critical habitat under NMFS jurisdiction, visit:*

http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/threatened_endangered/Documents/gulf_of_mexico.pdf.

Identify if Gulf sturgeon are in marine or in freshwater in your Species and/or Critical Habitat list to determine which federal agency will perform the analysis (e.g. Gulf sturgeon CH - marine). Identify if sea turtles are in water or on land in your Species and/or Critical Habitat list to determine which federal agency will perform the analysis (e.g. Loggerhead sea turtle CH - terrestrial).

Species and/or Critical Habitat	CH Unit (if applicable)	Location (Sea turtles and Gulf Sturgeon only)	Determinations (see definitions below)	For "No Effect", please select justification.
Piping Plover		Choose an item.	No Effect	Species does not occur within action area
Piping Plover CH		Choose an item.	No Effect	Species does not occur within action area
Red Knot		Choose an item.	No Effect	Species does not occur within action area
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Choose an item.		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
		Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

Determination Definitions

NE = no effect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action will not directly, indirectly, or cumulatively impact, either positively or negatively, any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat.

NLAA = may affect, not likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is not likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat or there may be beneficial effects to these resources. Response requested is concurrence with the not likely to affect determination. This conclusion is appropriate when effects to the species or critical habitat will be wholly beneficial, discountable, or insignificant. Beneficial effects are contemporaneous positive effects without any adverse effects to the species or habitat. Insignificant effects relate to the size of the impact, while discountable effects are those that are extremely unlikely to occur. Based on best judgment, a person would not: (1) be able to meaningfully measure, detect, or evaluate insignificant effects; or (2) expect discountable effects to occur. If the Services concur in writing with the Action Agency's determination of "is not likely to adversely affect" listed species

or critical habitat, the section 7 consultation process is completed.

LAA = may affect, likely to adversely affect. This determination is appropriate when the proposed action is likely to adversely impact any listed, proposed, candidate species or designated/proposed critical habitat. Response requested for listed species is formal consultation for action with a likely to adversely affect determination, with a biological opinion as the concluding document. This conclusion is reached if any adverse effect to listed species or critical habitat may occur as a direct or indirect result of the proposed action or its interrelated or interdependent actions, and the effect is not discountable or insignificant. In the event the overall effect of the proposed action is beneficial to the listed species or critical habitat, but may also cause some adverse effect on individuals of the listed species or segments of the critical habitat, then the determination is "likely to adversely affect." Any LAA determination requires formal section 7 consultation and will require additional information.

Critical Habitat No Destruction = When the proposed action will not diminish the value of critical habitat.

I. Effects of the proposed project to the species and actions to reduce impacts

NOTE: Species selected as "No Effect" with justification in table do not need to be addressed in Section I or J.

I. *Explain the potential beneficial and adverse effects to each species listed above. Describe what, when, and how the species will be impacted and the likely response to the impact. Be sure to include direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts and where possible, quantify effects.*

If species are present (or potentially present) and will not be adversely affected describe your rationale. If species are unlikely to be present in the general area or action area, explain why. This justification provides documentation for your administrative record, avoids the need for additional correspondence regarding the species, and helps expedite review.

No effects to any threatened or endangered species are anticipated from this monitoring activity based on the nature of the project activities which include data analysis and aerial surveys. No workers or equipment will be placed on the ground. The sound from aerial surveys will not affect ESA-listed species and habitat because they are operating between 600 and 900 feet off the ground to get photographs. At this flight altitude the plane has no effect on any listed species or critical habitat. Additionally, wintering red knots and piping plover are not present during the time of year when the flight surveys will be conducted (May and June).

II. *Explain the actions to reduce adverse effects to each species listed above. For each species for which impacts were identified, describe any conservation measures (e.g. BMPs) that will be implemented to avoid or minimize the impacts. Conservation measures are designed to avoid or minimize effects to listed species and critical habitats or further the recovery of the species under review. Conservation measures are considered part of the proposed action and their implementation is required. Any changes to, modifications of, or failure to implement these conservation measures may result in a need to reinitiate this consultation.*

Frequently Recommended BMPs: This checklist provides standard BMPs recommended by NOAA and USFWS. Please select any BMPs that will be implemented:

USFWS Standard Manatee In Water Conditions

- [NMFS Sea Turtle and Smalltooth Sawfish Construction Conditions¹](#)
- [NMFS Measures for Reducing the Entrapment Risk to Protected Species¹](#)
- [NFMS Vessel Strike Avoidance Measures and Reporting for Mariners¹](#)

Additional BMPs or Conservation Measures

Chapter 6 of the PDARP included an important appendix (6.A) of best practices, see information starting on page 6-173. http://www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/sites/default/files/wp-content/uploads/Chapter-6_Environmental-Consequences_508.pdf

Use the box below to indicate which best management practices or conservation measures you'll be using in your project (that were not listed in Section I above)

Click here to enter text.

J. Effects to critical habitats and actions to reduce impacts

NOTE: Species selected as "No Effect" with justification in table do not need to be addressed in Section I or J.

I. *Explain the potential beneficial and adverse effects to critical habitat listed above. Describe what, when, and how the critical habitat will be impacted and the likely response to the impact. Be sure to include direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts to physical and biological features, and where possible, quantify effects (e.g. acres of habitat, miles of habitat).*

Describe your rationale if designated or proposed critical habitats are present and will not be adversely affected.

Piping plover critical habitat may occur on or near colonial waterbird nesting islands and beaches; however, no effects to listed species or their critical habitat are expected from this project due to the flight altitude and nature of this project.

II. *Explain the actions to reduce adverse effects to critical habitat listed above. For critical habitat for which impacts were identified, describe any conservation measures (e.g. BMPs) that will be implemented to avoid or minimize the impacts. Conservation measures are designed to avoid or minimize effects to listed species and critical habitats or further the recovery of the species under review.*

Conservation measures are considered part of the proposed action and their implementation is required. Any changes to, modifications of, or failure to implement these conservation measures may result in a need to reinstate this consultation.

Click here to enter text.

K. Marine Mammals

I. The Marine Mammal Protection Act prohibits the taking (including disruption of behavior, entrapment, injury, or death) of all marine mammals (e.g., whales, dolphins, manatees). However, the MMPA allows limited exceptions to the take prohibition if authorized, such as the incidental (i.e., unintentional but not unexpected) take of marine mammals. The following questions are designed to allow the Agencies to quickly determine if your action

¹ Documents can be found here: http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/guidance_docs/index.html

has the potential to take marine mammals. If the information provided indicates that incidental take is possible, further discussion with the Agencies is required.

Is your activity occurring in or on marine or estuarine waters? NO YES

If yes, is your activity likely to cause large-scale, ecosystem level impacts to the quality (e.g. salinity, temperature) of marine or estuarine waters? NO YES

II. If Yes, describe activities further using checkboxes. Does your activity involve any of the following:

NO	YES	ACTIVITY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	a) Use of active acoustic equipment (e.g., echosounder) producing sound below 200 kHz
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	b) In-water construction or demolition
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	c) Temporary or fixed use of active or passive sampling gear (e.g., nets, lines, traps; turtle relocation trawls)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	d) In-water Explosive detonation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	e) Aquaculture
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	f) Restoration of barrier islands, levee construction or similar projects
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	g) Fresh-water river diversions
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	h) Building or enhancing areas for water-related recreational use or fishing opportunities (e.g. fishing piers, bridges, boat ramps, marinas)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	i) Dredging or in-water construction activities to change hydrologic conditions or connectivity, create breakwaters and living shorelines, etc.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	j) Conducting driving of sheet piles or pilings
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	k) Use of floating pipeline during dredging activities

III. If you checked “Yes” to any of the activities immediately above or the activity could impact the quality of marine or estuarine waters, please describe the nature of the activities in more detail or indicate which section of the form already includes these descriptions. See the NOAA Acoustic Guidance for more information: <http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/acoustics/faq.htm>

Click here to enter text.

IV. Frequently Recommended BMPs for marine mammals (manatees are covered in Section I above): This checklist provides standard BMPs recommended by NOAA. Please select any BMPs that will be implemented:

<input type="checkbox"/>	NMFS Southeast U.S. Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Viewing Guidelines ²
--------------------------	--

² Documents can be found here: http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/outreach_and_education/index.html

<input type="checkbox"/>	NMFS Sea Turtle and Smalltooth Sawfish Construction Conditions ³
<input type="checkbox"/>	NMFS Measures for Reducing the Entrapment Risk to Protected Species ³
<input type="checkbox"/>	NFMS Vessel Strike Avoidance Measures and Reporting for Mariners ³
<input type="checkbox"/>	Reproducing and posting outreach signs: Dolphin Friendly Fishing Tips sign, Don't Feed Wild Dolphins sign ³

If not listed above, please describe any additional BMPs or conservation measures that may be implemented for marine mammals. [Click here to enter text.](#)

L. Bald Eagles

Are bald eagles present in the action area? NO YES

If YES, the following conservation measures should be implemented:

1. If bald eagle breeding or nesting behaviors are observed or a nest is discovered or known, all activities (e.g., walking, camping, clean-up, use of a UTV, ATV, or boat) should avoid the nest by a minimum of 660 feet. If the nest is protected by a vegetated buffer where there is *no* line of sight to the nest, then the minimum avoidance distance is 330 feet. This avoidance distance shall be maintained from the onset of breeding/courtship behaviors until any eggs have hatched and eaglets have fledged (approximately 6 months).
2. If a similar activity (e.g., driving on a roadway) is closer than 660 feet to a nest, then you may maintain a distance buffer as close to the nest as the existing tolerated activity.
3. If a vegetated buffer is present and there is no line of sight to the nest and a similar activity is closer than 330 feet to a nest, then you may maintain a distance buffer as close to the nest as the existing tolerated activity.
4. In some instances, activities conducted at a distance greater than 660 feet of a nest may result in disturbance. If an activity appears to cause initial disturbance, the activity shall stop and all individuals and equipment will be moved away until the eagles are no longer displaying disturbance behaviors.

Will you implement the above measures? NO YES

If these measures cannot be implemented, then you must contact the Service's Migratory Bird Permit Office.

Texas – (505) 248-7882 or by email: permitsR2MB@fws.gov

Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida – (404) 679-7070 or by email: permitsR4MB@fws.gov

M. Request approval for use of NMFS PDCs for this project

Complete this section only if your project qualifies for streamlined ESA consultation under the ESA Framework Programmatic Biological Opinion completed by NMFS on February 10, 2016. To be eligible for streamlined ESA consultation with NMFS, you must implement all Project Design Criteria (PDCs) applicable to your project. Check "yes" for PDC categories that apply to the proposed project, and request PDC checklist from NMFS.

NO	YES	ACTIVITY
----	-----	----------

³ Documents can be found here: http://sero.nmfs.noaa.gov/protected_resources/section_7/guidance_docs/index.html

- | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Oyster Reef Creation and Enhancement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Marine Debris Removal |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Construction of Living Shorelines |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Marsh Creation and Enhancement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Construction of Non-Fishing Piers |

N. Submitting the BE Form

We request that all BE forms and consultation materials be placed on Sharepoint for review. Upon receipt, we will conduct a preliminary review and provide any comments and feedback, including any requests for modifications or additional information. If modifications or additional information is necessary, we will work with you until the Biological Evaluation form is considered complete. Once complete, we will use the Biological Evaluation form to initiate appropriate consultations.

Questions may be directed to:

NMFS ESA § 7 Consultation

Christy Fellas, National Oceanic Atmospheric
Administration Email: Christina.Fellas@noaa.gov
Phone: 727-551-5714

USFWS ESA § 7 Consultation

Michael Barron, Department of the Interior
Email:
michael_barron@fws.gov
Phone: 251-421-7030