



## Klamath River Carcass and Redd Surveys Update – October 15, 2021

Synopsis: Annual fall-run Chinook Salmon carcass and redd surveys on the mainstem Klamath River are conducted jointly by the USFWS Arcata Fish and Wildlife Office (AFWO), Karuk Tribe of California, and Yurok Tribal Fisheries Program (YTFP). Surveys in 2021 began the week of October 10 (calendar week 42) and will conclude after spawning activity has ended, which is typically around late November or early December. Weekly mark-recapture carcass surveys are conducted by AFWO and YTFP crews from Iron Gate Dam to the Shasta River confluence. Weekly redd surveys are conducted by AFWO and Karuk Tribe crews from the Shasta River confluence to Wingate Bar, about seven miles downstream of Happy Camp, California.

Captures of fresh carcasses (Figure 1), weekly pre-spawn mortality (Figure 2), and redd counts (Figure 3) are compared to previous years in the following charts. Note that the numbers presented in Figures 1 and 3 are actual cumulative counts that have not yet been expanded into escapement estimates. ‘Fresh’ carcass numbers in Figure 1 merely indicate relative yearly abundance. At the end of the survey season the carcass mark-recapture data is used to estimate escapement above the Shasta River using a hierarchical latent variables model. Redd counts will be doubled (i.e., one redd represents one adult female and one adult male spawner) to estimate escapement below the Shasta River confluence. Not enough ‘fresh’ female carcasses have been observed yet this year to assess pre-spawn mortality.

*The data presented here are preliminary in nature and subject to revision.*

If you have any questions regarding this summary, please contact Steve Gough ([steve\\_gough@fws.gov](mailto:steve_gough@fws.gov)).



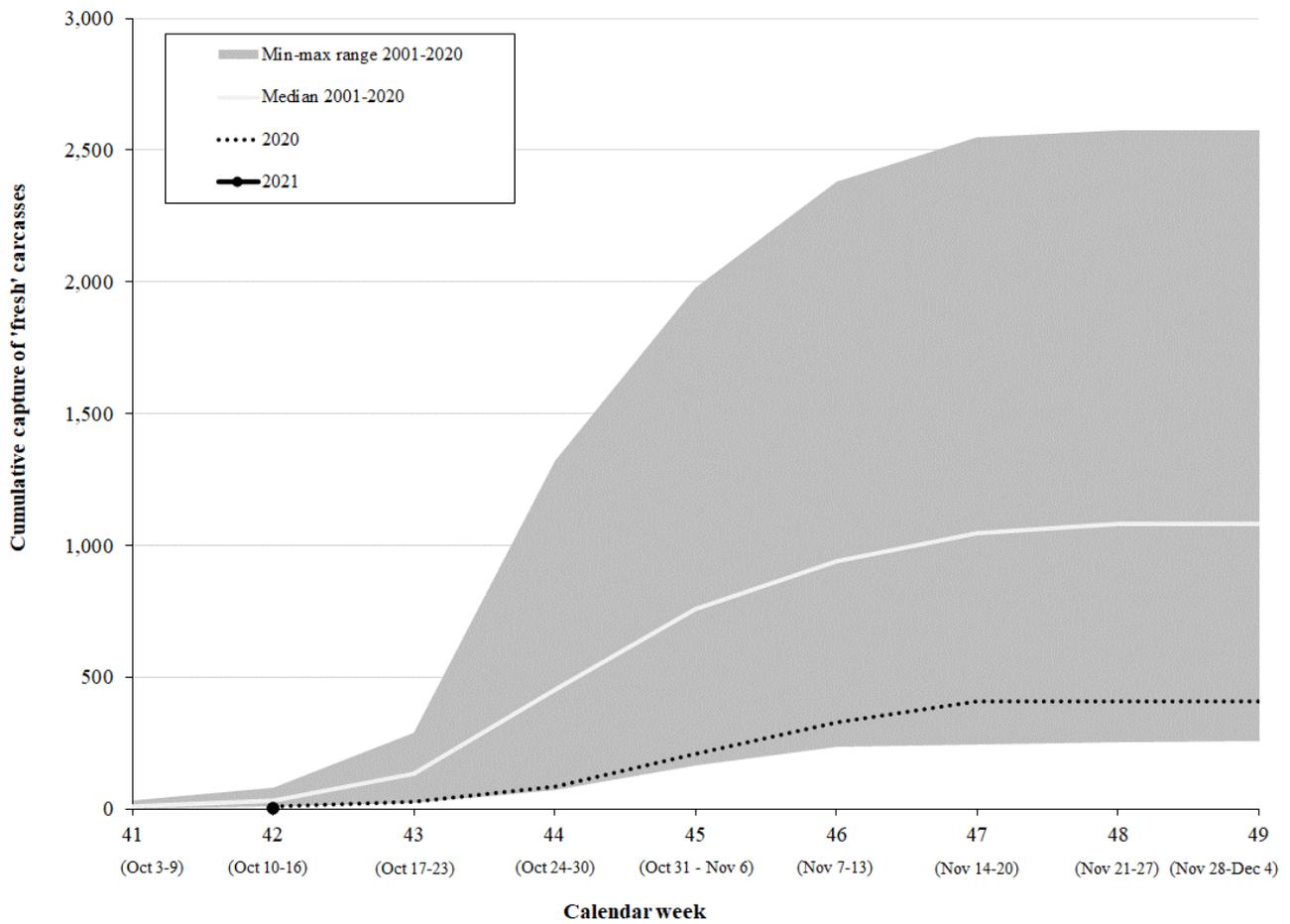


Figure 1. Cumulative count to date of ‘fresh’ (F<sub>1</sub>- and D<sub>2</sub>-condition) fall Chinook Salmon carcasses in the Klamath River from Iron Gate Dam to the Shasta River confluence in 2021 compared with 2001–2020. We use the number of fresh carcasses as a relative comparator of annual run size. These counts have not yet been expanded into an estimate of escapement.

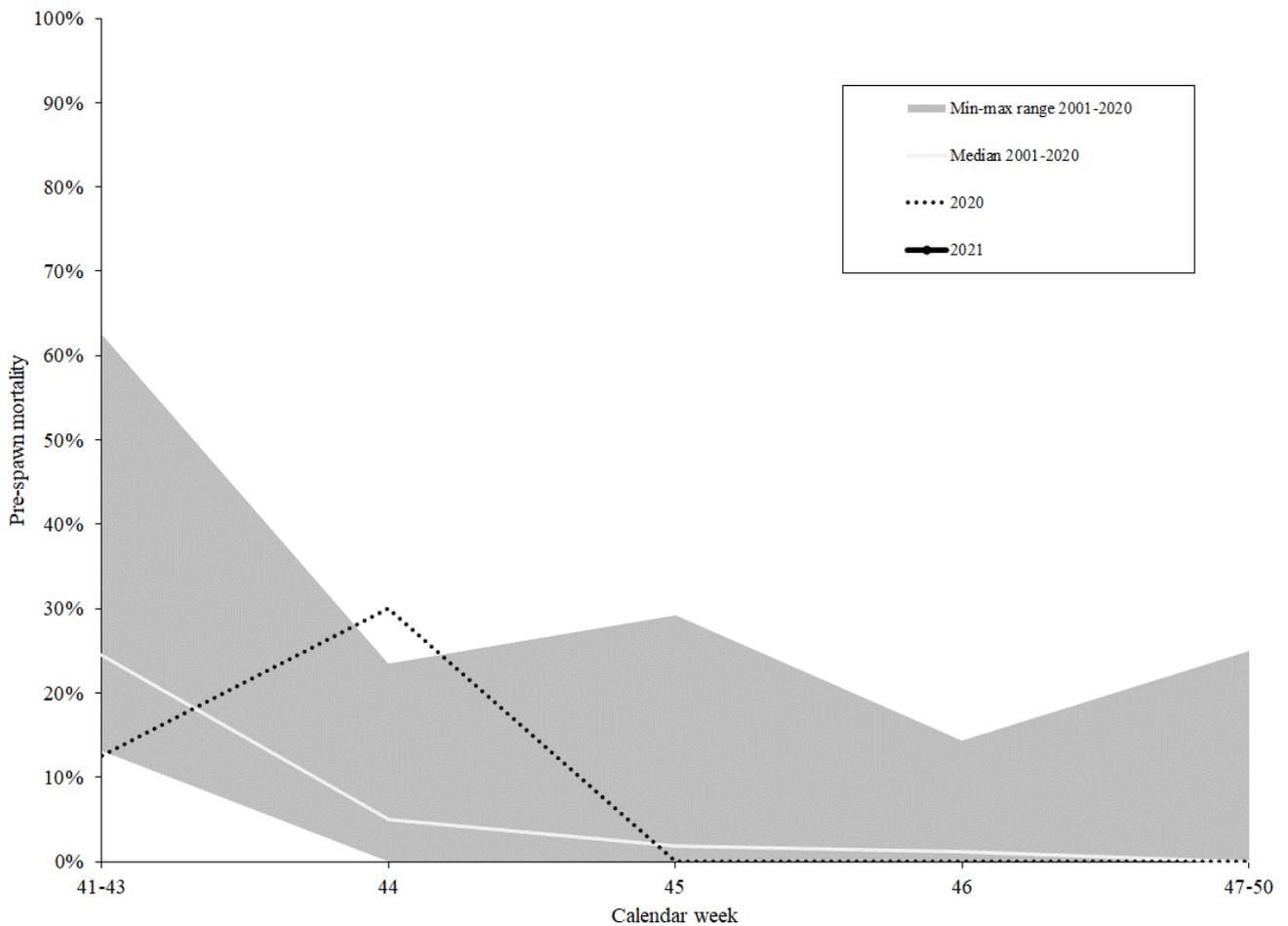


Figure 2. Weekly pre-spawn mortality to date from F1-condition female Chinook Salmon carcasses, Klamath River surveys in 2021 (no data yet) compared with 2001–2020. Calendar weeks 41–43 and 47–50 were combined since sample sizes were typically low in calendar weeks 41, 42, 48, 49, and 50, if surveyed. See Figure 1 for the dates defining this year’s calendar weeks.

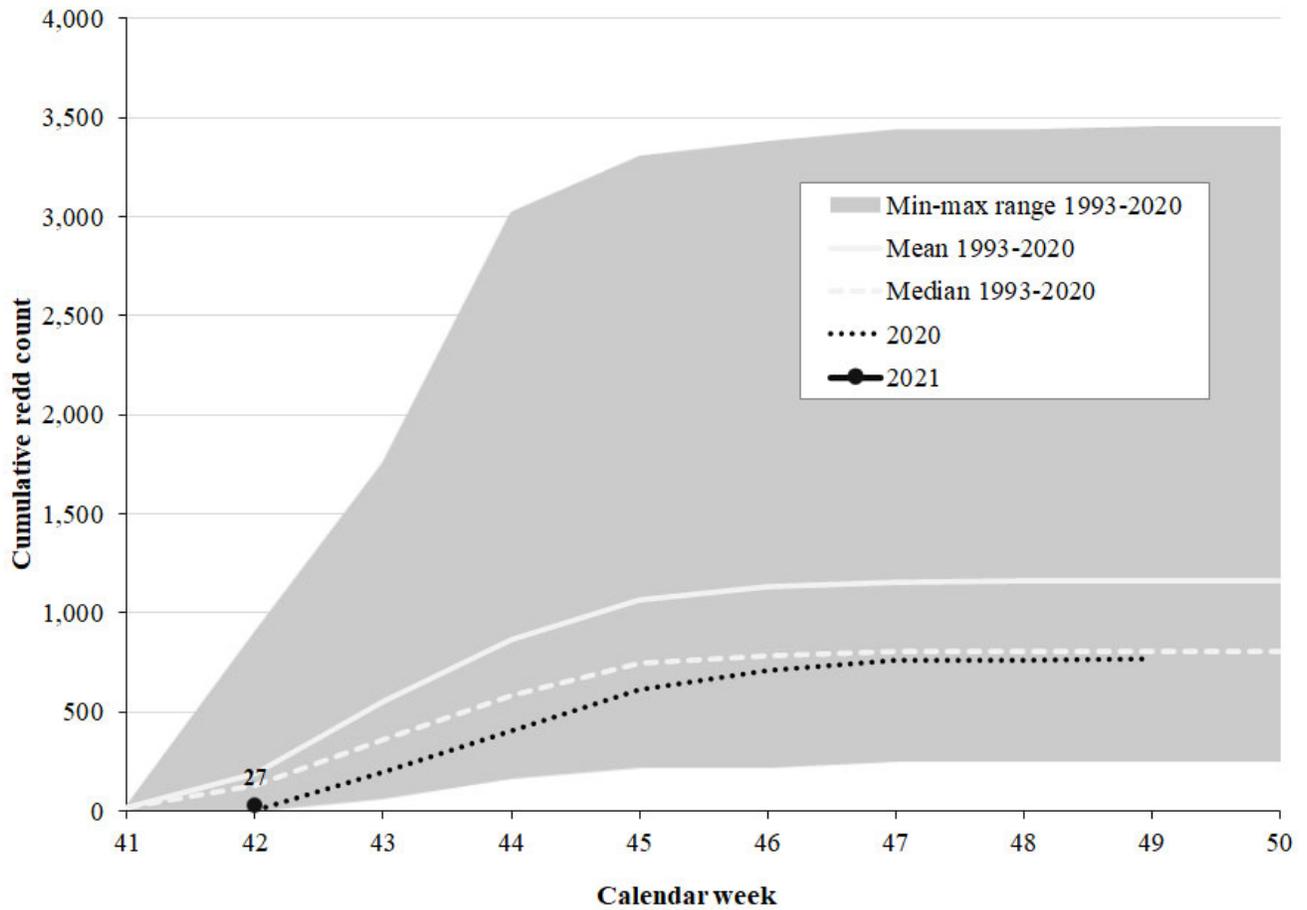


Figure 3. Cumulative count to date of fall Chinook Salmon redds in the mainstem Klamath River from Shasta River to Indian Creek in 2021 compared with 1993–2020. See Figure 1 for the dates defining this year’s calendar weeks.