

# Strategic Landscape and Stand Management for Owl Habitat on the Deschutes National Forest



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# Eastern Oregon Cascade Province

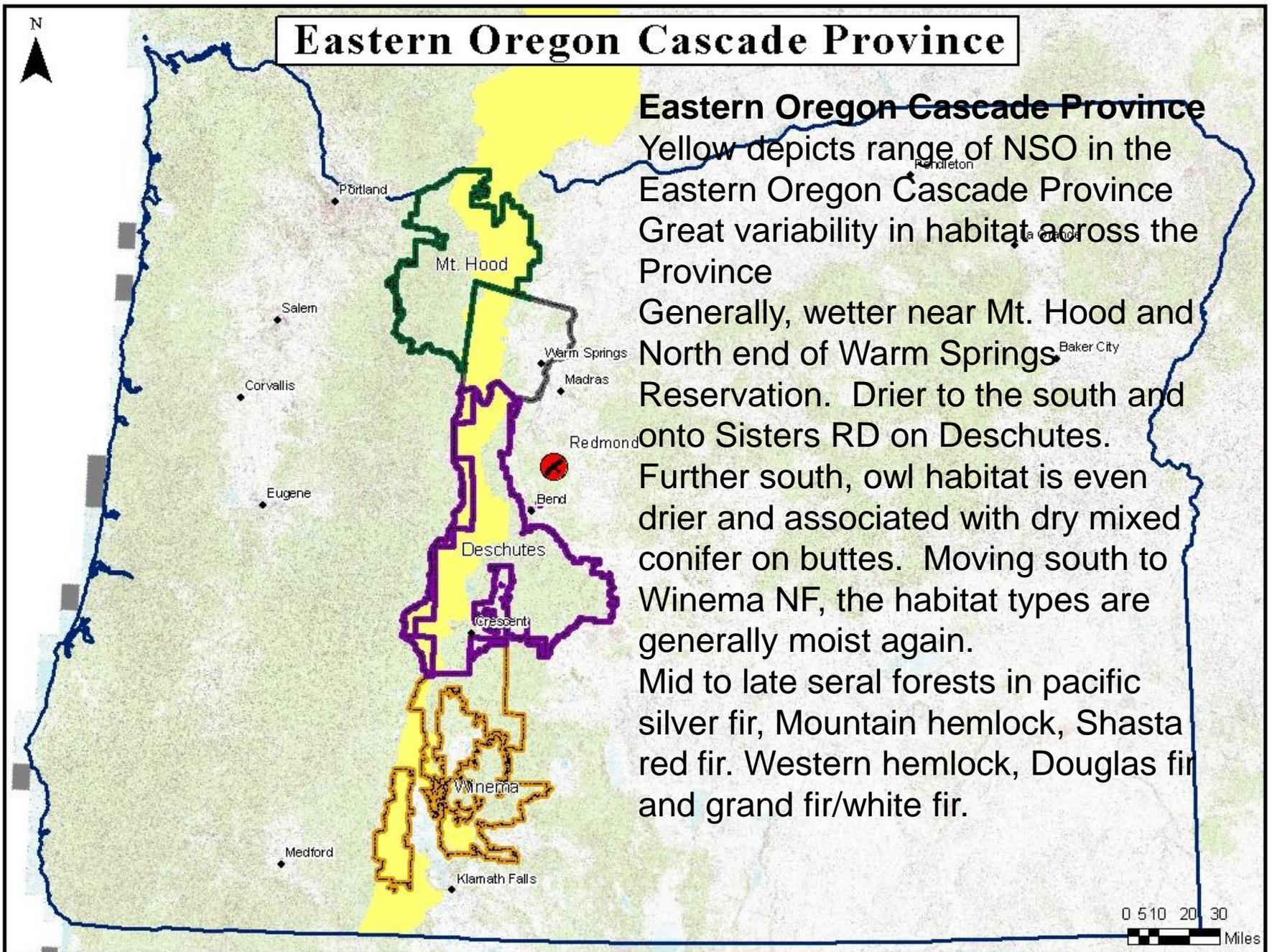
## Eastern Oregon Cascade Province

Yellow depicts range of NSO in the Eastern Oregon Cascade Province  
Great variability in habitat across the Province

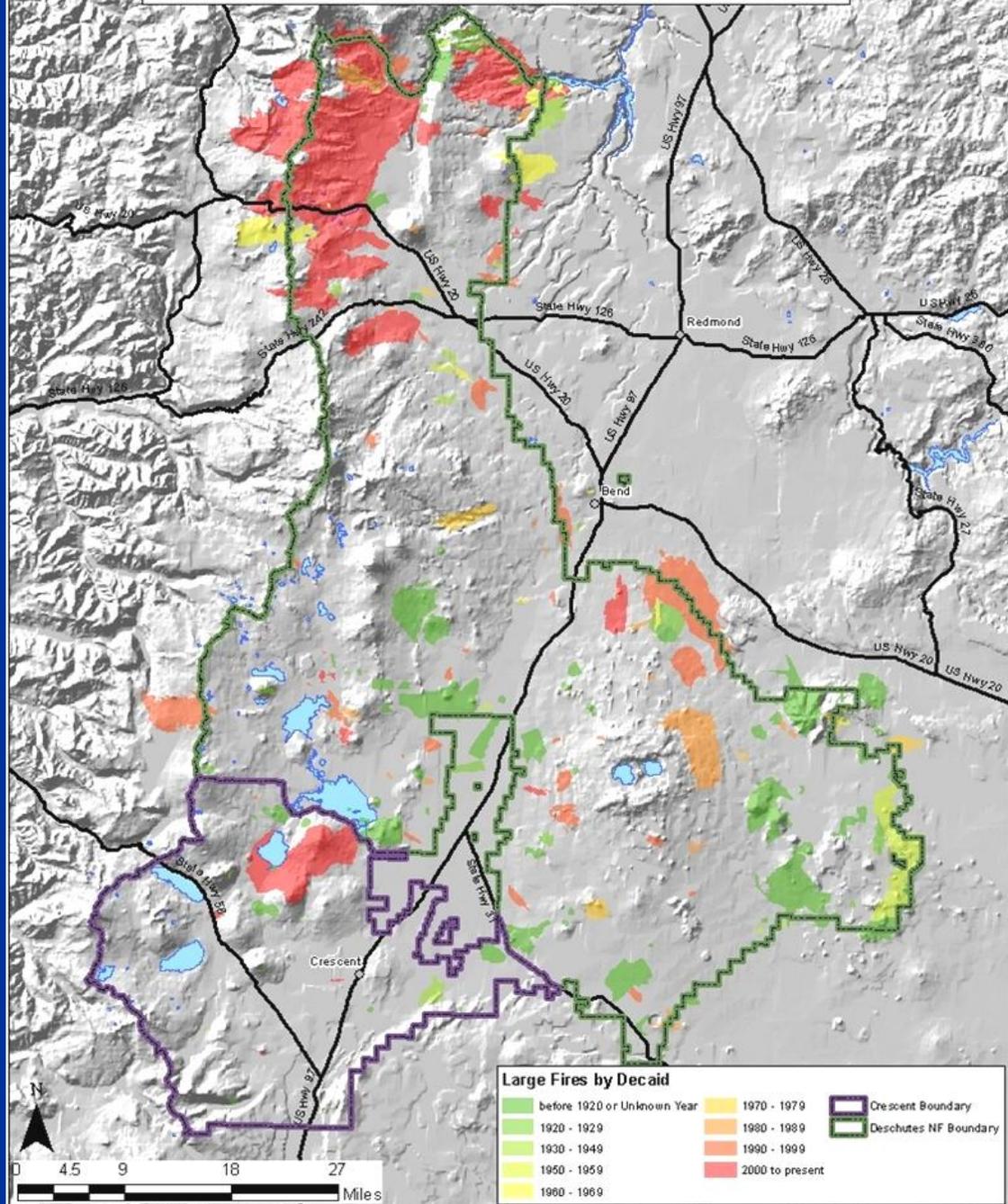
Generally, wetter near Mt. Hood and North end of Warm Springs Reservation. Drier to the south and onto Sisters RD on Deschutes.

Further south, owl habitat is even drier and associated with dry mixed conifer on buttes. Moving south to Winema NF, the habitat types are generally moist again.

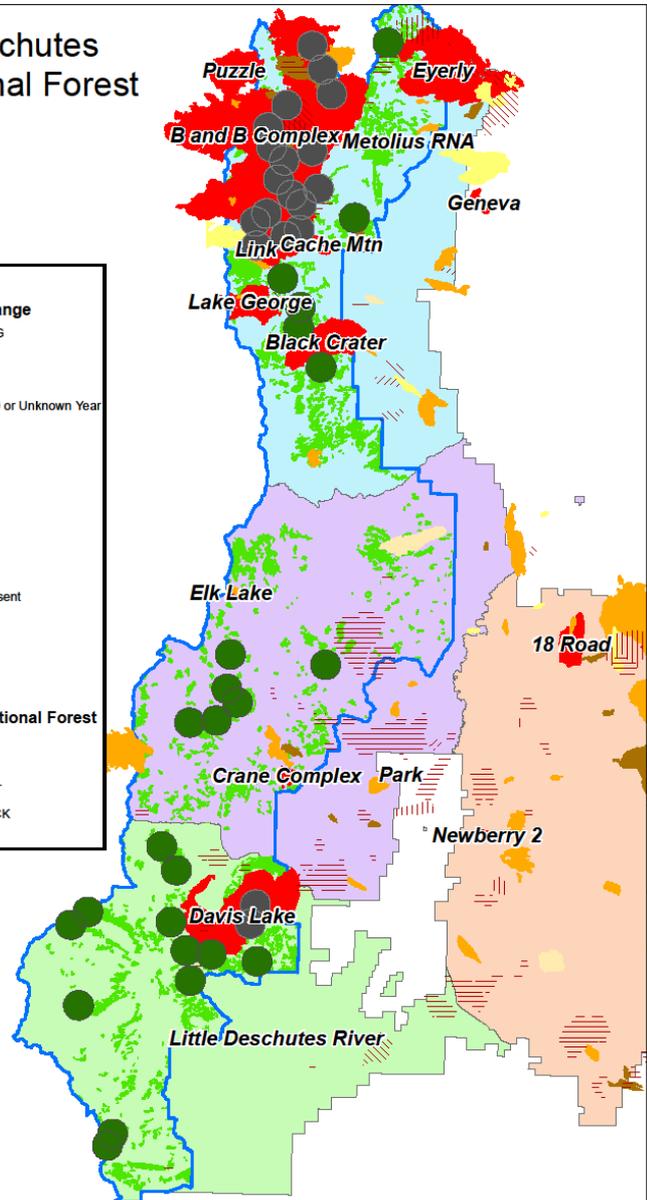
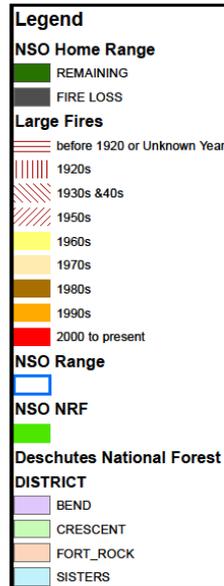
Mid to late seral forests in pacific silver fir, Mountain hemlock, Shasta red fir. Western hemlock, Douglas fir and grand fir/white fir.

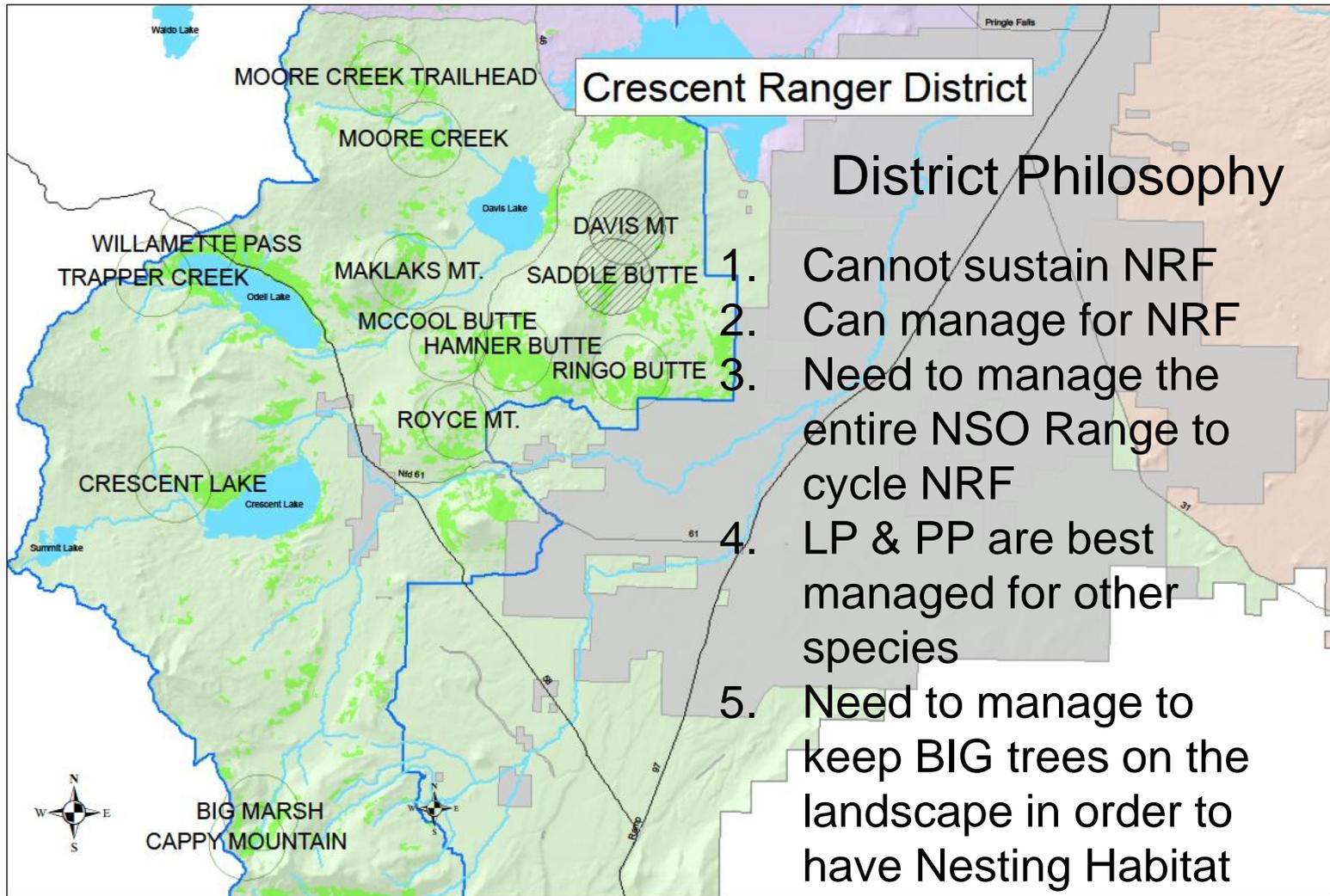


# Deschutes National Forest Fire History



# Deschutes National Forest







# Big Trees

Davis MT (prior to fire)

Nest = Cavity

Tree = 36" DBH DF



Hamner Butte  
Nest = Cavity  
Tree = 50" DBH DF





Royce Mt.  
Nest = Cavity  
Tree = 54" DF



Ringo Butte  
Nest = Cavity  
Tree = 57" DBH PP

A 21" dbh Tree is  
NOT Big or Large

Willamette Pass  
Nest = Cavity  
Tree = 60" DBH DF

Need to enhance  
those trees 36"-60"





Moore Creek  
Nest = Cavity  
Tree = 64" DBH DF



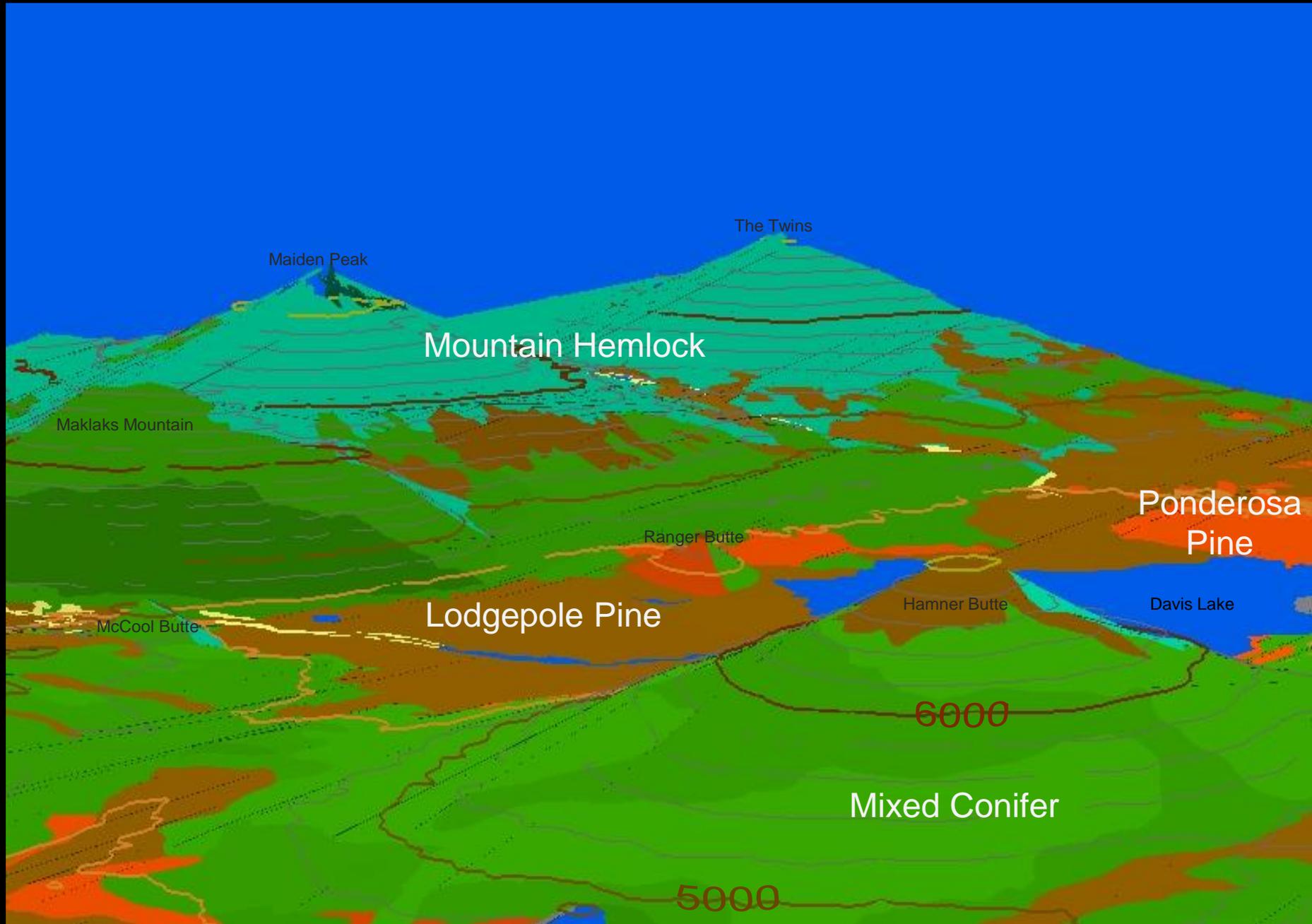
Maintain those  
greater than 60"



Do what we need with  
the smaller trees (<36") to grow and maintain  
the truly LARGE trees for our nesting habitat



Moore Creek Nest Grove 82" DBH DF



Maiden Peak

The Twins

Mountain Hemlock

Maklaks Mountain

Ponderosa Pine

Ranger Butte

Lodgepole Pine

Hamner Butte

Davis Lake

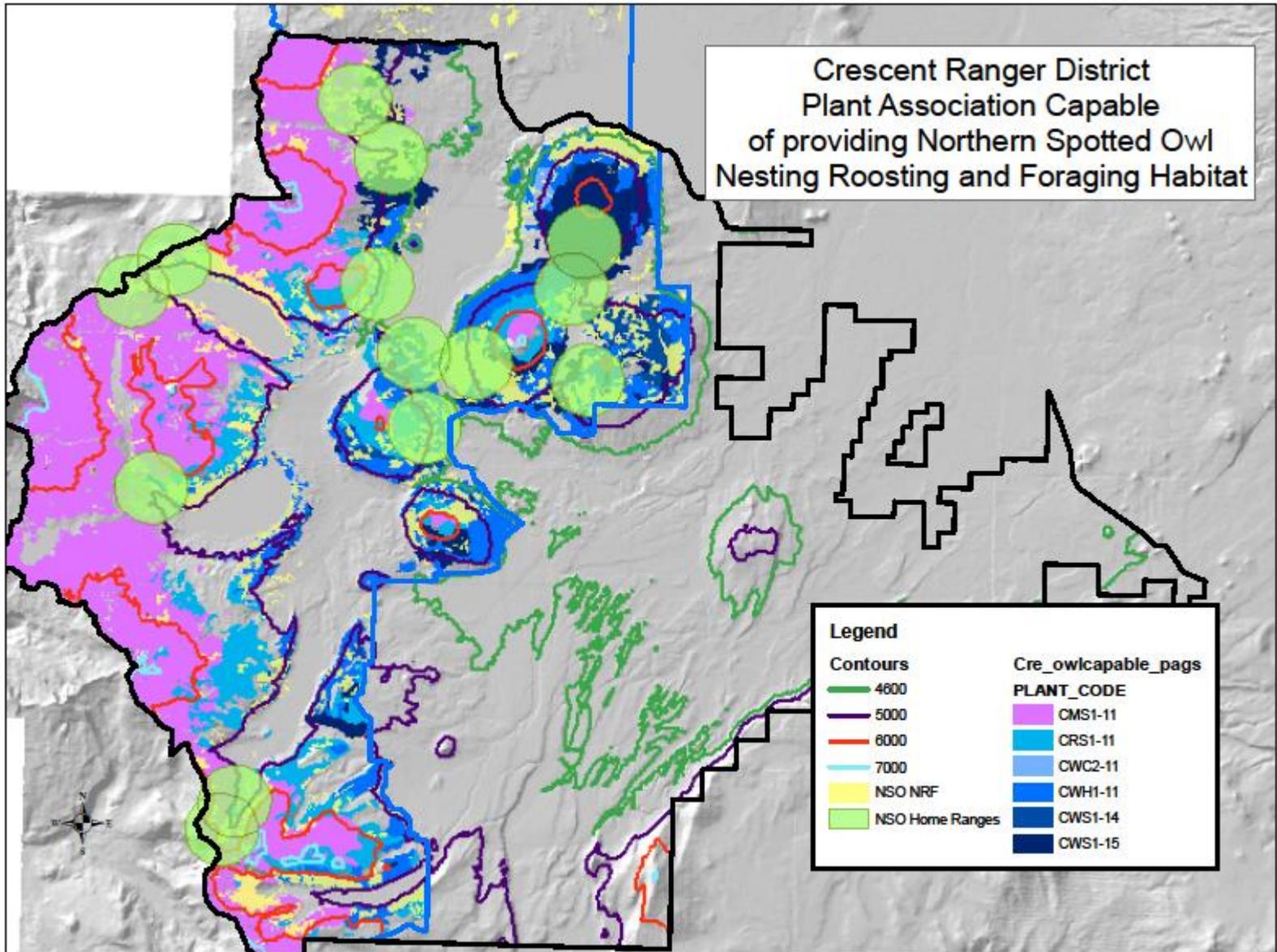
McCool Butte

6000

Mixed Conifer

5000

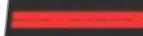
Crescent Ranger District  
Plant Association Capable  
of providing Northern Spotted Owl  
Nesting Roosting and Foraging Habitat



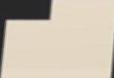
# Crescent Ranger District Spotted Owl Stats

Site Name	Current NRF w/in 1.2 mi.	% of 1.2 (standard 40%)	Current NRF w/in .7 mi.	% of 0.7 (standard 50%)	Documented Young Produced 1999-2009	Documented Young Produced 1988-1998	Data Since
Hamner Bt.	1952	67%	887	90%	2	5	1977
Davis Mt.	10	0%	0	0%	1 	6	1978
Saddle Bt.	279	10%	164	17%	0 	4	1979
Big Marsh	641	22%	230	23%	0*	0	1982
Royce Mt.	846	29%	281	29%	2	2	1982
Maklaks Mt.	678	23%	279	28%	5	4	1985
Crescent Lk.	362	13%	120	12%	0*	0	1987
Moore Cr.	846	29%	522	53%	1	1	1988
Cappy Mt.	530	18%	341	35%	0*	2	1989
McCool Bt.	637	22%	220	22%	0	4	1989
Ringo Bt.	984	34%	388	39%	1	1	1989
Moore Cr. Tr.	762	26%	280	28%	2	N/A	1994
Will. Pass	776	27%	299	30%	2*	N/A	2002
Trapper Creek	392	14%	214	22%	0*	N/A	2005

## Legend for Three Dimensional Maps

 Northwest Forest Plan Owl Line

 Nesting, Roosting, and Foraging Habitat

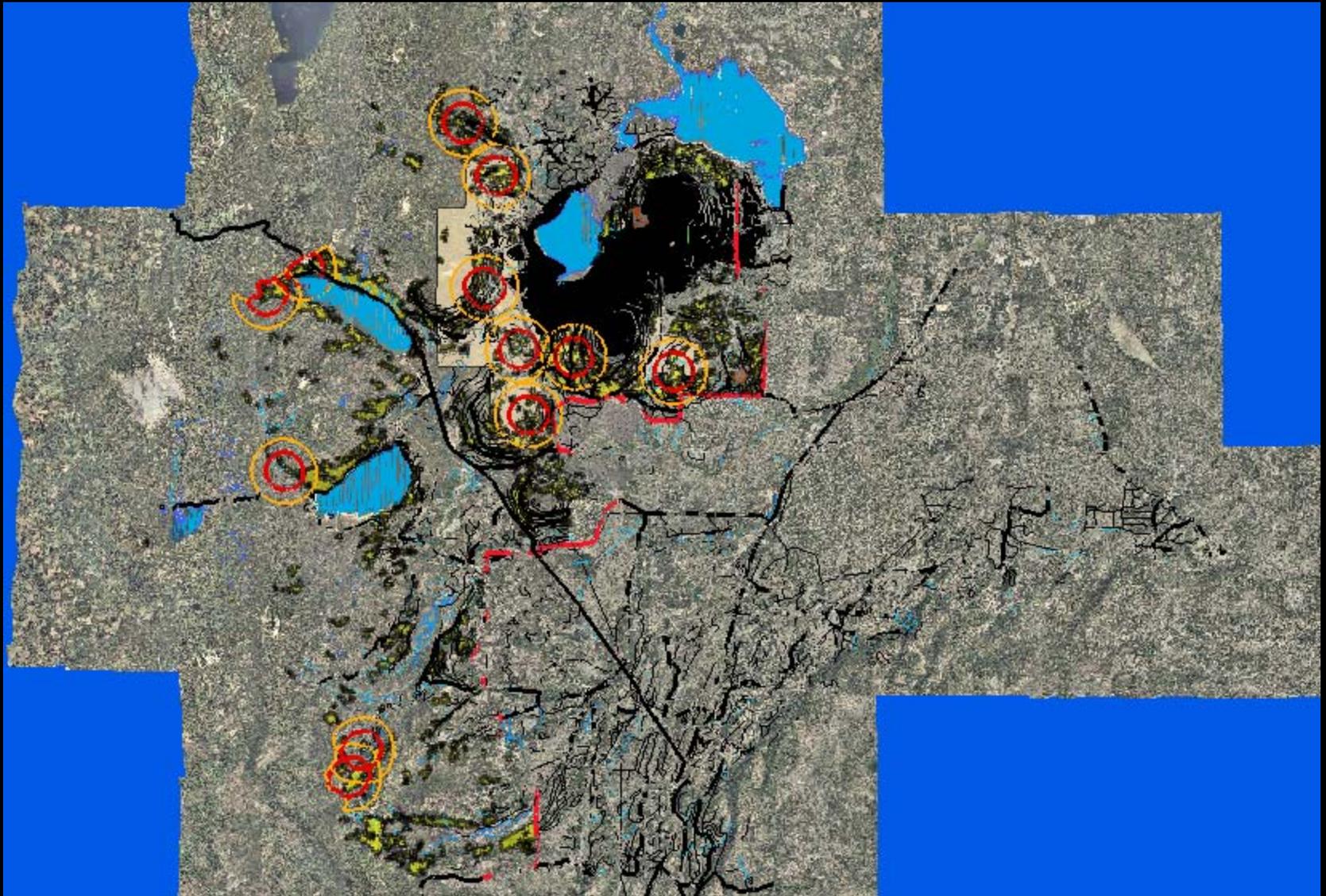
 Critical Habitat Unit 1992

 Spotted Owl Home Range 1.2 mi

 Spotted Owl Core Range 0.7 mi

 Davis Fire

# To Maklaks





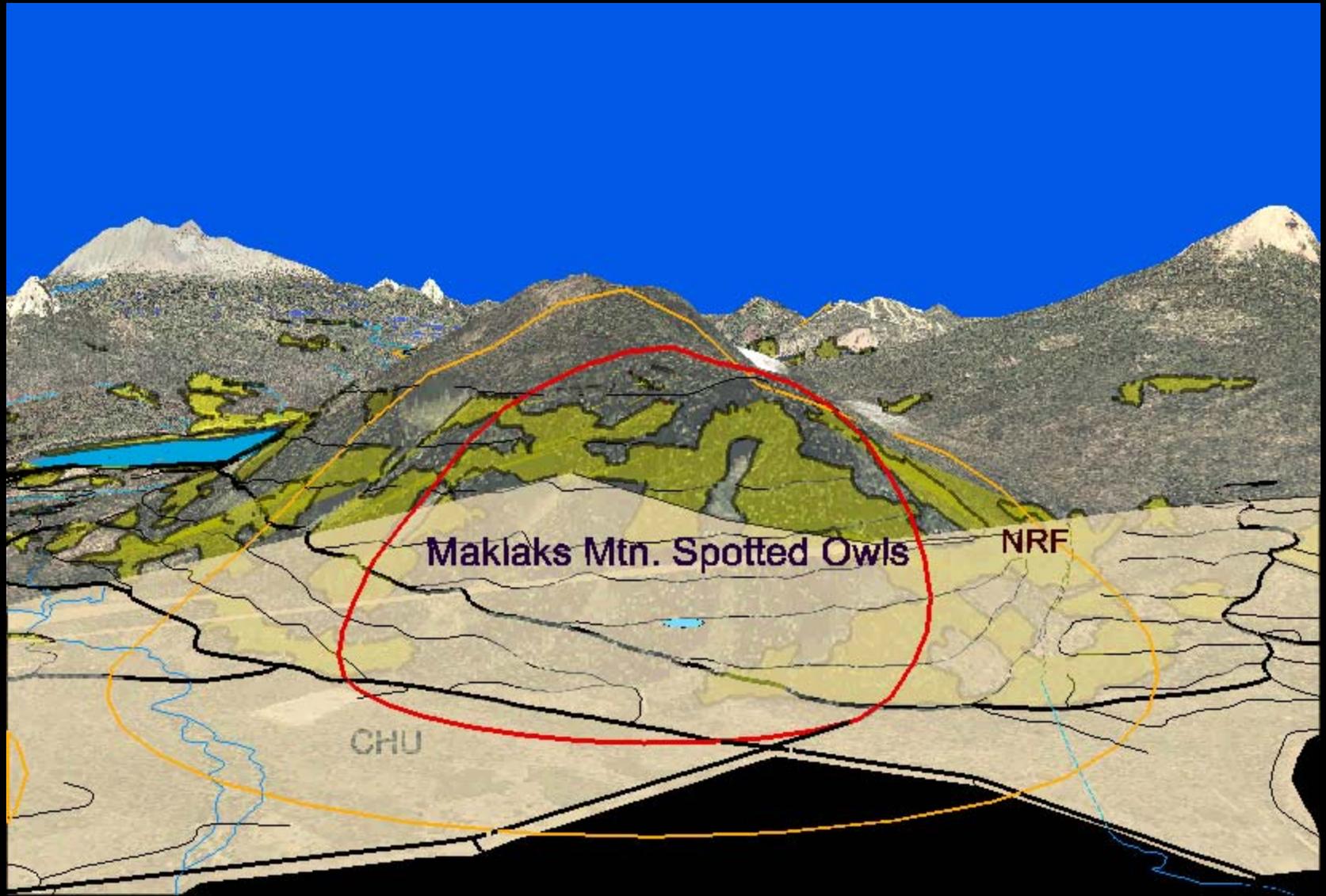
Maklaks – SE Aspect  
1999-2009 = 5 juvies  
23% NRF in 1.2 mi,  
28% NRF 0.7mi

# Maklaks Habitat



Scattered Large PP, DF with understory of second growth DF and true firs

# To Moore Creek

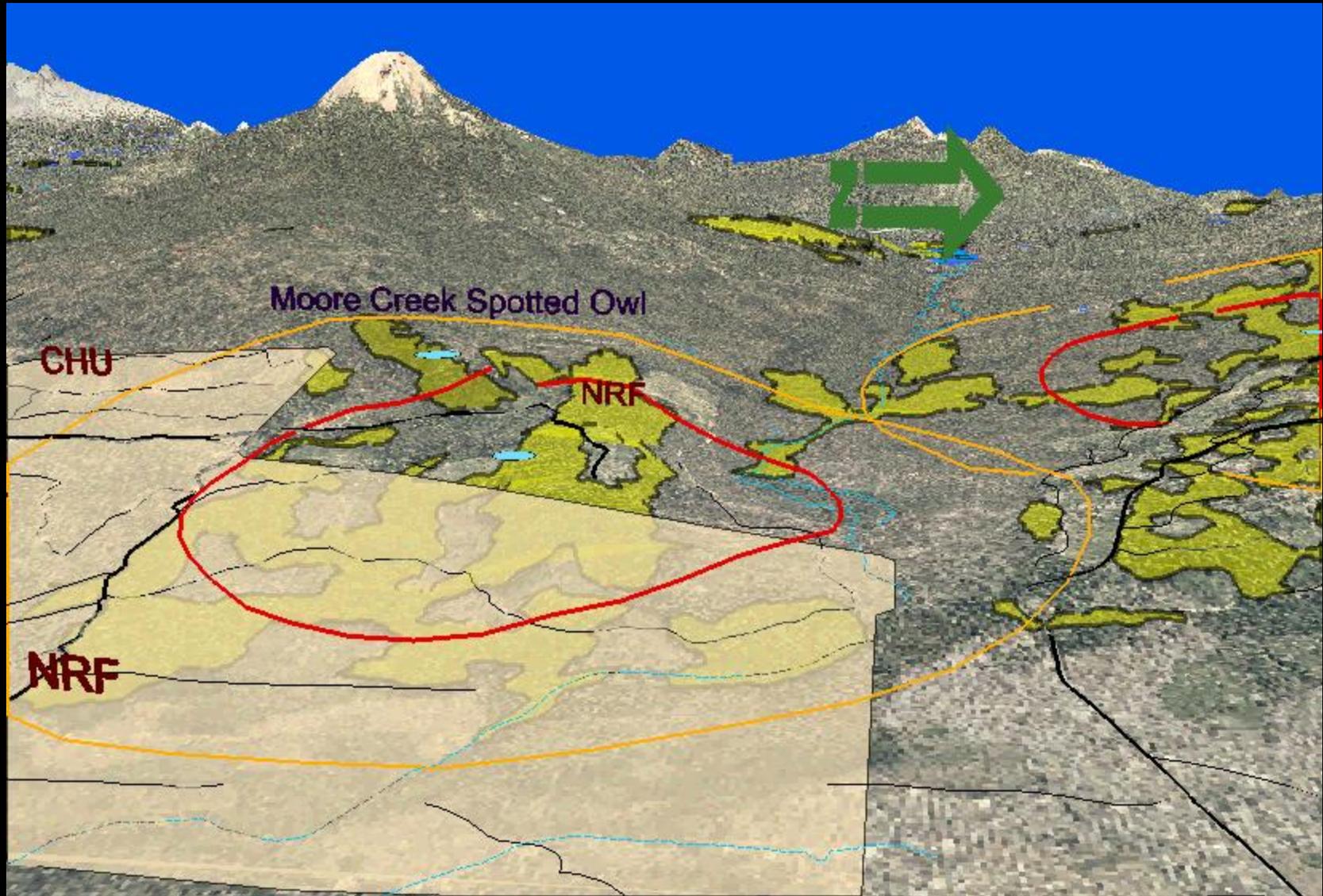


# Moore Creek Habitat



Aspect NE; Nest is on the upper slope; Nest Tree: DF-64" DBH;

# To Hamner Butte



# Hamner Habitat



# Hamner Nest Tree



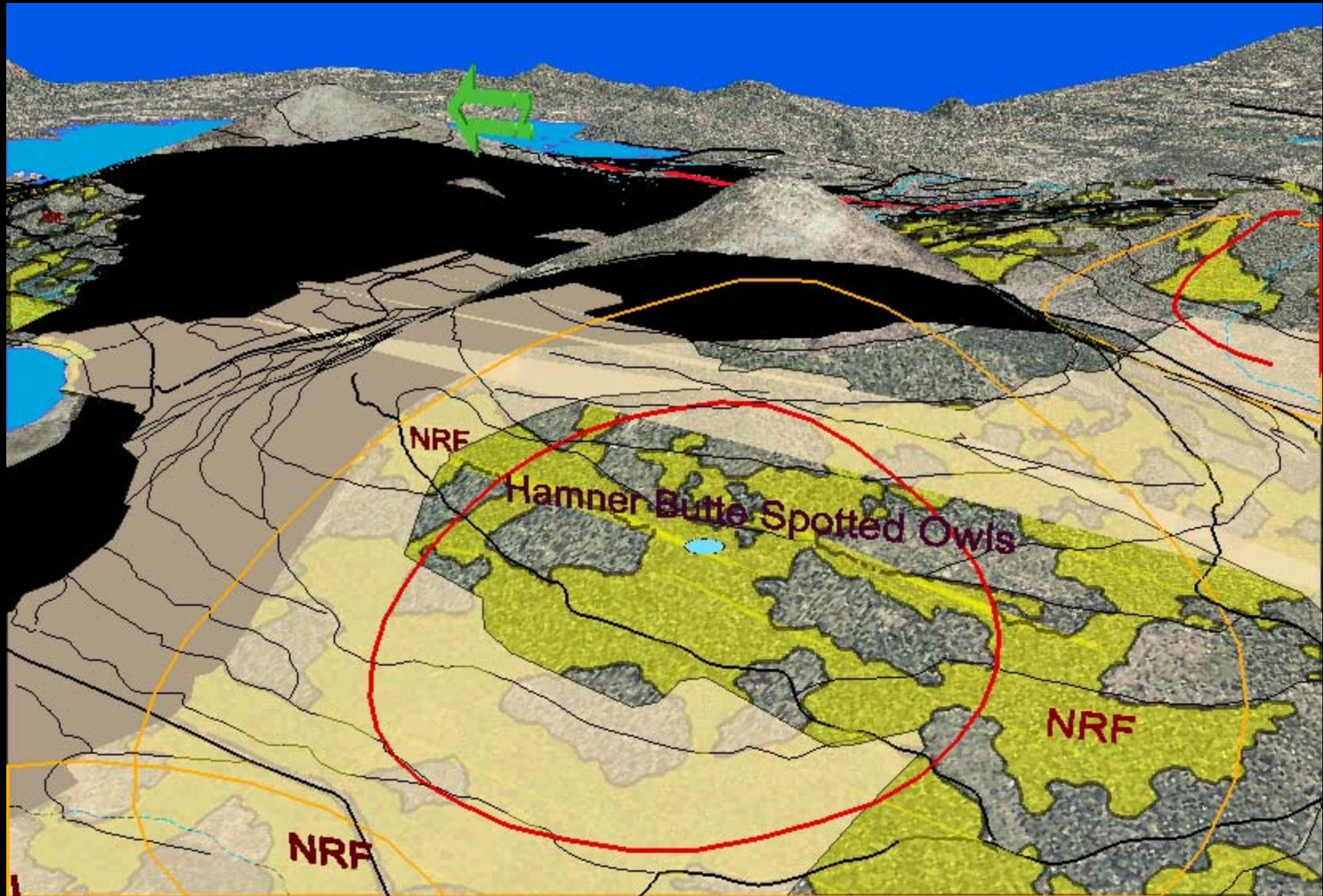
Aspect: W; Nest is on the lower 3<sup>rd</sup> slope; Nest Tree:  
DF-50.5" DBH; Elevation: ~5220'





1999-2009 - 2 Juvies    1989-1998 – 5 Juvies  
67% NRF in 1.2mi, 90% NRF in 0.7mi

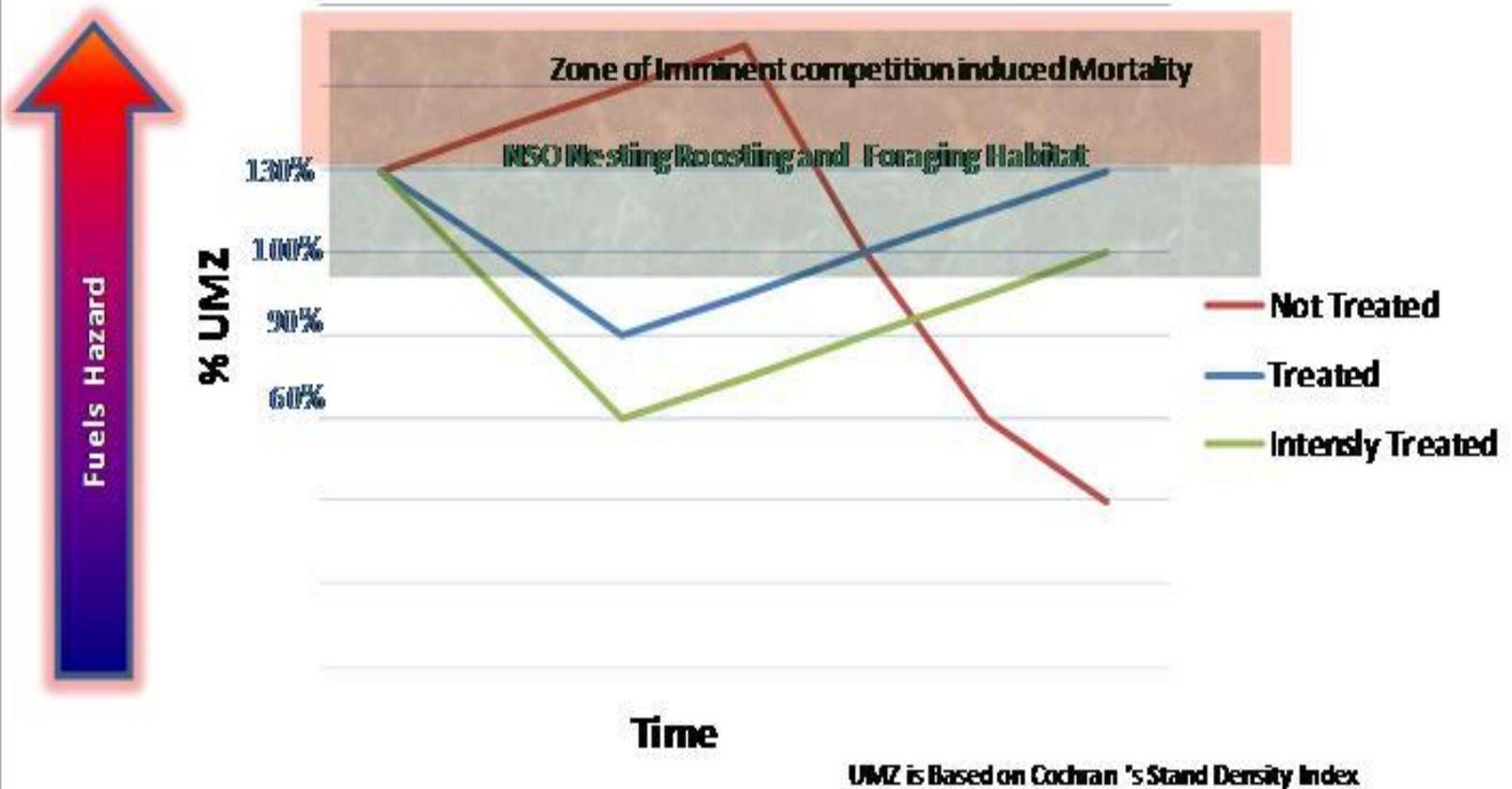
# To East Side Hamner



# East Side of Hamner Butte

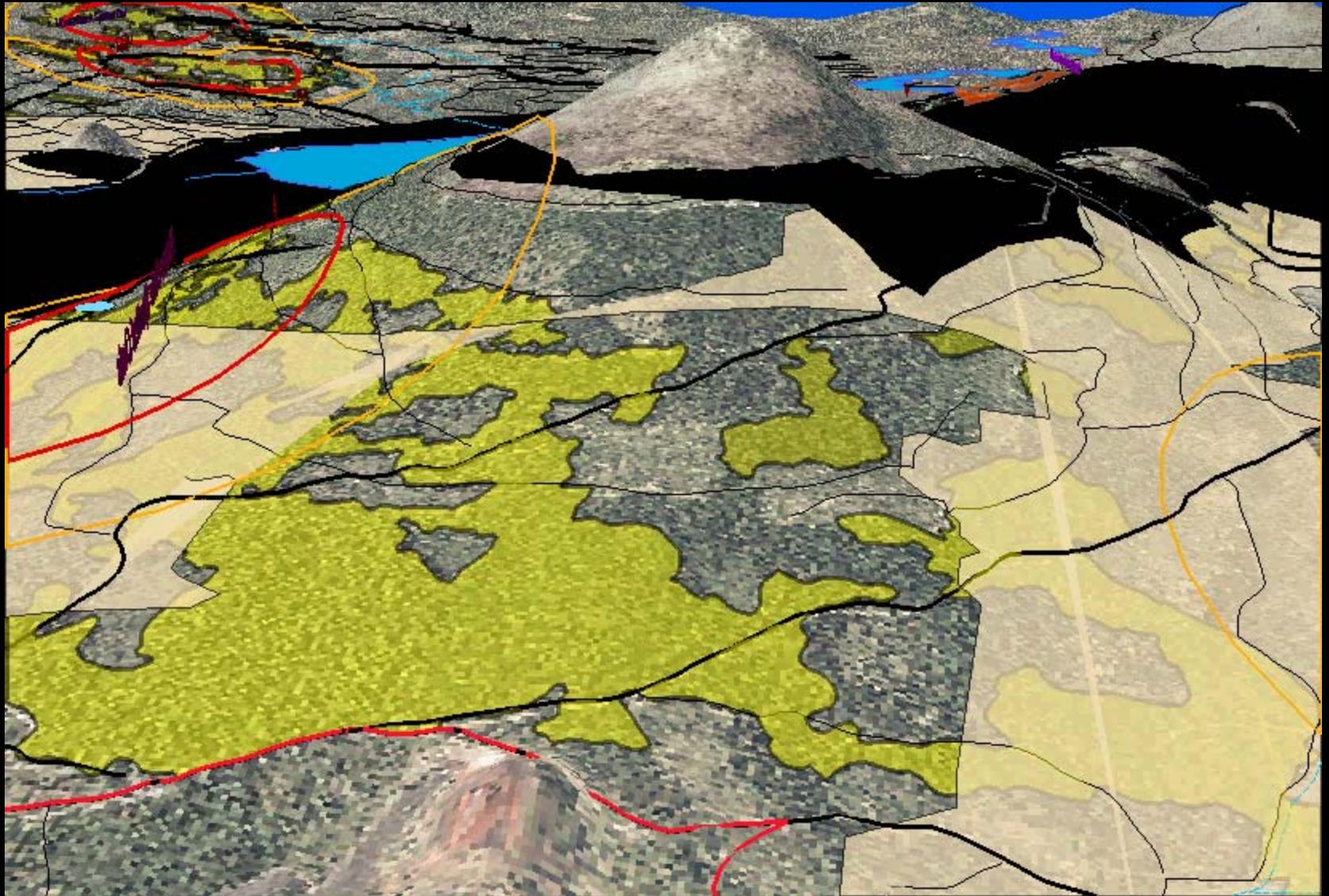


# Upper Management Zone



Example: Eastside PP 100% UMZ = 365 SDI=BA 200 sq.ft .

# To Goose TS



# Goose 2009



Goose 52 acres of NRF in LSR

Objective: Increase resistance to insect disease and stand replacement fire

RX: Set back to 90% UMZ, remove 1/3 of basal area in trees 8"-24" dbh

Harvested in 2000 to Foraging Habitat

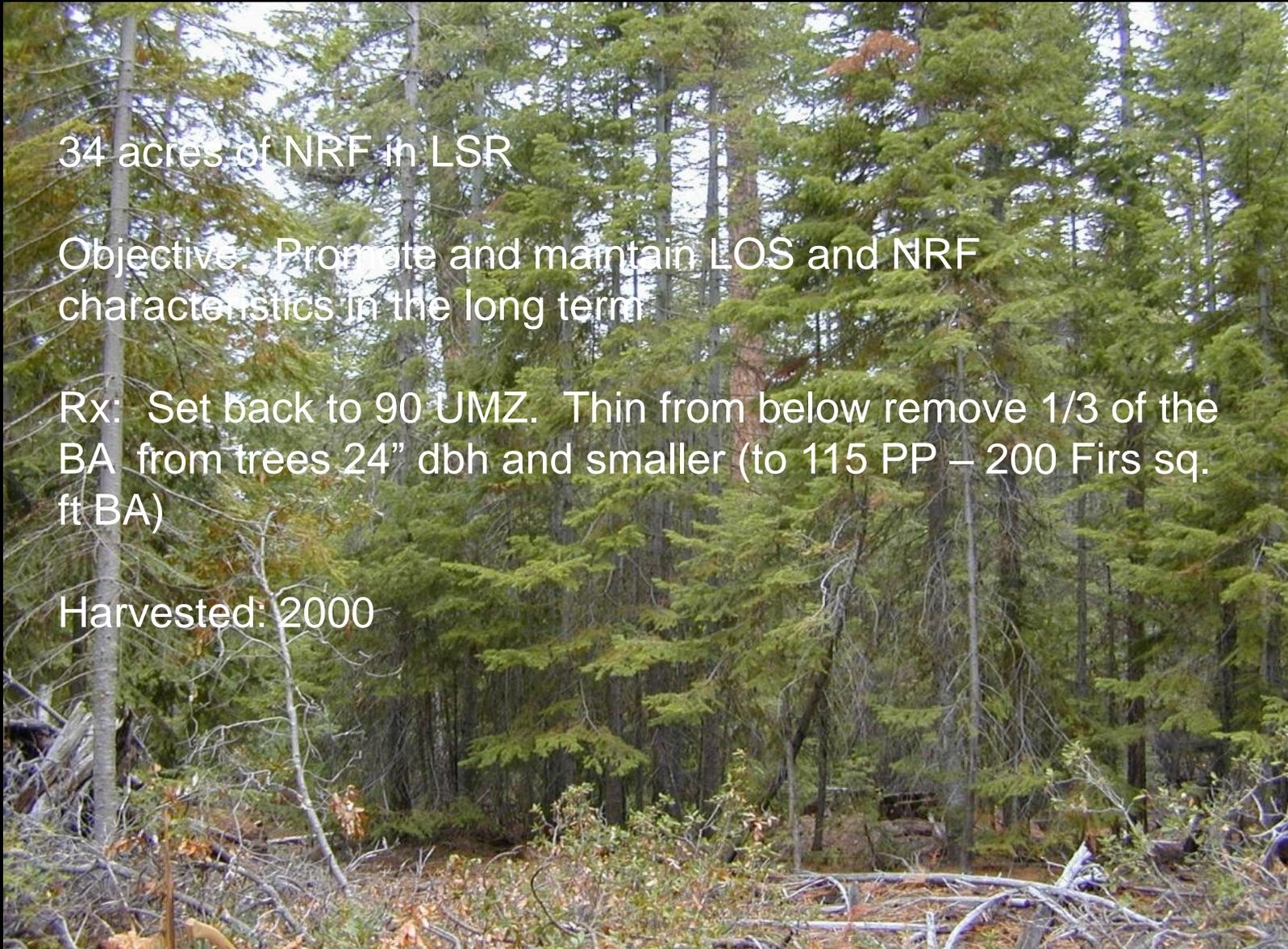
# Davis Top

34 acres of NRF in LSR

Objective: Promote and maintain LOS and NRF characteristics in the long term

Rx: Set back to 90 UMZ. Thin from below remove 1/3 of the BA from trees 24" dbh and smaller (to 115 PP – 200 Firs sq. ft BA)

Harvested: 2000



2002 PCT leave all healthy viable understory  
Post treatment: Dispersal Habitat



# 2003 Post Davis Fire

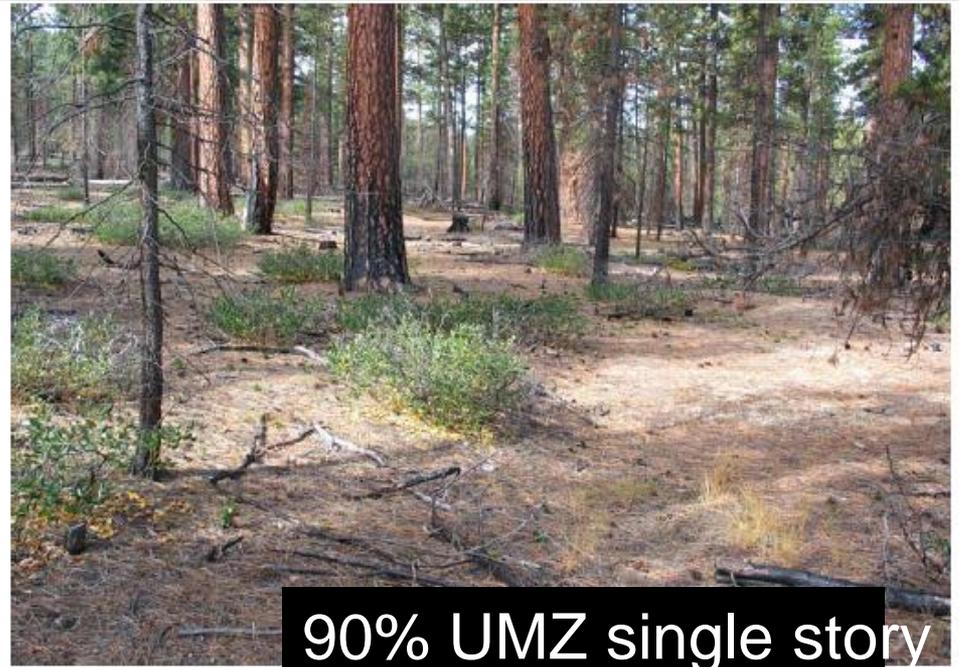


Stand used in burnout operations

# Other treated stands to 90UMZ



90% UMZ multi story



90% UMZ single story

# Stands treated to 60% UMZ



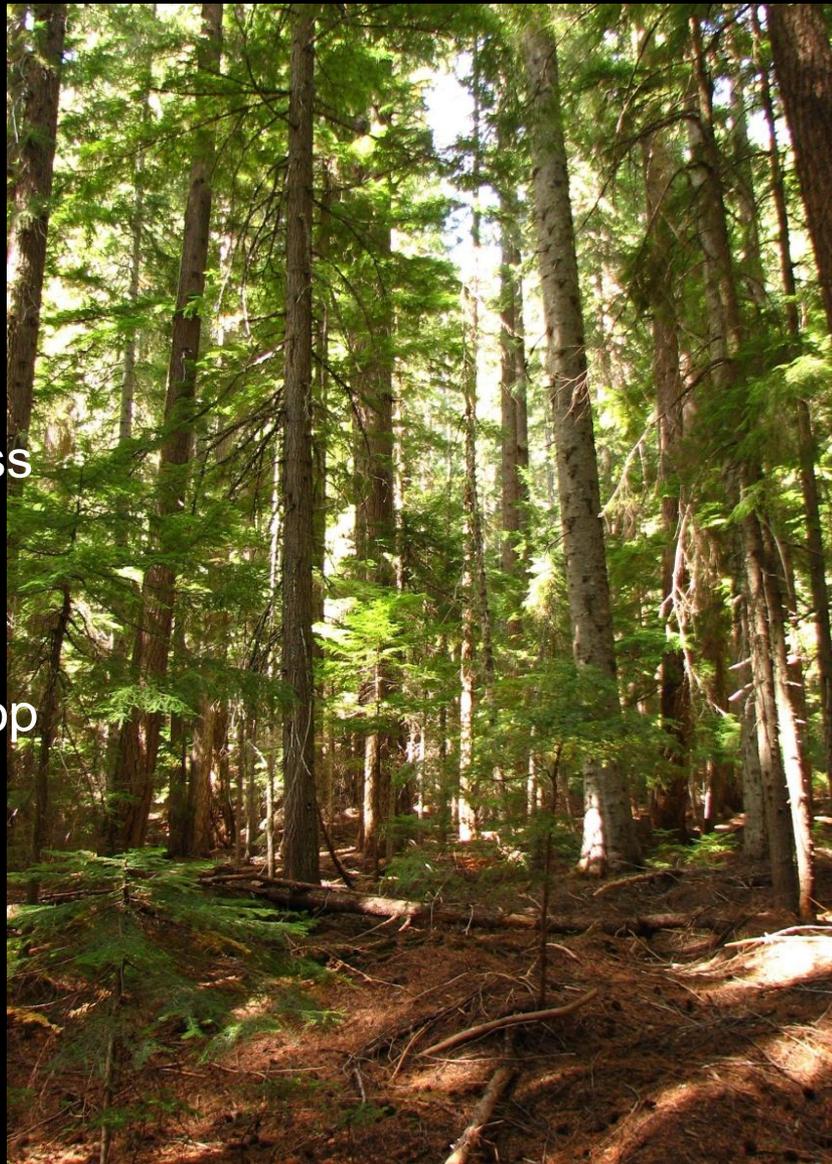
# Rosedell CE



Objective: Reduce the risk of loss of NRF to stand replacement fire from fire starts along the highway

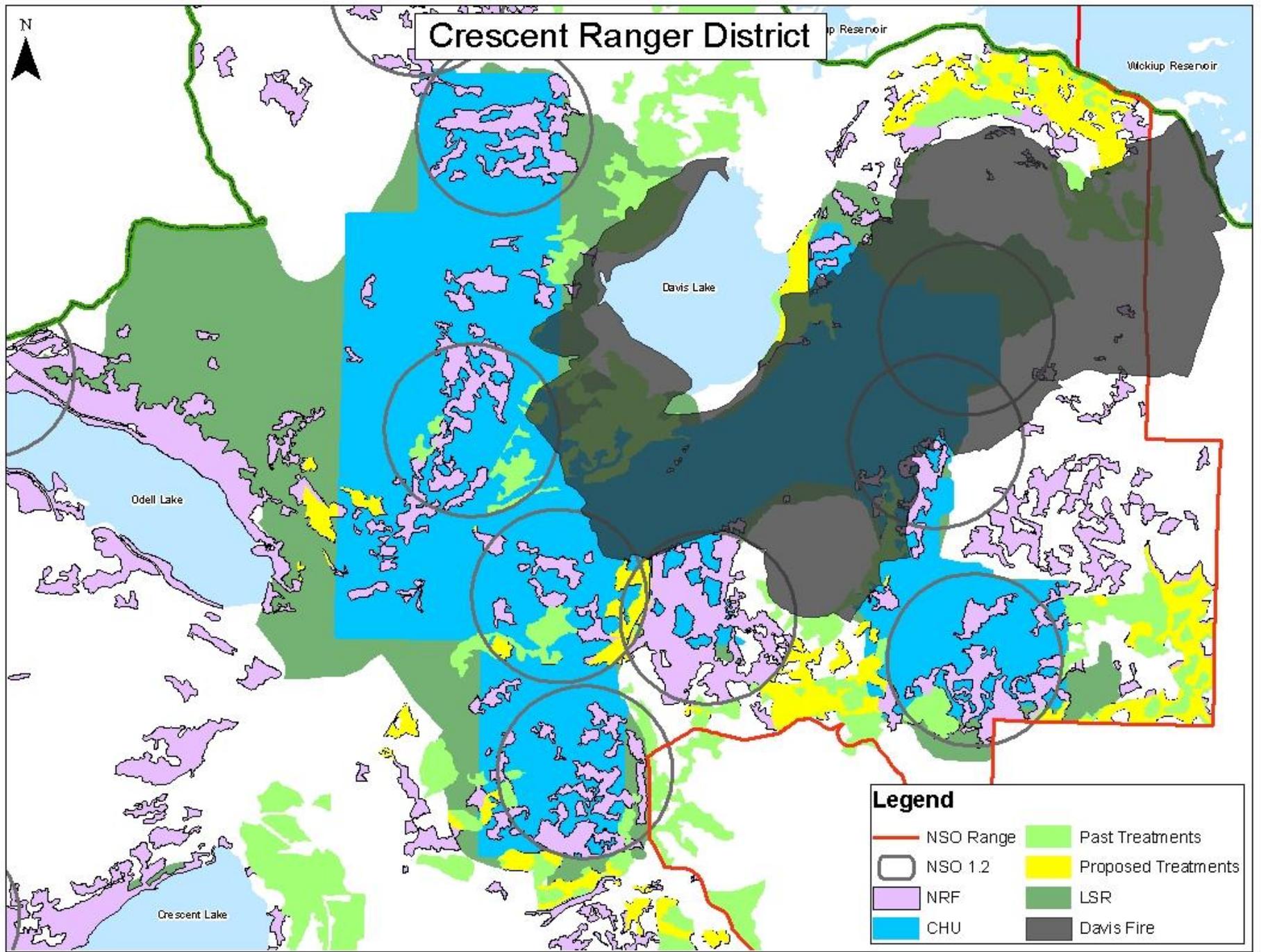
Fuels Treatments In NRF remains NRF Habitat

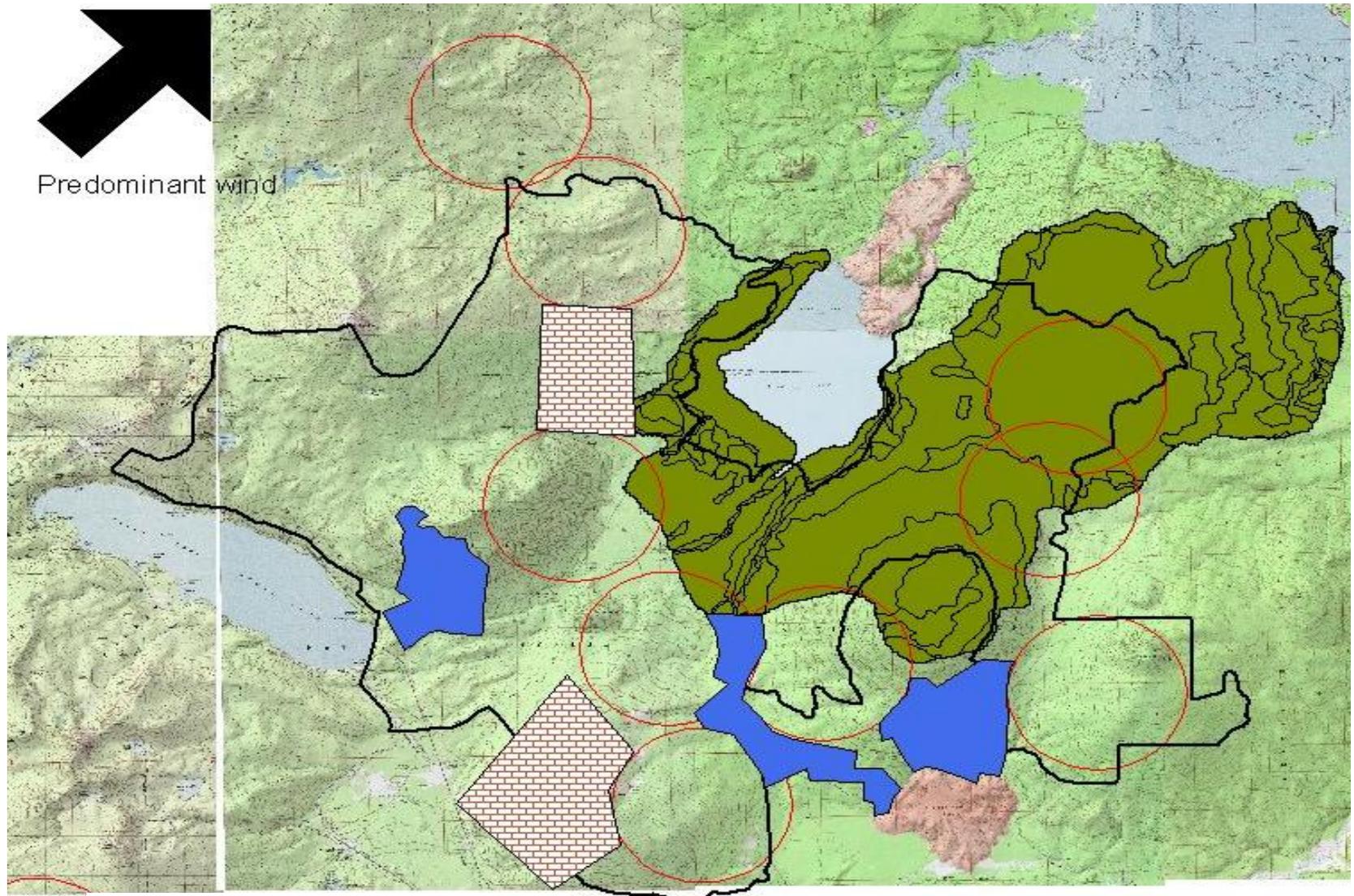
Thin all 3" dbh and less trees to 18' spacing, Limb all trees up to provide 8' clear of ladder fuels. Pile or lop and scatter.



Unit 2, acres 52  
in NRF  
Elevation: 5000  
Slope: 15%  
Aspect: S.  
Treated in 2006  
Remains NRF

# Crescent Ranger District



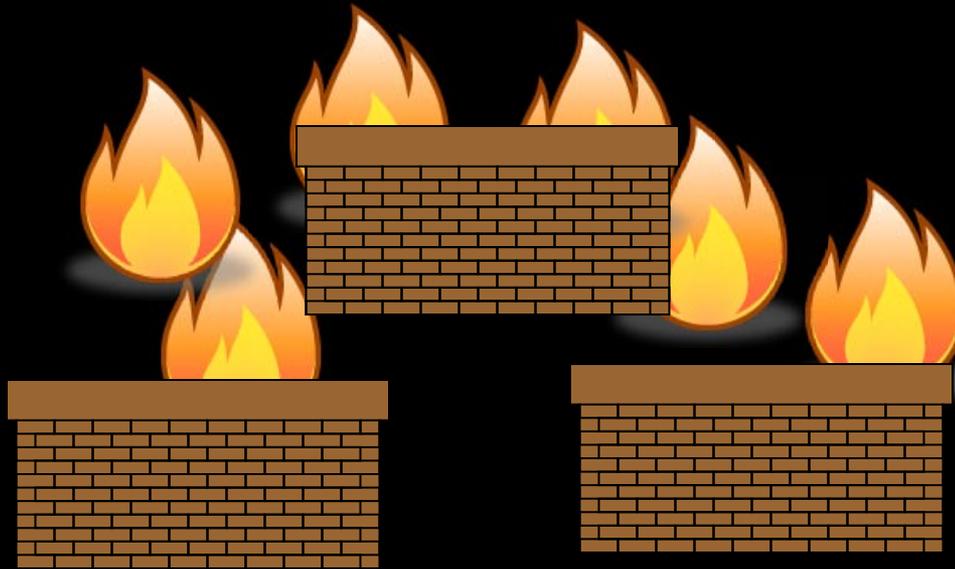


-  Finney Hatch Break
-  Fire behavior Mod. Area
-  Davis LSR
-  Owl HR
-  Davis Fire

## Strategy for Landscape Planning to Reduce Fire Risk to Owl Habitat

Fire Behavior modification areas: complete treatment in 80% of the area leaving 20% in a mosaic throughout.

Finney Hatch Break: a checkerboard effect of complete treatments on 40%.



Fuels Treatments:



NRF:

Cut all trees  $\leq 3''$  dbh to 18' x 18' spacing. Prune all limbs up to 8' above ground level.

Non-NRF:



Cut all trees  $\leq 6''$  dbh to 20' x 20' spacing.

Snags and Down wood: Leave all snags. Meet down wood guidelines by plant association group and management area, (focus removal of down wood on fuels 9" dbh and below)



# Summary

## Gotta be strategic

- Large Toolbox with Different Treatments
  - Manage for BIG TREES and options for the future
  - Within NFR, LSR, CHU, Matrix
  - Small and Large Diameter
  - Fuels Reduction

Bottom line need the tools to manage for Nesting Habitat over time and space

# Acknowledgements

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- **Holly Jewkes – Ranger, Crescent Ranger District**

***Special Thanks to  
Carina Rosterolla  
FS Biologist  
Photographer  
ARCSCENE Jedi  
And Powerpoint Master***

A photograph of two owls perched on a thick, light-colored tree branch. The owl on the left is an adult with brown and white mottled feathers and large, dark eyes. The owl on the right is a fluffy, downy chick with light brown and white feathers. The background is filled with green pine needles and branches, suggesting a forest setting. The word "Questions?" is written in green text across the middle of the image.

Questions?