



# Geomorphic Monitoring of the Patapsco River Following the Removal of the Simkins Dam, Patapsco River, Maryland

Graham C. Boardman

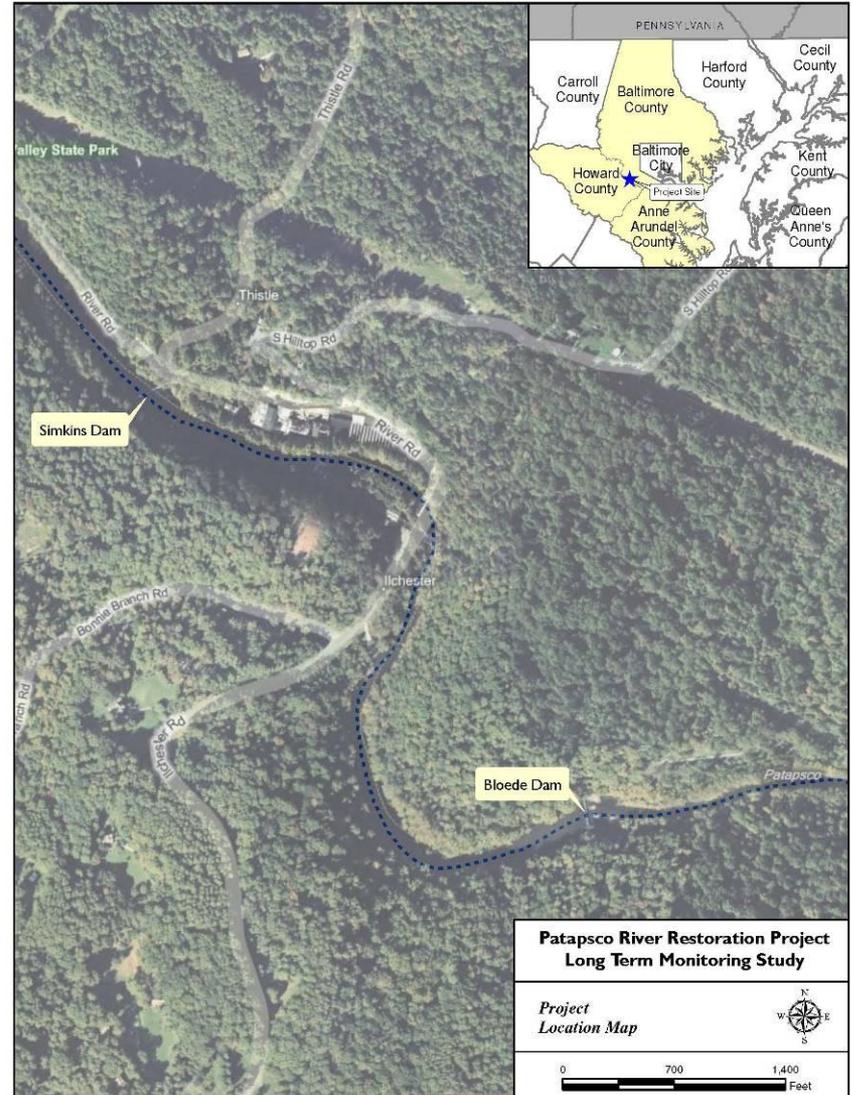


**McCormick  
Taylor**  
Engineers & Planners  
Since 1946



# Background

- Union Dam removed February/March, 2010
- Simkins Dam removed December, 2010
  - 10-foot high, 150-foot long concrete structure, trapping an estimated 110,000 cy of sediment
  - Passive sediment management
- Bloede Dam removal currently in the design phase
  - 34-foot high, 220-foot long concrete structure, trapping an estimated 90,000 cy of sediment



# Morphometric Monitoring

## Goals

- Track sediment transport from the Simkins Dam
- Determine areas of erosion and deposition
- Provide data for the adaptive management plan
- Confirm simulations provided by the DREAM-1 model
- Provide a tool to assist in public relations and aid future efforts

## Tools

- 31 Cross Sections
  - 2 Reference Reach Sections
  - 2 Union Dam Sections
  - 63,750 feet, 12 Miles
- 5 Digital Elevation Models (12,900 lf, 2.4 Miles)
- Facies and Site Mapping
- Grain Size Analysis
- >100 Permanent Photo Monitoring Sites
- Bathymetric Survey

Three year monitoring effort including two surveys per year with one event driven survey

# Simkins Dam

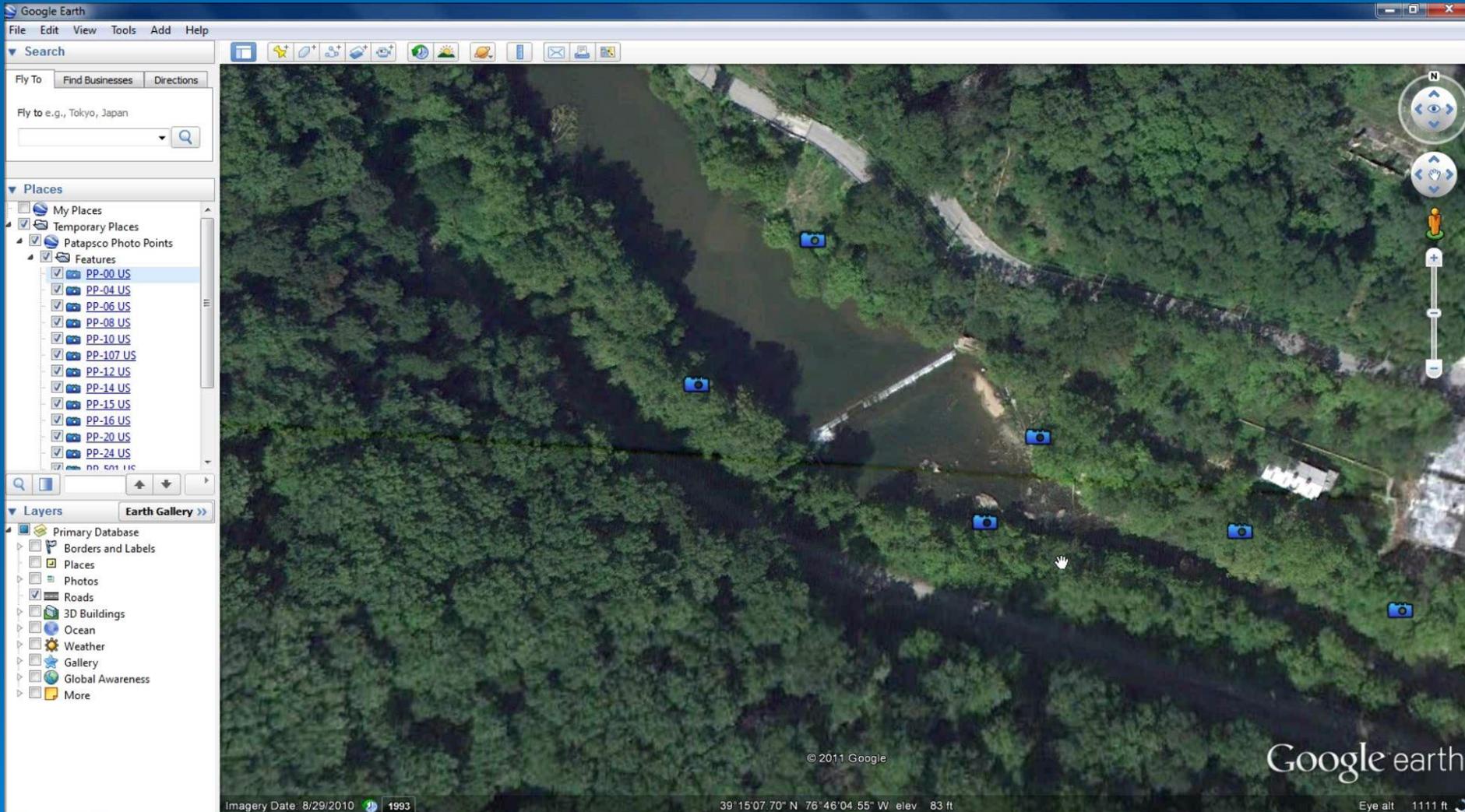


# Bloede Dam



Approximately 4350 feet downstream of the Simkins Dam

# Google Earth Photos



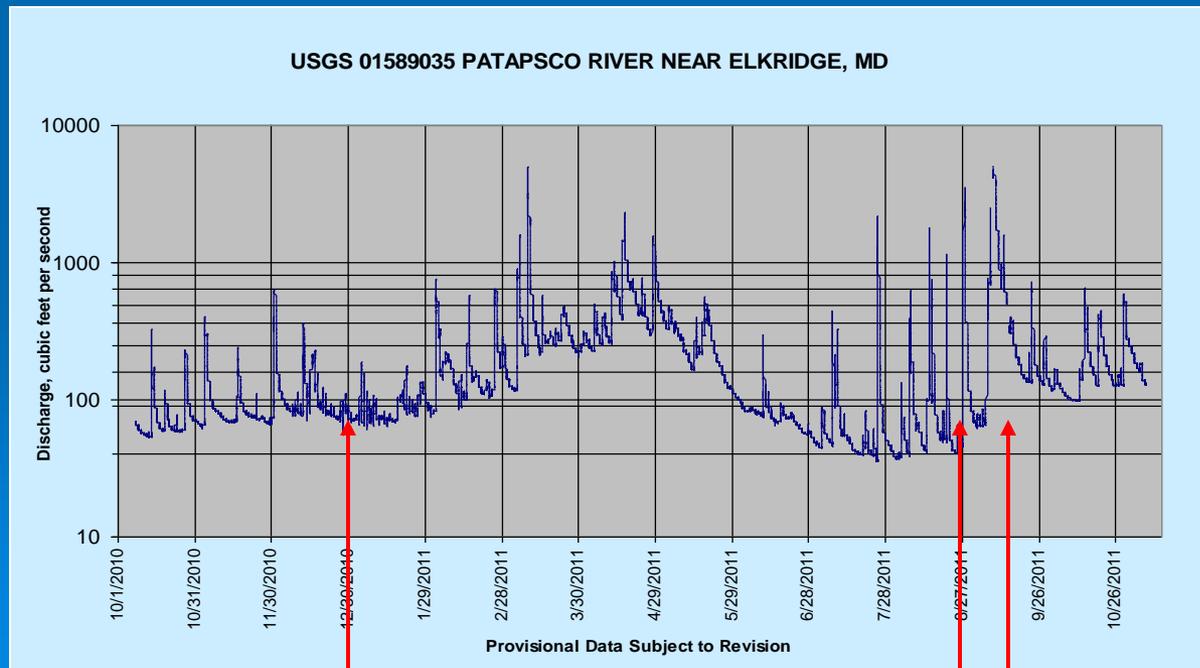
103 Benchmarked Photo Monitoring Sites including camera height and bearing

# Storm Events- Elkridge Gage

Approximately 3.5 river miles downstream of Simkins Dam

- 5010 cfs 3/10/11
- 3270 cfs 3/28/11
- 2500 cfs 7/25/11
- 2500 cfs 4/28/11
- 2300 cfs 4/17/11
- 2300 cfs 4/13/11
- 1600 cfs 3/7/11

9/8/11 TS Lee, Recorded as 16,600 cfs at Hollofield Gage



Dam Removal

Hurricane Irene/TS Lee

# Sediment Dispersal



Post Removal 2/13/11

# Sediment Dispersal



Approximately 2400 feet  
Downstream of the Simkins  
Dam



Before Removal 5/24/10

# Sediment Wedge



Post  
Removal  
6/10/11



## Bed Composition Changes

A photograph of a river in Fall 2010, before the removal of a culvert. The river is narrow and flows over a rocky bed. A concrete culvert is visible on the left side of the river, partially submerged. The surrounding area is densely wooded with green trees.

Pre-Removal Fall 2010

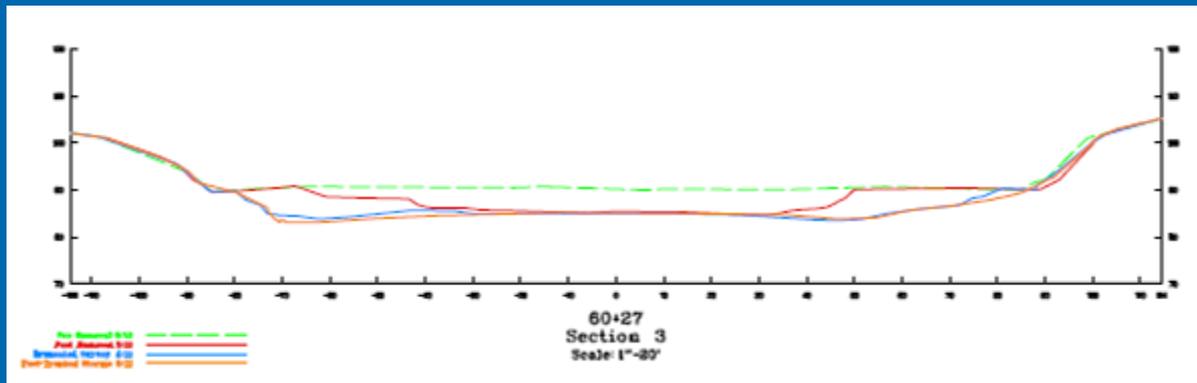
A photograph of the same river in Spring 2011, after the removal of the culvert. The river is wider and flows over a sandy and silty bed. The concrete culvert is now a large log floating in the water. The surrounding area is densely wooded with green trees.

Post-Removal Spring 2011

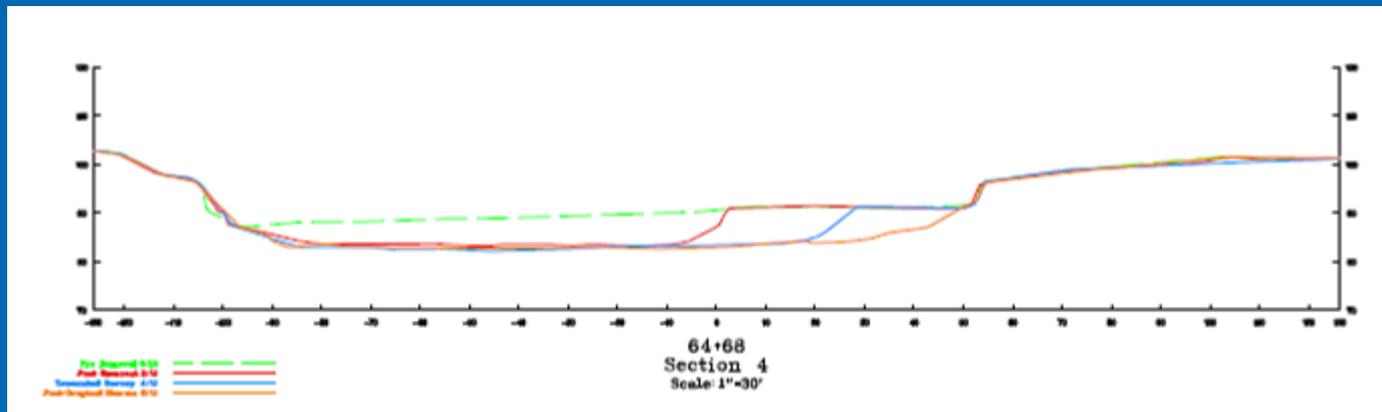
# Sediment Dispersal



Post Removal 4/11/11



RS 63600- 1000' US of Simkins Dam  
885.37 SF Net Cut

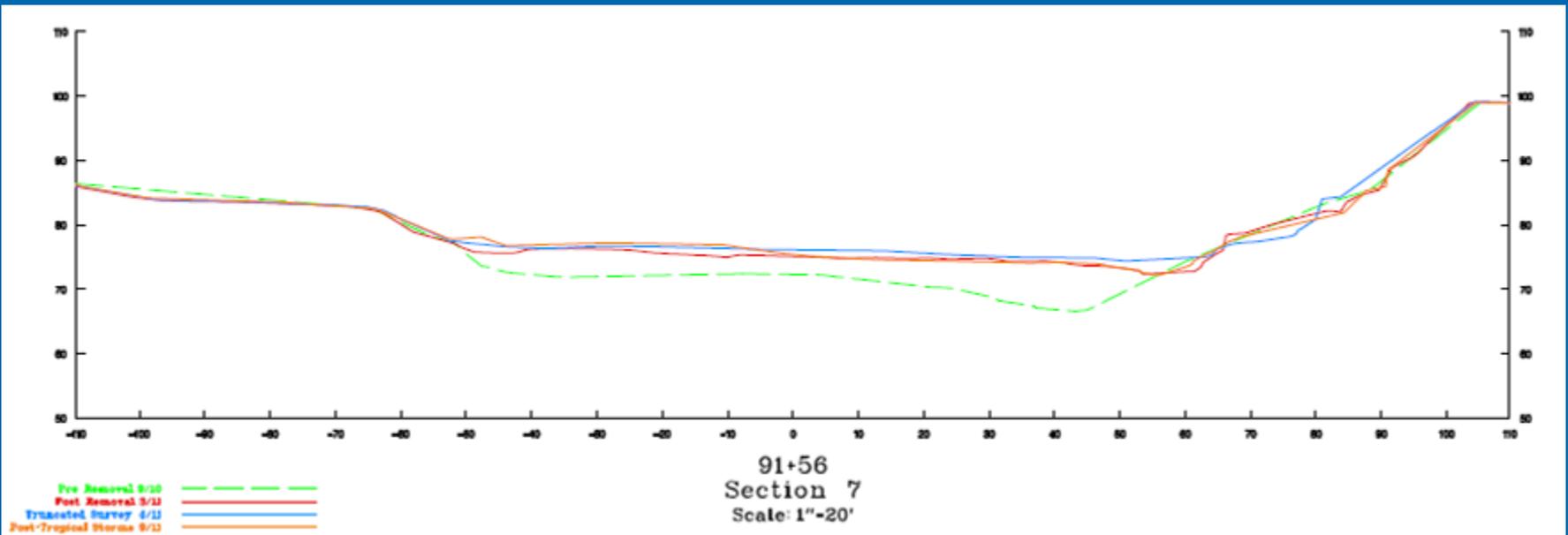


RS 63200- 600' US of Simkins Dam  
858.26 SF Net Cut

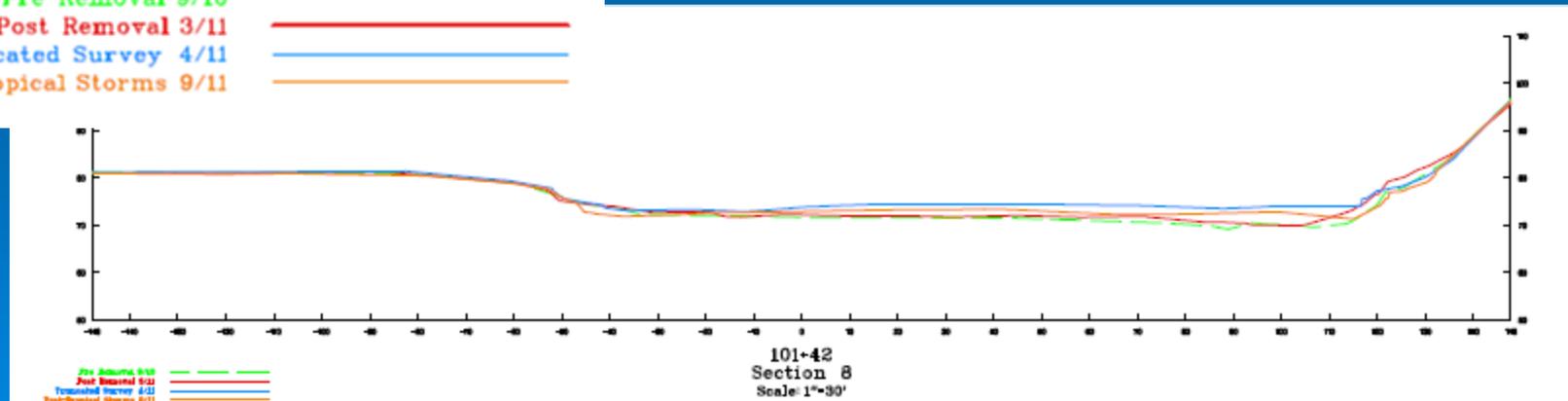




Channel downcutting  
and widening in  
Simkins  
Impoundment



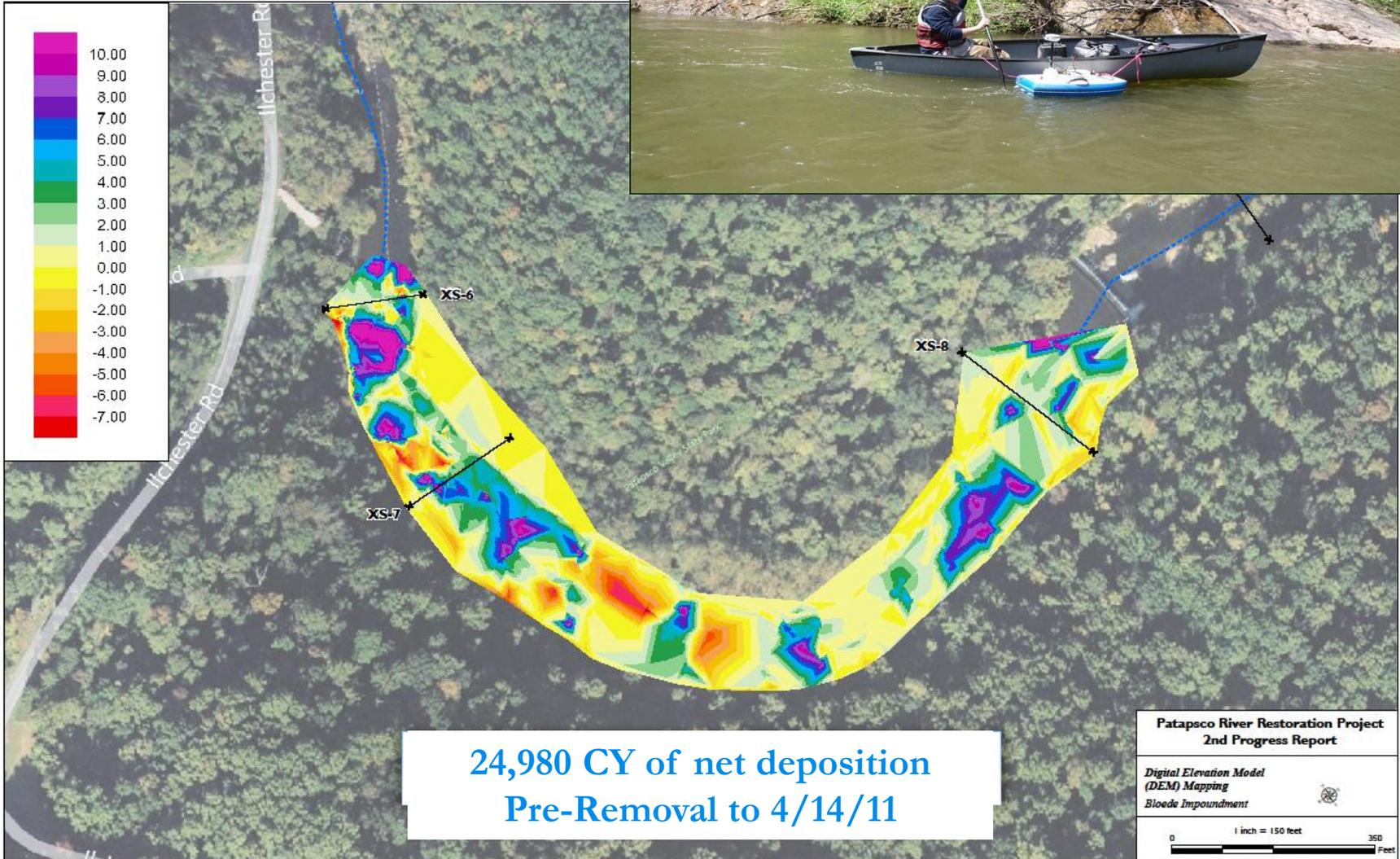
RS 59800- 2800' DS of Simkins Dam  
 1500' US of Bloede Dam  
 443.44 SF Net Fill



RS 58500- 4100' DS of Simkins Dam  
 200' US of Bloede Dam 450.91 SF Net Fill BUT Cut Post Storms



# Bloede DEM



24,980 CY of net deposition  
Pre-Removal to 4/14/11

Patapsco River Restoration Project  
2nd Progress Report

Digital Elevation Model  
(DEM) Mapping  
Bloede Impoundment

0 1 inch = 150 feet 350  
Feet

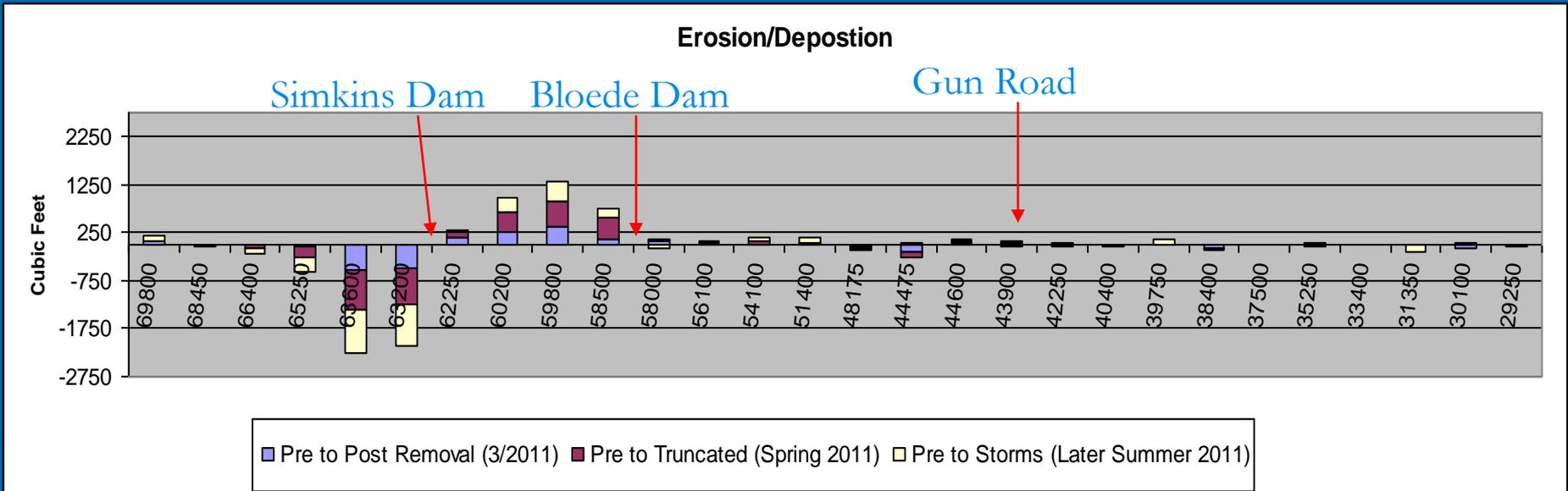
# Volumetric Channel Changes

(using Post Removal Survey: Pre Irene/Lee)

DEM Area	Station To	Station From	Area SY	Net Cut/Fill CY	Net Cut/Fill TONS	Survey Dates
Simkins	58400	60100	75901	<b>-41,799</b>	<b>-45,217</b>	September 2010 and April 2011
Bloede	62650	66300	38236	<b>24,980</b>	<b>28,710</b>	September 2010 and April 2011
DEM 1	48100	49150	19689	1,301	1,495	October 2010 and April 2011
DEM 2	42800	46700	71513	-115	-132	October 2010 and April 2011
DEM 3	37600	39000	36440	1,472	1,692	October 2010 and April 2011

Simkins Impoundment Estimate Pre-Removal- 110,000 cy

# Erosion and Deposition at Sections



# Simulating Sediment Transport in the Patapsco River following Dam Removal with Dam Removal Express Assessment Model-1 (DREAM-1)

Technical Report

January 2010

- Yantao Cui (Stillwater Sciences)
- 1-Dimensional model
- Simulate transport of non-cohesive fine sediment deposit (sand and silt)
- Historical pre-dam gravel beds treated as immobile
- Input Data
  - River Longitudinal Profile and Channel Width
  - Composition of Reservoir Deposit
  - Hydrology
  - Tidal Effect from Chesapeake Bay
  - Sediment Supply at Simkins Dam
  - Surface Gravel Median Size
- Zero Process Modeling: Simulate Current Conditions in the Project Area and Downstream



# Patapsco River Dam Removal DREAM-1 Simulation

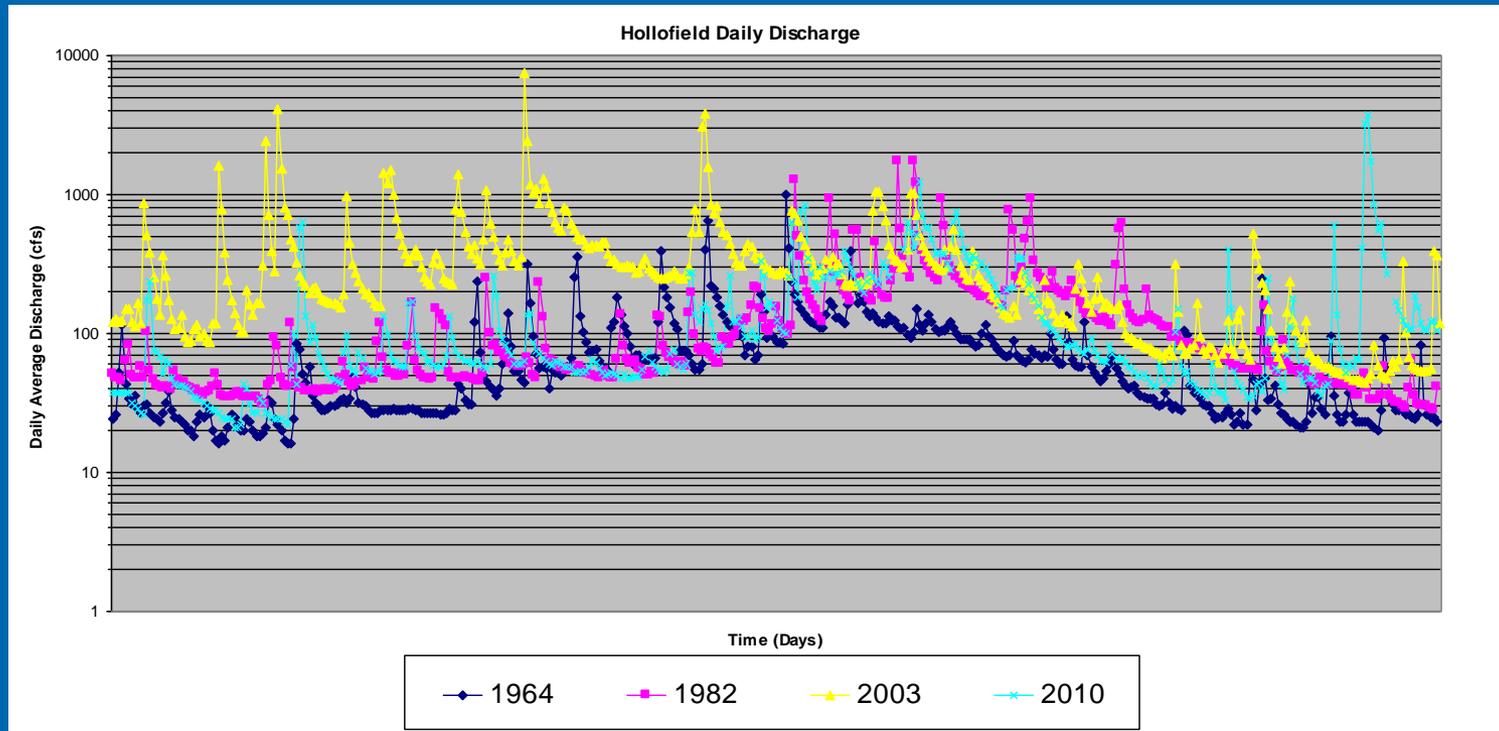


Figure 7. Patapsco River daily average discharge at USGS gauging station #01589000 for three typical water years (including two months [August and September] of previous water year).

Recurrence Interval (year)	Discharge (cfs)
1.2	2,300
1.5	3,500
2	5,100
5	11,400
10	18,200

Table 2. Annual peak flow for typical recurrence intervals in the Patapsco River, based on a log-Pearson III fit of annual peak flow series at USGS gauging station #01589000 for the period of 22 May 1944 through 30 September 2004.

# Patapsco River Dam Removal DREAM-1 Simulation

## Run 2 – Average Hydrologic Year

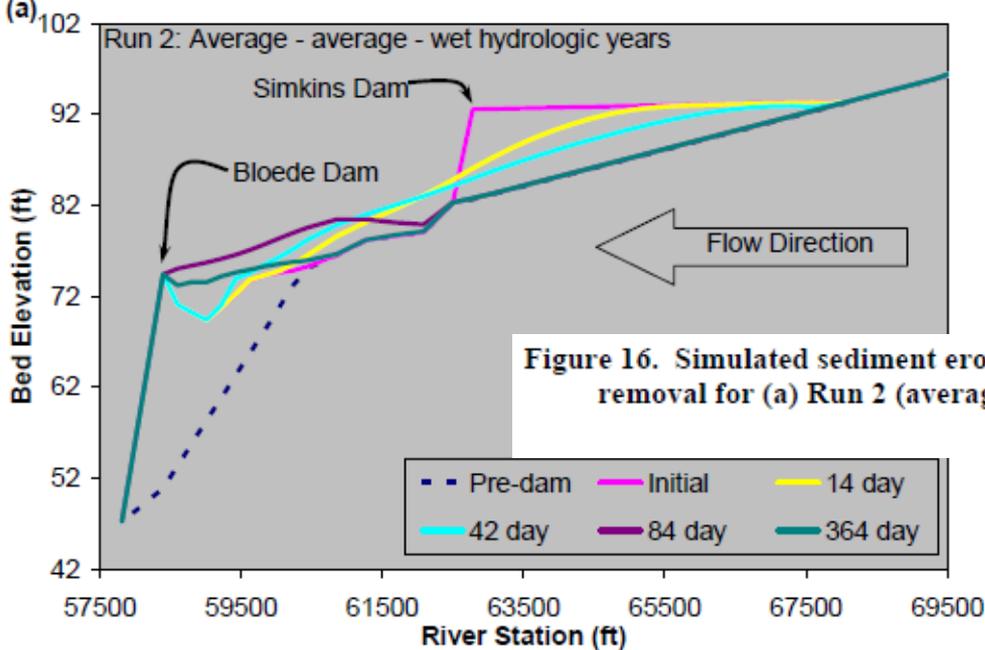
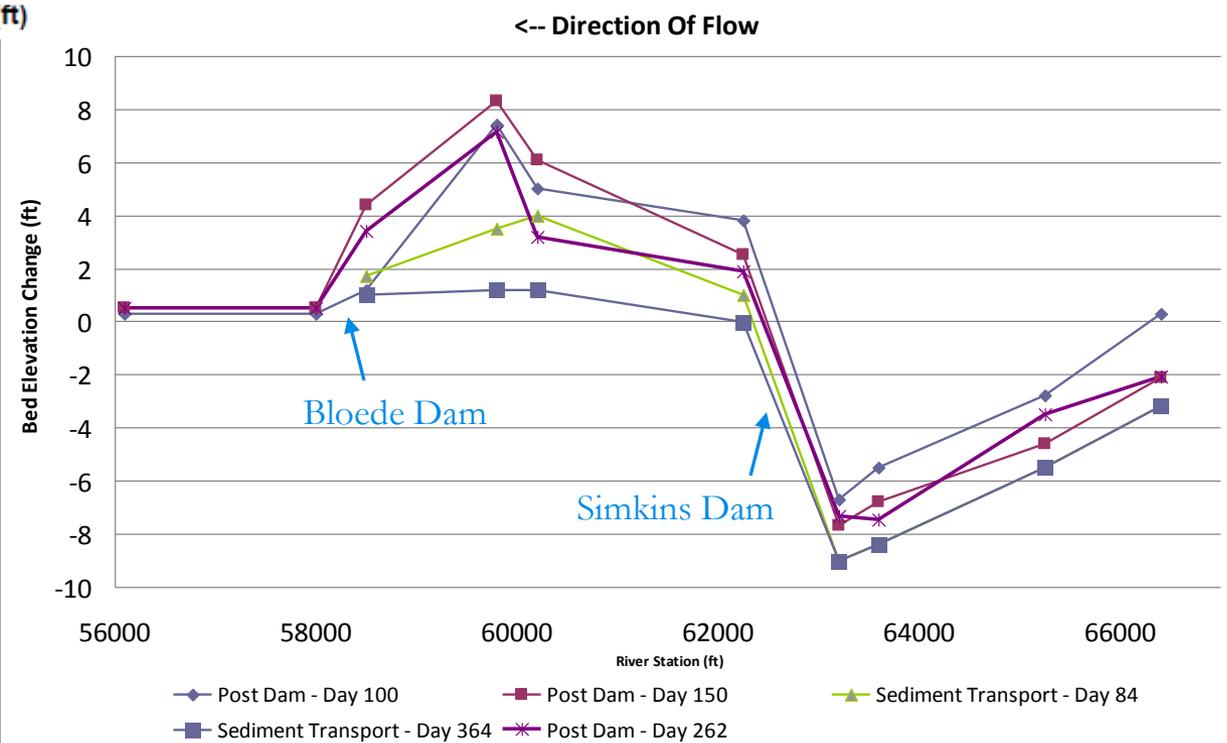


Figure 16. Simulated sediment erosion and deposition upstream of Bloede Dam following Simkins Dam removal for (a) Run 2 (average-average-wet year scenario); and (b) Run 3 (dry-average-wet year scenario).



# CONCLUSIONS

- Monitoring is to continue- Fall 2011 Complete- Next Spring 2012
- Work to complete Sediment Budget- Input? Gaps?
- Bloede Dam Removal design is underway
- Data/Analysis to be published and data eventually public



# Questions?

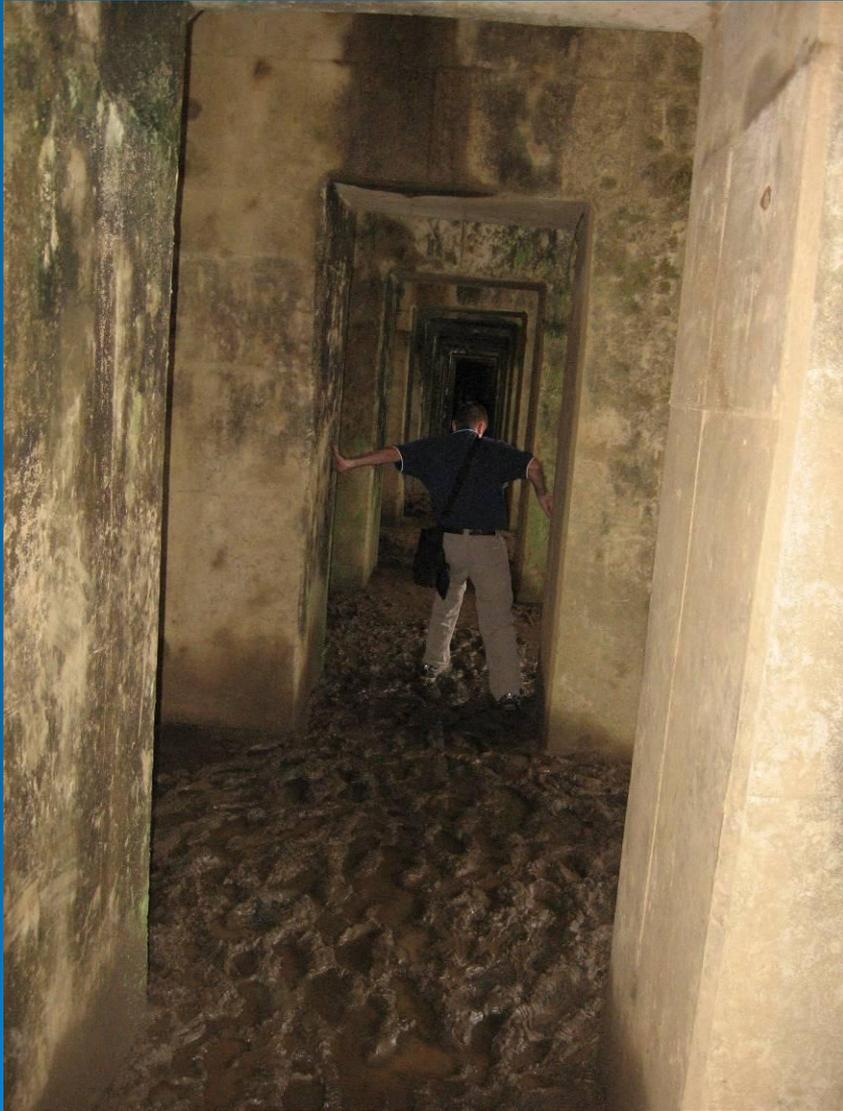


Photo: Nick Nelson

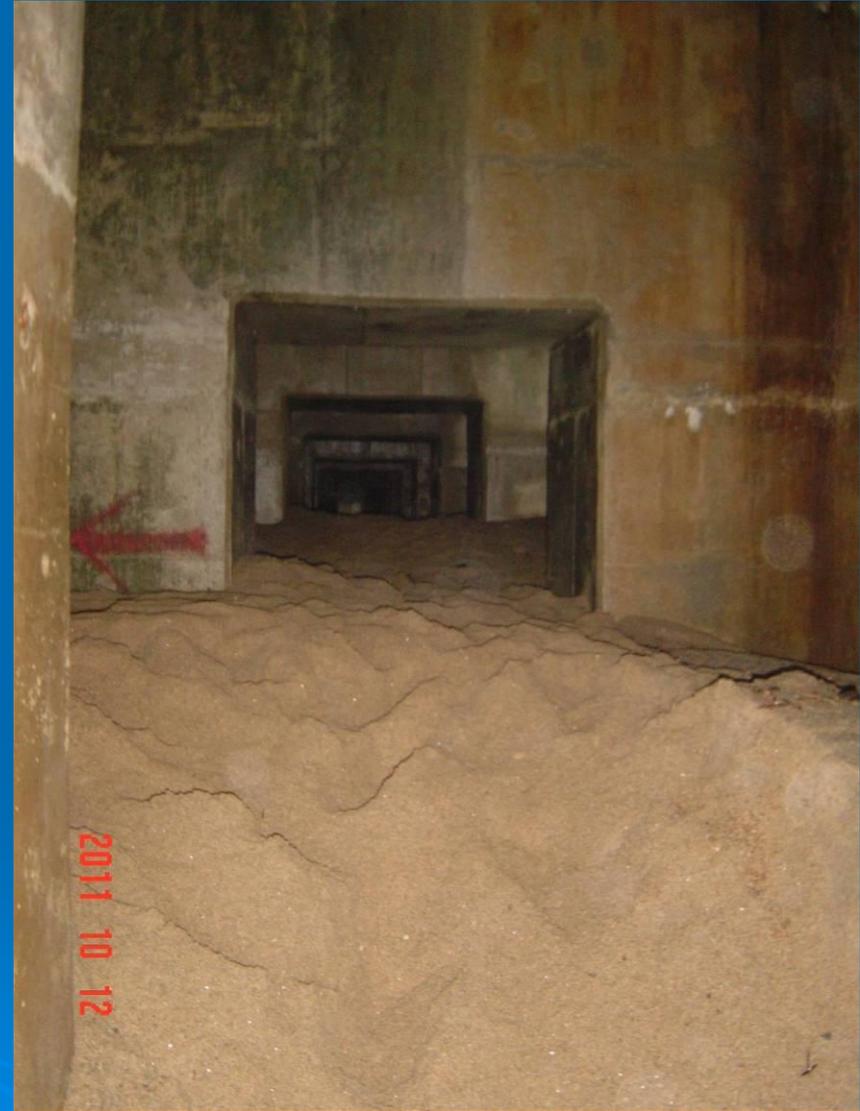


Photo: Charlie Wallis