WHEELER PEAK, NEW MEXICO - COLORADO

NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY

30 X 60 MINUTE SERIES (WETLANDS)

Wheeler Peak
NEW MEXICO - COLORADO

1:100 000 — Scale Map of

National Wetlands Inventory

- Wetland classifications
- Highways, roads and other manmade structures
- Water features
- Geographic names

FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE

1984

Produced by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Wetland classifications from 1:58,000 scale color infrared aerial photographs taken 1982 and other source data.

Projection and 10,000 meter, zone 13
Universal Transverse Mercator
25,000-foot grid ticks based on New Mexico coordinate system, central and east zones 1927 North American datum
To place on the predicted North American Datum 1963 move the projection line 1 meter north and 49 meters east

SPECIAL NOTE

This document was prepared primarily by stereoscopic analysis of high altitude aerial photographs. Wetlands were identified on the photographs based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography in accordance with *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States* (Anderson Cooter, et al. 1977). The aerial photographs typically reflect conditions during the specific year and season when they were taken. In addition, there is a margin of error inherent in the use of the aerial photographs. Thus, a detailed on the ground and historical analysis of a single site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries established through photographic interpretation. In addition, some small wetlands and those obscured by dense forest cover may not be included on the photographs.

Federal, State and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, State or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons should not apply this inventory to activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate Federal, State or local agencies concerning specific agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.

CONVERSION TABLE	
Meters	Feet
1	3.2808
2	6.5617
3	9.8425
4	13.1234
5	16.4042
6	19.6850
7	22.9659
8	26.2467
9	29.5276
10	32.8084

To convert meters to feet multiply by 3.2808

To convert feet to meters multiply by 0.3048

DECLINATION DIAGRAM

GN 0°18' 5 MILS; MN 11°33' 204 MILS

UTM grid convergence (GN) and 1983 magnetic declination (MN) at center of map

Diagram is approximate

ADJOINING MAPS

1	2	3
4		5
6	7	8

1. Antonito
2. Alamosa
3. Trinidad
4. Chama
5. Raton
6. Abiquiu
7. Taos
8. Springer

NOTES TO THE USER

- Wetlands which have been field examined are indicated on the map by an asterisk (*).
- Additions or corrections to the wetlands information displayed on this map are solicited. Please forward such information to the address indicated.
- Subsystems, Classes, Subclasses, and Water Regimes in *italics* were developed specifically for NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY mapping.
- Some areas designated as R4SB, R4SBW, OR R4SBJ (INTERMITTENT STREAMS) may not meet the definition of wetland.
- This map uses the class Unconsolidated Shore (US). On earlier NWI maps that class was designated Beach/Bar (BB), or Flat (FL). Subclasses remain the same in both versions.

Other information including a narrative report concerning the wetland resources depicted on this document may be available. For information, contact:

Regional Director (ARDE) Region II U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
P.O. Box 1306 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

SCALE 1:100 000

1 CENTIMETER ON THE MAP REPRESENTS 1 KILOMETER ON THE GROUND

WHEELER PEAK, NEW MEXICO - COLORADO
(NW ¼ of Raton 1:250,000)

SYSTEM: M — MARINE

SUBSYSTEM: 1 — SUBTIDAL
CLASS: RB — ROCK BOTTOM; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM; AB — AQUATIC BED; RF — REEF; OW — OPEN WATER/UNKNOWN BOTTOM
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic; AB: 1 Algal, 2 Rooted Vascular, 3 Floating Vascular, 4 Unknown Submergent; RF: 5 Coral, 6 Worm; OW: 7 Unknown Surface

SUBSYSTEM: 2 — INTERTIDAL
CLASS: AB — AQUATIC BED; RF — REEF; RS — ROCKY SHORE; US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE
Subclass: AB: 1 Algal, 2 Rooted Vascular, 3 Unknown Submergent; RF: 4 Coral, 5 Worm; RS: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; US: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic

SYSTEM: E — ESTUARINE

SUBSYSTEM: 1 — SUBTIDAL
CLASS: RB — ROCK BOTTOM; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM; AB — AQUATIC BED; RF — REEF; OW — OPEN WATER/UNKNOWN BOTTOM
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic; AB: 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 Unknown Submergent, 6 Unknown Surface; RF: 7 Coral, 8 Worm; OW: 9 Unknown Bottom

SUBSYSTEM: 2 — INTERTIDAL
CLASS: AB — AQUATIC BED; RF — REEF; SB — STREAMBED; RS — ROCKY SHORE; US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE; EM — EMERGENT; SS — SCRUB-SHRUB; FO — FORESTED
Subclass: AB: 1 Algal, 2 Eelgrass, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 Unknown Submergent, 6 Unknown Surface; RF: 7 Mollusk, 8 Worm; SB: 9 Cobble-Gravel, 10 Sand, 11 Mud, 12 Organic; RS: 13 Bedrock, 14 Rubble; US: 15 Cobble-Gravel, 16 Sand, 17 Mud, 18 Organic; EM: 19 Persistent, 20 Nonpersistent; SS: 21 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 22 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 23 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 24 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 25 Dead, 26 Deciduous, 27 Evergreen; FO: 28 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 29 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 30 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 31 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 32 Dead, 33 Deciduous, 34 Evergreen

SYSTEM: R — RIVERINE

SUBSYSTEM: 1 — TIDAL
CLASS: RB — ROCK; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic

SUBSYSTEM: 2 — LOWER PERENNIAL
CLASS: *RB — STREAMBED; AB — AQUATIC BED; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; AB: 1 Algal, 2 Aquatic Moss, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 Unknown Submergent, 6 Unknown Surface; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated

SUBSYSTEM: 3 — UPPER PERENNIAL
CLASS: RB — ROCKY SHORE; US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; US: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated

SUBSYSTEM: 4 — INTERMITTENT
CLASS: **RB — STREAMBED; US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; US: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated

SUBSYSTEM: 5 — UNKNOWN PERENNIAL
CLASS: ***EM — EMERGENT; OW — OPEN WATER/UNKNOWN BOTTOM
Subclass: EM: 2 Nonpersistent

*STREAMBED is limited to TIDAL and INTERMITTENT SUBSYSTEMS, and comprises the only CLASS in the INTERMITTENT SUBSYSTEM
**EMERGENT is limited to TIDAL and LOWER PERENNIAL SUBSYSTEMS. The remaining CLASSES are found in all SUBSYSTEMS

SYSTEM: P — PALUSTRINE

CLASS: RB — ROCK BOTTOM; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM; AB — AQUATIC BED; US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE; ML — MOSS-LICHEN; EM — EMERGENT; SS — SCRUB-SHRUB; FO — FORESTED
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic; AB: 1 Algal, 2 Aquatic Moss, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 Unknown Submergent, 6 Unknown Surface; US: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated; ML: 1 Moss, 2 Lichen; EM: 1 Persistent, 2 Nonpersistent; SS: 3 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 4 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 5 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 6 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 7 Dead; FO: 8 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 9 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 10 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 11 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 12 Dead, 13 Deciduous, 14 Evergreen

SYSTEM: L — LACUSTRINE

SUBSYSTEM: 1 — LIMNETIC
CLASS: RB — ROCK BOTTOM; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM; AB — AQUATIC BED; OW — OPEN WATER/UNKNOWN BOTTOM
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic; AB: 3 Algal, 4 Aquatic Moss, 5 Rooted Vascular, 6 Floating Vascular, 7 Unknown Submergent, 8 Unknown Surface; OW: 9 Unknown Bottom

SUBSYSTEM: 2 — LITTORAL
CLASS: RB — ROCK BOTTOM; UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM; AB — AQUATIC BED; US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE; EM — EMERGENT; OW — OPEN WATER/UNKNOWN BOTTOM
Subclass: RB: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble; UB: 1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic; AB: 3 Algal, 4 Aquatic Moss, 5 Rooted Vascular, 6 Floating Vascular, 7 Unknown Submergent, 8 Unknown Surface; US: 1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble, 3 Cobble-Gravel, 4 Sand, 5 Mud, 6 Organic, 7 Vegetated; EM: 2 Nonpersistent

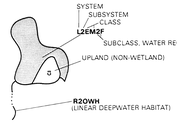
MODIFIERS

In order to more adequately describe wetland and deepwater habitats one or more of the water regime, water chemistry, soil, or special modifiers may be applied at the class or lower level in the hierarchy. The farmed modifier may also be applied to the ecological system.

WATER REGIME				WATER CHEMISTRY		pH Modifiers for all Fresh Water	SOIL	SPECIAL MODIFIERS	
Non-Tidal		Tidal		Coastal Salinity	Inland Salinity				
A. Temporarily Flooded	E. Saturated	K. Artificially Flooded	S. Temporary Tidal	1. Hyperhaline	1. Hyperhaline	4. Acid	a. Organic	b. Beaver	h. Diked/Impounded
B. Saturated	F. Seasonally Flooded	L. Intermittently Exposed	T. Semipermanent Tidal	2. Euhaline	2. Mixohaline	5. Circumneutral	b. Mineral	d. Partially Drained/Ditched	r. Artificial
C. Seasonally Flooded	G. Temporarily Flooded	M. Semipermanently Flooded	V. Permanent Tidal	3. Mixohaline oligohaline	3. Mesohaline	6. Alkaline		f. Farmed	s. Spoil
D. Temporarily Flooded	H. Intermittently Flooded	R. Seasonally Flooded	U. Intermittent Tidal	4. Polyhaline	4. Oligohaline	– Histic			x. Excavated
Intermittently Exposed	Tidal	S. Temporarily Flooded		5. Fresh	5. Fresh	– Alkaline			
		T. Semipermanently Flooded							
		U. Intermittently Exposed							

*These water regimes are units used in rapidly mix/unmixed, freshwater systems.

SYMBOLOGY EXAMPLE



DRAFT

u – Primarily represents **upland** areas, but may include unclassified wetlands such as man-modified areas, non photo-identifiable areas and/or unintentional omissions.