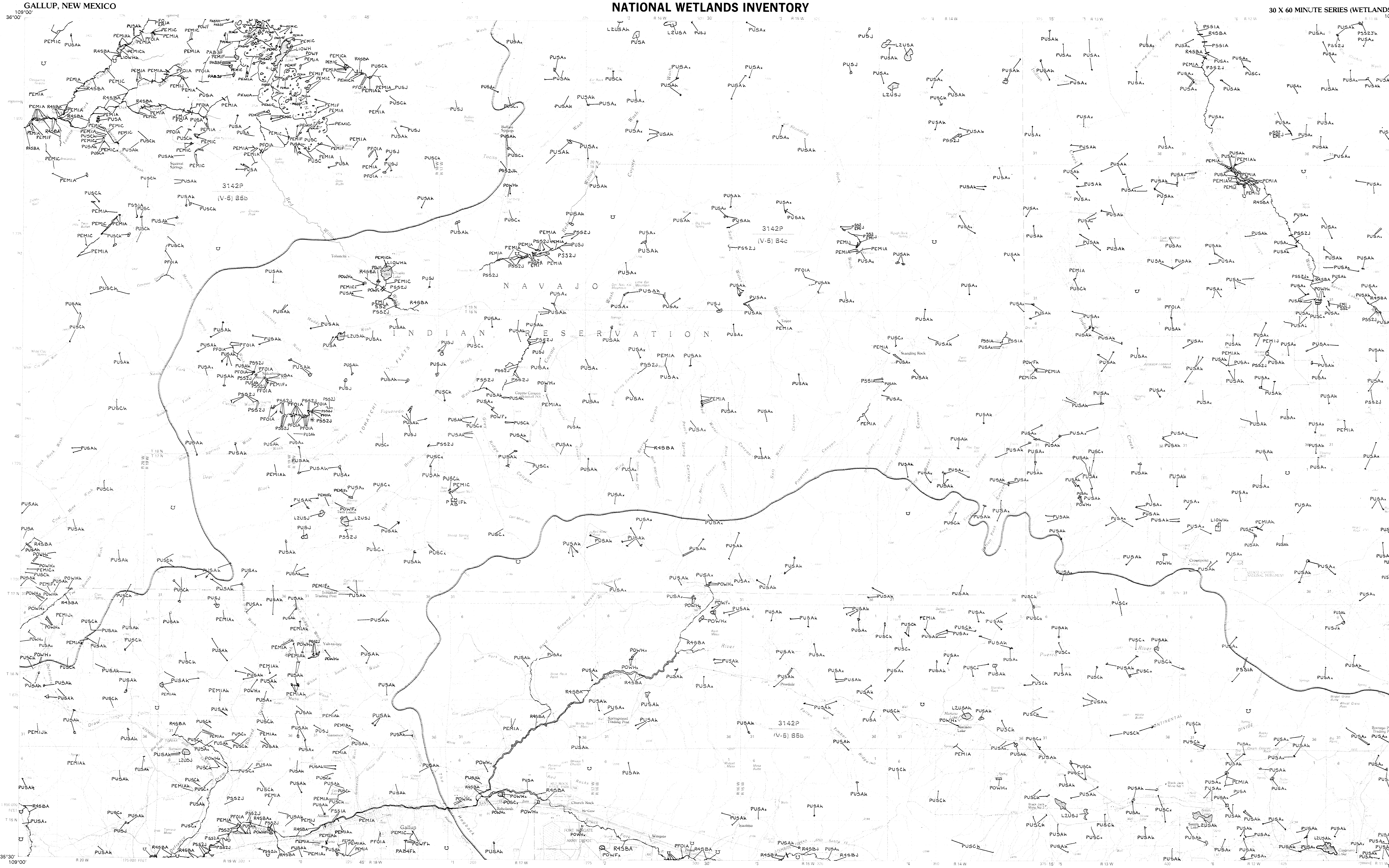
GALLUP, NEW MEXICO

NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY

30 X 60 MINUTE SERIES (WETLANDS)



KILOMETERS 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

MILES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

SCALE 1:100 000

1 CENTIMETER ON THE MAP REPRESENTS 1 KILOMETER ON THE GROUND

0 1000 5000 10 000 15 000 20 000 METERS

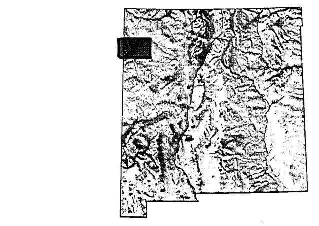
0 5000 10 000 15 000 20 000 25 000 30 000 35 000 40 000 45 000 50 000 55 000 60 000 65 000 FEET

GALLUP, NEW MEXICO
(NE ¼ of Gallup 1:250,000)

Gallup
NEW MEXICO

1:100 000 — Scale Map of

National Wetlands Inventory



- Wetland classifications
- Highways, roads and other manmade structures
- Water features
- Geographic names

FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE

1984

Produced by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Wetlands classifications from 1:58,000 scale color infrared aerial photographs taken 1980, 1981, 1983 and other source data.

Projection and 10 000-meter grid, zone 12
Universal Transverse Mercator
25 000-foot grid ticks based on New Mexico coordinate system, west zone. 1927 North American datum
To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983 move the projection lines 1 meter north and 57 meters east

SPECIAL NOTE

This document was prepared primarily by stereoscopic analysis of high altitude aerial photographs. Wetlands were identified on the photographs based on vegetation, visible hydrology, and geography in accordance with **Classification of Wetlands and Deep Water Habitats of the United States** (An Operational Draft) Cowardin, et al, 1977. The aerial photographs typically reflect conditions during the specific year and season when they were taken. In addition, there is a margin of error inherent in the use of the aerial photographs. Thus, a detailed on the ground and historical analysis of a single site may result in a revision of the wetland boundaries established through photographic interpretation. In addition, some small wetlands and those obscured by dense forest cover may not be included on this document.

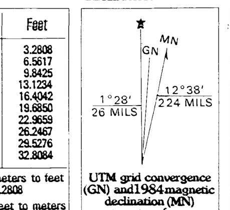
Federal, State and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, State or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate Federal, State or local agencies concerning specific agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.

CONVERSION TABLE

Meters	Feet
1	3.2808
2	6.5617
3	9.8425
4	13.1234
5	16.4042
6	19.6850
7	22.9659
8	26.2467
9	29.5276
10	32.8084

To convert meters to feet multiply by 3.2808
To convert feet to meters multiply by 0.3048

DECLINATION DIAGRAM



UTM grid convergence (GN) and 1984 magnetic declination (MN) at center of map
Diagram is approximate

ADJOINING MAPS

1	2	3
4		5
6	7	8

1. Canyon De Chelly
2. Toadlena
3. Chaco Canyon
4. Ganado
5. Chaco Mesa
6. Sanders
7. Zuni
8. Grants

NOTES TO THE USER

- Wetlands which have been field examined are indicated on the map by an asterisk (*).
- Additions or corrections to the wetlands information displayed on this map are solicited. Please forward such information to the address indicated.
- Subsystems, Classes, Subclasses, and Water Regimes in *italics* were developed specifically for NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY mapping.
- Some areas designated as R4SB, R4SBW, OR R4SBJ (INTERMITTENT STREAMS) may not meet the definition of wetland.
- This map uses the class Unconsolidated Shore (US). On earlier NWI maps that class was designated Beach/Bar (BB), or Flat (FL). Subclasses remain the same in both versions.

Other information including a narrative report concerning the wetland resources depicted on this document may be available. For information, contact:

Regional Director (ARDE) Region II U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
P.O. Box 1306 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

M — MARINE

1 — SUBTIDAL: RB — ROCK BOTTOM (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 3 Rooted Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*); RF — REEF (1 Coral, 3 Worm); OW — *OPEN WATER/Unknown Bottom*

2 — INTERTIDAL: AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 3 Rooted Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*); RF — REEF (1 Coral, 3 Worm); RS — ROCKY SHORE (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic)

E — ESTUARINE

1 — SUBTIDAL: RB — ROCK BOTTOM (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*, 6 *Unknown Surface*); RF — REEF (2 Mollusc, 3 Worm); OW — *OPEN WATER/Unknown Bottom*

2 — INTERTIDAL: AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*, 6 *Unknown Surface*); RF — REEF (2 Mollusc, 3 Worm); SB — STREAMBED (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); RS — ROCKY SHORE (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); EM — EMERGENT (1 Persistent, 2 Nonpersistent); SS — SCRUB-SHRUB (1 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 2 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 3 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 4 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 5 Dead, 6 *Deciduous*, 7 *Evergreen*); FO — FORESTED (1 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 2 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 3 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 4 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 5 Dead, 6 *Deciduous*, 7 *Evergreen*)

L — LACUSTRINE

1 — LIMNETIC: RB — ROCK BOTTOM (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 2 Aquatic Moss, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*, 6 *Unknown Surface*); OW — *OPEN WATER/Unknown Bottom*

2 — LITTORAL: RB — ROCK BOTTOM (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 2 Aquatic Moss, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*, 6 *Unknown Surface*); RS — ROCKY SHORE (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated); EM — EMERGENT (2 Nonpersistent); OW — *OPEN WATER/Unknown Bottom*

R — RIVERINE

SUBSYSTEM: 1 — TIDAL; 2 — LOWER PERENNIAL; 3 — UPPER PERENNIAL; 4 — INTERMITTENT; 5 — UNKNOWN PERENNIAL

CLASS: RB — ROCK (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); *SB — STREAMBED (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble, 3 Cobble-Gravel, 4 Sand, 5 Mud, 6 Organic, 7 Vegetated); AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 2 Aquatic Moss, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*, 6 *Unknown Surface*); RS — ROCKY SHORE (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated); **EM — EMERGENT (2 Nonpersistent); OW — *OPEN WATER/Unknown Bottom*

*STREAMBED is limited to TIDAL and INTERMITTENT SUBSYSTEMS, and comprises the only CLASS in the INTERMITTENT SUBSYSTEM.
**EMERGENT is limited to TIDAL and LOWER PERENNIAL SUBSYSTEMS. The remaining CLASSES are found in all SUBSYSTEMS.

P — PALUSTRINE

RB — ROCK BOTTOM (1 Bedrock, 2 Rubble); UB — UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic); AB — AQUATIC BED (1 Algal, 2 Aquatic Moss, 3 Rooted Vascular, 4 Floating Vascular, 5 *Unknown Submergent*, 6 *Unknown Surface*); US — UNCONSOLIDATED SHORE (1 Cobble-Gravel, 2 Sand, 3 Mud, 4 Organic, 5 Vegetated); ML — MOSS-LICHEN (1 Moss, 2 Lichen); EM — EMERGENT (1 Persistent, 2 Nonpersistent); SS — SCRUB-SHRUB (1 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 2 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 3 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 4 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 5 Dead, 6 *Deciduous*, 7 *Evergreen*); FO — FORESTED (1 Broad-Leaved Deciduous, 2 Needle-Leaved Deciduous, 3 Broad-Leaved Evergreen, 4 Needle-Leaved Evergreen, 5 Dead, 6 *Deciduous*, 7 *Evergreen*); OW — *OPEN WATER/Unknown Bottom*

MODIFIERS

In order to more adequately describe wetland and deepwater habitats one or more of the water regime, water chemistry, soil, or special modifiers may be applied at the class or lower level in the hierarchy. The farmed modifier may also be applied to the ecological system.

WATER REGIME

Non-Tidal: A Temporarily Flooded; B Saturated; C Seasonally Flooded; D *Seasonally Flooded/Well Drained*; E *Seasonally Flooded/Saturated*; F Semipermanently Flooded; G Intermittently Exposed; H Permanently Flooded; J Intermittently Flooded; K Artificially Flooded; W Intermittently Flooded/Temporary; Y Saturated/Semipermanent/Seasonal; Z Intermittently Exposed/Permanent; U Unknown

Tidal: K *Artificially Flooded*; L Subtidal; M Irregularly Exposed; N Regularly Flooded; P Irregularly Flooded; *S Temporary-Tidal; *R Seasonal-Tidal; *T Semipermanent-Tidal; *V Permanent-Tidal; U *Unknown*

*These water regimes are only used in tidally influenced, freshwater systems.

WATER CHEMISTRY

Coastal Halinity: 1 Hyperhaline; 2 Euhaline; 3 Mixohaline *(Brackish)*; 4 Polyhaline; 5 Mesohaline; 6 Oligohaline; 0 Fresh

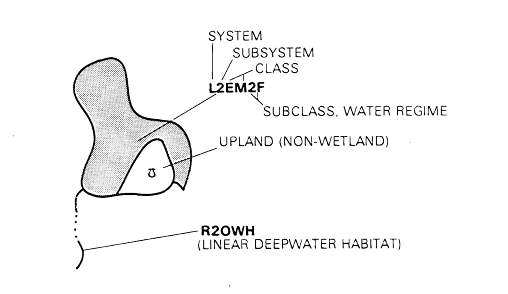
Inland Salinity: 7 Hypersaline; 8 Eusaline; 9 Mixosaline; 0 Fresh

pH Modifiers for all Fresh Water: a Acid; t Circumneutral; i Alkaline

SOIL: g Organic; n Mineral

SPECIAL MODIFIERS: b *Beaver*; d *Partially Drained/Ditched*; f Farmed; h *Diked/Impounded*; r Artificial Substrate; s *Spoil*; x Excavated

SYMBOLOGY EXAMPLE



℧ — Primarily represents **upland** areas, but may include unclassified wetlands such as man-modified areas, non photo-identifiable areas and/or unintentional omissions.